INSURANCE
Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

REGD. NO. B. 1035

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

PRICE ONE ANNA
REGD. NO. B. 1065

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

INSURANCE
SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

VOL. XXII NO. 195 BOMBAY FRIDAY, AUGUST 17, 1934 TWELVE PAGES

MAHATMA'S CALL TO CONGRESSMEN

Expects Them To Obey Nation's Mandate

ELECTION CAMPAIGN LAUNCHED

Chamanlal & Dunichand Will Contest From Punjab

CAWNPORE, Aug. 16.

Gandhiji has wired as follows to Mr. Mohanlal Saksena on the eve of the opening of the election campaign of the Parliamentary Board in the U. P.

"Hope all Congressmen will respect the Congress mandate."—A. P.

CHOICE FROM PUNJAB

Diwan Chamanlal, Bar-at-Law, ex-member of the Legislative Assembly, has been nominated as Congress candidate for the Assembly from Rawalpindi division. The other Congress nominees from the Punjab are Lala Dunichand (from Jullunder) and Lala Shamlal (from Rohtak).—A. P.

Plea For Internal Purity

WITHOUT IT CONGRESS AS POWERFUL ORGANISATION WILL PERISH, SAYS GANDHIJI

WARDHAGANJ, Aug. 16.

In a press interview Gandhiji said:—

"If you ask me whether I have thought anything about the Congress during the seven days of my fast, I can say, as I have stated in the columns of the Harijan, I have constantly thought of Congressmen. I was not thinking in terms of politics and, therefore, not of what the Congress had to gain in the way of Independence, but I was concentrating on the great necessity of achieving internal purity.

CORRECT METHODS.

Letters have been coming to me from Congressmen confirming my fears about the corrupt methods that have crept into Congress ranks over Congress elections and the like. Now I wished during all the seven days that I was lying on my bed, that every man and woman belonging to the Congress would realise that he or she was in it not in order to mount to office and fame, but to render mute service to the country! I cannot understand mutual mudflinging and violence of speech towards one another.

SPIRIT OF DISCIPLINE.

Civil disobedience is certainly not for those who have not learnt the art of voluntary obedience to law even when it is irksome. This elementary principle seems to have been altogether forgotten, or else one could not witness the spirit of indiscipline and disobedience of laws and rules which we have ourselves enacted and to which we have voluntarily pledged ourselves to render obedience.

PRIME NECESSITY.

For me, therefore, every other thing has paled into insignificance before this prime necessity of achieving internal purity, for I do feel that just as without purity of Harijan workers, untouchability would not be removed, so also do I feel that the Congress as a powerful national organisation will perish unless it is sustained by the internal purity of those who compose that organisation. At present I have no other message to give for my mind is still pre-occupied with this predominant feeling."—A. P.

MAHATMA EXPLAINS OBJECT OF FAST

MADRAS, Aug. 16.

"The fast was primarily and nominally intended as a penance for the hurt caused to Swami Lalnath and his friends at Ajmer at the hands of sympathisers with the movement, but in reality it was a call to all workers and sympathisers to be most exact and correct in approaching their opponents," says Mahatma Gandhi in the course of an article in the current issue of "Harijan." He adds:

"The utmost consideration and courtesy shown to them is the best propaganda for the movement. The fast was taken up to impress upon workers the truth that we can only win over opponents by love and never by hate.

Hate is the subtlest form of violence. We cannot be really non-violent and yet have hate in us. The dullest brain cannot fail to perceive that it is impossible by violence to wean millions of caste Hindus from the evil of untouchability which they hitherto been taught to regard as an article of faith."—A. P.

SITE FOR CONGRESS SESSIONS

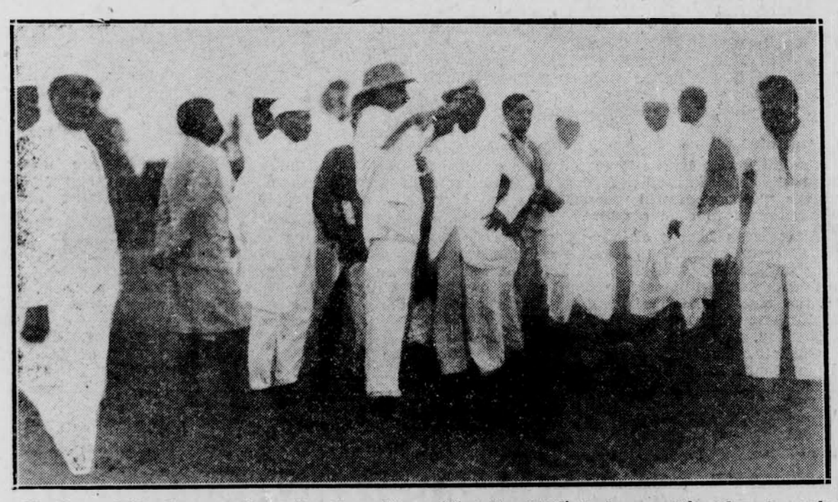
The Congress Site at the Worli Seaface has been leased by the Bombay Municipality to the Congress Reception Committee at a nominal rent of Re. 1 per day. The other terms and conditions are considered extremely fair and reasonable.

The request to lease the Plot was made only on Thursday morning and within two hours the Deputy Municipal Commissioner (Improvements) acceded to it.

MAHATMA TAKES A WALK

WARDHAGANJ, Aug. 16.

Mahatma Gandhi, it is understood, is progressing. To-day he took a diet of vegetables and oranges. After meals he was walking on the terrace also. Guests have begun coming in. Mr. Thakkar visited the Harijan school.—A.P.



Members of the Congress Reception Committee visited the Worli Seaface on Thursday, to select the Site for the Congress Sessions. Picture shows Mr. Nariman and other leaders, chatting with the Officer-in-Charge of the Development Chawls, who is showing the Plot to them.

"Conspiracy" To Sabotage Harijan Bill

Sanatanists Ally With Govt. Whips?

(From Our Special Correspondent)

SIMLA, Aug. 16.

If the lobby gossip is to be believed, there was a "Conspiracy" between the Sanatanists and Government whips to prevent the Temple Entry Bill being reached. That is why Mr. Raghbir Singh who had no intention of moving his Bill to protect the sale of minor girls, moved it.

Long speeches by some members and one by the Home Member is given as proof of this alliance. However, even if the Chair wished to give a chance to the Temple Entry Bill, it could not do so, as not only the debate had not concluded by 5 p.m. but the departure of the Acting Viceroy from Simla was fixed for quarter past five, and the Executive Councillors were to be in time for that.

Visitors were disappointed in not hearing the debate on the Temple Entry Bill, but they had some compensation in the fact that both the bills discussed today led to an interesting debate.

Mr. Amarnath Dutt's "consistency and persistence" as the Home Member described it, brought up again the question of the repeal of the Bengal Regulation.

In 1924, the Assembly had passed a resolution urging its repeal. Three years later, the Assembly rejected the repealing bill. It repeated that verdict to-day.

Arguments were naturally time worn on both sides, except that non-officials had a stronger plea based on the fact that the number of anti-terrorist laws made the Regulation unnecessary.

CRAIK SCORES

The Home Member's speech certainly outshone others to-day. Sir Henry Craik spoke most tactfully and by a little witty remark here, and a smile there, disarmed his opponents.

Unlike his predecessor who used to flare up at Mr. Neogy's frontal attacks, Sir Henry complemented Mr. Neogy as a speaker "to his liking" who was frank and courteous.

Mr. Neogy had called Sir Henry "diehard" but the latter said it was not so, and when Mr. Neogy said it was only a difference in variety, Sir Henry rejoined "in the coming months and years when Mr. Neogy will be associated with me in the Assembly, he will see that it is not so."

TRYING CRAIK AFTER HAIG

Sir Henry Craik certainly produced a good effect, especially when he said "My Hon'ble friend Mr. Dutt thinks" I have not had much success with Haig, let me try with Craik."

Again while paying a tribute to Mr. Neogy as possessing a subtler brain than himself, Sir Henry borrowing a simille from golf said "I feel that although I am going to be defeated, yet I hope that my game is going to be improved."

In a similar view, he referred to the attack on him by a Nationalist newspaper of the Punjab which wrote "all we know about him is that he is every bit as reactionary as his predecessor and has none of his parliamentary gifts."

"As regards the latter," said Sir Henry "I am painfully conscious of it, but as for the first part, it seems to me to be begging the question both as regards my predecessor and myself. Honestly I think that I cannot be accused of being a die-hard, at least, I hope not."

SAVE OUR CHILDREN

Read Mr. K. F. Nariman's Article On Page 6.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

SIMLA, Aug. 16.

Non-official Bills including the Temple Entry Bill appeared on the Agenda Paper in the Assembly to-day.

When the House met Mr. Kabiruddin Ahmed was cheered for leaving his lobby haunts and taken his seat in the House.

"REPEAL REGULATION"

Discussion was resumed on Mr. Amarnath Dutt's bill to Repeal the Bengal Regulation III of 1818.

Mr. Mitra said that Mr. Metcalfe had stated that the Regulation was used to the extent of 75 per cent in cases connected with foreign political relations. Mr. Mitra had asked for a statement about such prisoners ten days ago but the statement had not been made so that he could

(Continued on page 10)

JAWAHAR MAY NOT BE SENT BACK TO JAIL

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 16.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru told your correspondent that there has been no change for the better or worse in his wife's condition. Her temperature generally rises in the evening. Dr. Bidhanchandra Roy who had come from Calcutta to examine her has left Allahabad after issuing a bulletin.

Pandit Nehru has not received any communication from the Government so far whether or not he will be allowed to remain outside jail after the expiry of four days as mentioned in the press messages.

It is considered likely here that he will not be sent back to jail, If at all, not now.

ORDER MAY BE SERVED TO-DAY

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 16.

The four days' period of the release of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru expires to-day, but no orders have been received yet from the Government. It is, however, reliably understood that orders will be passed after ten to-morrow morning.—A. P.

KAMALA NEHRU'S CONDITION WORSE

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 16.

The latest bulletin regarding Mrs. Kamala Nehru shows that her temperature to-day rose to 101.8 degrees, which was higher than the previous day's. In the afternoon and evening she had severe pain on the left side. Otherwise her condition was generally as it was yesterday.—A.P.

SETH JAMNALAL UNDERGOES OPERATION

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj was successfully operated upon for ear trouble (mastoid) at the Poly Clinic on Thursday.

The operation was performed by Dr. T. O. Shah and occupied nearly an hour and a half.

Dr. Shah said that his patient stood the operation well and his condition was satisfactory. Seth Jamnalal will have to remain in the hospital for nearly a month.

Trivandrum, Aug. 16.—Official business in the budget session of the Sri Chitra State Council concluded this evening. All demands were granted. The Session concludes on Saturday.—A.P.

Volunteers Have No Party Politics

City Must Set Example In Discipline, Says Jairamdas

OFFICERS' TRAINING CAMP OPENED

"Controversies may be raging round you, but your duty is simple and clear. You have to carry out the duties entrusted to you without entering into any kind of party politics."

Set Example In Discipline

"Forget for the time being that you are interested in Congress politics as much as any delegate and remember you belong to the Volunteer organisation. I hope you will set an example to the whole country in discipline and service."

Officers' Training Camp

Thus declared Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, General Secretary of the Indian National Congress addressing the cadets selected to undergo officers' training on Thursday evening at the Congress House.

Eighty would-be officers who will command the entire volunteer organisation during the ensuing Congress Session in Bombay participated in the first public function in connection with the next session at the Congress House Compound on Thursday evening.

The occasion was the opening of the Officers' Training Camp. Clad in khakhi shorts, white shirts and white caps the would-be officers of the Volunteer Force put up a smart show.

In declaring the Camp open Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, General Secretary of the A.I.C.C., hoped that Bombay Volunteers would set a fine example to the whole country in discipline and service. He described the Congress volunteer organisation as a non-violent army pledged to the service of the people.

Mr. Yusuf Meherally, the G.O.C. and Mr. Abid Ali Jafferbhai of the volunteers welcomed Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram while Mr. Ekambar Iyer was in command of the Cadets selected for training.

Among those present at the function were Mr. K. F. Nariman, Mr. S. A. Brelvi, Mr. Nagindas Master, Mr. S K Patil, Mr. Mulraj Karsondas, Dr. Hardikar, Jinabhai Joshi and S K Pupala.

The Training Camp will continue for 20 days.

about 20 days.

MR. NARIMAN'S SPEECH

Mr. K. F. Nariman, Chairman of the Reception Committee, in requesting Mr. Jairamdas to declare the camp open said that it was the first public function connected with the historic session of the Congress to be held in Bombay. It was their good fortune that they were able to secure Mr. Jairamdas, the General Secretary of the A. I. C. C., to preside over the function. He asked the volunteers to realise that they were undertaking a great responsibility and the success of the next session depended very largely on their ability to serve.

MAINTAIN BOMBAY'S REPUTATION.

Mr. Jairamdas had taken a prominent part in the Karachi Congress and, therefore, his advice would be of great value to the volunteers. In the opinion of the speaker the first duty of the volunteers should be to observe discipline and implicit obedience to orders. They should take a pledge not only to maintain discipline, but never to question the orders given to them. "In your hand lies the reputation of this great City. Bombay has earned a reputation for service and sacrifice. You must maintain that reputation," he concluded.

Mr. JAIRAMDAS' SPEECH

In declaring the Camp open Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram said: "I regard it a matter of privilege that I should be associated with the opening of the Officers' Camp which happens to be the very first function in connection with the coming session of the Congress in Bombay. The volunteers and also their officers are men of action and they do not much believe in speech. I propose, therefore, to follow the same example of volunteers and be very brief in my speech, but I expect that the few words which I will say on this occasion will go down in your minds and in the coming three months, you will endeavour to carry out what I am placing before you not as Secretary of the Congress, but as a co-worker in the coming session.

SET EXAMPLE FOR COUNTRY.

"My friend Mr. Nariman has just said that the first essential characteristic of a volunteer is his sense of discipline and the reason why I regard it a privilege to be associated with to-day's function is that I expect, hope and wish that the officers who are standing before me to-day and who will be undergoing training

(Continued on page 8)

MORE CONGRESS R. C. MEMBERS

The following is the further list of persons enrolled as members of the Congress Reception Committee:—

939 Sjt. Yousuf Ebrahim Pardawala.
940 Smt. Vimmabai M. Pandya
941 Sjt. Khetsey Vijpar Mehta.
942 Sjt. Kuverji Keshavjee Vora.
943 Sjt. Natverlal Dhirajlal
944 Sjt. Mayashankar M. Bhatt.
945 Sjt. Maganbhai Amin.
946 Smt. Maganbai Amin.

TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word.

Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under: "Box No.— The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Branch Secretaries & Superintendents upto Rs. 200. Profitable scheme. No security. Apply Lakshmi Bonds Corporation Ltd., Lahore. (2816).

Wanted representatives for leading Indian Life Office on liberal terms at Sholapur, Bijapur, Belgaum, Dharwar and Nizam's Dominions. Apply to Box No. 2680. "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a clerk for the M. T. B. College, Surat. Preference will be given to a graduate. Typewriting, Shorthand will be additional qualifications. Apply with testimonials immediately in own handwriting stating minimum salary to the Principal. (8792).

Wanted—Managers for the Branches of a Limited Concern to be opened very soon at almost all the Important Towns of Gujrat and Kathiawar at the Remuneration of Rs. 200 per month. Only respectable, hard-working and capable people need apply. Gents and Ladies of any caste or creed can apply, to the Chairman, The United Business Syndicate, Market Road, Karachi. (8771).

Wanted—Well-Qualified and experienced Boiler-Attendants, having at least five years' experience of Water-tube Boiler Tractor Mechanic for Diesel Tractors, Welder, Moulder, Turner, Typist and a Railway Clerk fully conversant with goods tariff. Apply stating salary acceptable to:—The Manager, Harinagar Sugar Mills, Ltd. P. O. Ramnagar (Champaran). (8772).

Wanted—Experienced Head Proof Reader for the Bombay Chronicle. Apply with testimonials to the Manager, The Bombay Chronicle Press.

13. SHOPS & ROOMS TO LET.

To Let.—One big Shop in Red House, Parsi Bazar St., the shop is situated in the front of the building. All the adjoining shops are Stationer's shops. Full particulars from the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle."

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Candidates in Station Master and Commercial Classes. Training allowance upto Rs. 15|- uniforms—lodging passage free. Service compulsory, Rules and Selection Form on Re. 1|- Superintendent, Central Telegraph & Railway duties College, Delhi. (2817).

Wanted—Candidates for School for Electricians, Ludhiana (Govt. Recognised), who desire to learn Electrical work. One year's course. Prospectus Free. (2750).

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted—Agents and Organisers on decent pay or commission. The Sanguine Insurance Co., Ltd. Head Office, 98-4, Clive Street, Calcutta. (2796).

Wanted—Agents for Swadeshi Cloth. Pay 50. Scurity Rs. 50 Apply M.S. Manmohan Kumar, Ludhiana.

Wanted Chief Agents in principal towns on lucrative terms to represent the Backergunj Insurance Bank Ltd. of Kowrikhara, Barisal (Bengal). 100 per cent dividend declared in the very first year. Apply to Calcutta Office for particulars, 15, Clive Row, Calcutta. (2800).

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

Balsar	Broach	Baroda
Borivli	Bhusaval	Dahod
Deolali	Dhond	Daman
Dhanu Road	Golvad	Karjat
Kasara	Lonavla	Manmad
Matheran	Neral	Navsari
Nasik	Sholapur	Virar

Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel." Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday Editions, particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkas, Sd Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur Salapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Benwada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi Simla, Wardha-Castle, Rock Arvi, Ellichpur, Hingangnat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, Mhow Sangli, Satara. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle", Co., Ltd., P. O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale.—Half an acre of garden with well-ventilated, spacious house situated in good locality in Kumta town is offered for sale. For other particulars apply to the undersigned X, c|o M.P. Divgi, LL.B., Pleader, Kumta. (2815).

For Sale—Soda Factory, as going concern, oldest established, with up-to-date machineries. Owner going out-station on account of ill health. A good opportunity to industrialist. Apply Box No. 2804, "Bombay Chronicle."

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO DECLARE DIVIDENDS.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY JURISDICTION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Official Assignee of Bombay intends to declare dividends in the following estates as mentioned below:—

SERIAL NO.	INSOLVENCY NUMBER.	NAMES OF THE INSOLVENTS.	DIVIDEND INTENDED TO BE DECLARED.
1	101 of 1931	Re. Michael Simon Roberts alias M. S. Roberts.	First Dividend.
2	175 of 1931	Re. Arthur Luis Kileoyne.	Do.
3	181 of 1931	Re. Joseph Walter Langford.	Do.
4	258 of 1931	Re. Vinayak Vishnu Abhyanker.	Do.
5	33 of 1931.	Re. Harry Powell Bloomer.	First and Final
6	34 of 1931	Re. Shavaksha Jamsedji Daruwalla.	Do.
7	63 of 1931	Re. Veribhai Narottamdas Patel.	Do.
8	81 of 1931	Re. Eruch Cawasji Irani.	Do.
9	83 of 1931	Re. Hugh Mark Fletcher.	Do.
10	115 of 1931	Re. Bhaghwandas Bapulal Soonawalla.	Do.
11	194 of 1931	Re. Nanabhai Vishwanath Mhatre.	Do.
12	216 of 1931	Re. Balkrishna Pandurang Joshi.	Do.
13	232 of 1931	Re. Edward Clifford Halliburn alias E. C. Halliburn.	Do.
14	235 of 1931	Re. William Archibald Pollock and Mrs. Pansy Pollock.	Do.
15	260 of 1931	Re. Mervyn Stanley Hodgkinson.	Do.
16	852 of 1931	Re. Captain Hugh Mackay.	Do.
17	804 of 1929	Re. Gerald Evelyin Campbell Henderson.	Second Dividend.
18	979 of 1929	Re. Edward Salvadore.	Do.
19	457 of 1928	Re. Moreshwer Vinayek Javle.	Second and Final.
20	1029 of 1928	Re. James Rodgers.	Third and Final
21	190 of 1931	Re. Abdul Hussein Tyebally Dawoodi Vora.	Preferential Distribution only
22	208 of 1931	Re. Leslie Herbert William Hewitt.	Do.

Creditors, who have not proved their claims are requested to do so in the Office of the undersigned within a fortnight from the date hereof. If they fail to do so their claims will be excluded and the undersigned will proceed to declare a dividend in the respective Estates as stated above without regard to such claims.

All persons having claims against the Official Assignee in the abovementioned Estates in respect of costs, charges, expenses, rent, lien or otherwise are hereby requested to notify their claims to the undersigned forthwith, if they have not done so already. All such claims must be sent to the undersigned within a fortnight from the date of this advertisement. On expiry of the said period, the assets in the above Estates will be distributed and the claims received after that period will not be recognised.

Bombay, this 15th day of August, 1934.
Official Assignee's Office,
High Court, Bombay.

P. B. MALABARI,
Official Assignee of Bombay.
8800

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per Insertion.
1st Insertion	.... Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	.... Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	.... Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	.... Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE

"Ordinary" Share Certificates Nos. 450608 of the old Series of Rs. 1,000 each of the Tata Hydro Electric Power Supply Co., Ltd., in the name of Dewan Bahadur Sir R. Venkataratnam Naidu, Kt. M.A., D.Lt., have been lost or misplaced. All persons having any claim on the said shares are requested to intimate the same to the above Company at their Registered Office at Bombay House, 24, Bruce Road, Fort, Bombay, within 15 days from the date of this Notice after which date no claim will be considered and duplicate Certificates will be issued to Dewan Bahadur Dr. Sir R. Venkataratnam Naidu Kt., M.A., D.Lt.

2825

AUCTION SALES

MENESSE & Co

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLEARED CARGOES OF THE BOMBAY PORT TRUST DOCKS.

In accordance with section 64 of the Bombay Port Trust Acts of 1879 and as from time to time amended under instructions from the Manager, Bombay Port Trust Docks, Messrs. MENESSE & CO. will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 21st August, 1934, at 2 p.m. in the Liquor Shed (Sale Warehouse) at Alexandra Docks, the following goods:—

Copper: Brass: Iron: Toilet soap: Radio sets: (Lubricators steam compressor parts of machinery): Razor Blades: etc. etc.

MENESSE & CO.

WHITE LEPROSY

GUARANTEED CURE.

Please ask for "Divine Gifts" with the details of your disease and the name of your birthday. Mrs. Amiyabala Devi, "Amiya-Kutir", Dinajpur (Bengal).

GEMS from INDIAN PRODUCTIONS

Grand Daily Change of Programmes

AT

Minerva Talkies

— LAMINGTON ROAD —

From

Saturday, The 18th August 1934

Saturday, the 18th August

YAHOODI-KI-LARKI

A NEW THEATRE' LTD., PRODUCTION

Featuring:— RATANBAI, SAIGAL, NAWAB

Sunday, the 19th August

CHANDIDAS

A NEW THEATRE' LTD., PRODUCTION

Featuring:— UMASHASHI, SAIGAL, PAHARI, SANYAL.

Monday, the 20th August

SPECIALLY FOR "SHRAVAN MONDAY"

A Holy Tepisode from Shinalilambrut

MAHANANDA

GANDHARVA CINETONE'S PRODUCTION

Tuesday, the 21st August PRABHAT CINETONE'S

MAYA MACHHINDRA

Featuring:- DURGA KHOTE, GOVINDRAO TEMBE

Wednesday, the 22nd August SARASWATEE CINETONE'S

VAGABOND PRINCE

Featuring:— MASTER MODAK

Thursday, the 23rd August MADAN THEATRES LTD'S

CHATRA BAKAVLI

Featuring:— MUKHTAR BEGUM

AUCTION SALES

D. MISTRY & Co.

Auctioneers, Valuers and Commission Agents.
62, Medows Street, Fort. Tel. No. 22801.

JUST Opp. ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE DIAMOND, EMERALD, RUBY AND PEARL ORNAMENTS.

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.
BOMBAY HIGH COURT.
Suit No. 407 of 1932.

Messrs C Banker and Co. .. Plaintiffs.
Vs.
Mr. S. Mahadev .... Defendant

Messrs. D. MISTRY & CO., Auctioneers are instructed by Attorneys to the Agent of the Plaintiffs to sell by Public Auction on SUNDAY, the 19th day of August, 1934, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) just opp. Royal Opera House, in the Show Room of the Premier Auto Works. Ornaments comprising of Necklaces, Bracelets, Earrings, Sari-pin, Butties, full sets, watches, pendants, etc.

Ornaments are on view from TO-DAY, from 1 to 6 p.m. for every inspection.

D. MISTRY & Co.
Auctioneers

HEAVY RAIN EXPECTED IN NORTH DECCAN

Ahmedabad Gets One Inch & Baroda Three

POONA, August 16.

The depression off Orissa and the Ganjam Coast has deepened and is centred this morning about 70 miles to the southeast of Puri. The monsoon has been strong in the Peninsula and Burma. Rainfall has been nearly general in Burma, Orissa, West Central India, Konkan, North Hyderabad, Mysore, Malabar, Madras Deccan and North Madras Coast, and local in Assam, Bihar, West United Provinces, Central Provinces, East and North Punjab, Gujarat, Bombay Deccan and South Hyderabad, while a few falls have occurred in Bengal, Chota Nagpur, Baluchistan and Southeast Madras.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Diamond Island, seven inches. Kyaupyu, six; Gwa, four; Amherst, three. Mergui, Rangoon and Akyab, two; Yamethin, one and half; Monywa and Maymo, one. Daltonganj, one and half; Cuttack, one; Jagdalpur, seven; Chanda and Mukteswar, one and half; Indore and Neemuch, one; Baroda, three; Rawalpindi and Sialkot, two; Ahmedabad and Tankhala, one; Parbhani, six; Mercara, four. Ratnagiri, Mahableshwar, Mangalore, Khandala and Marmagoa, three; Karwar, Aurangabad, Vizagapatam, Calingapatam and Gopalpur, two; Calicut, one and half; and Chitaldroog, one.

FORECAST:

The monsoon will continue to be strong in Burma and the Peninsula, and will be active in and near the Western Himalayas, and rainfall will increase over the region extending from Orissa to Gujarat.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING:

Locally heavy rain will recur in Lower Burma, West Coast of the Peninsula, North Deccan, Madras and will extend in Orissa, West Central Provinces, West Central India and Gujarat during the next 36 hours.—A. P.

Rainfall In Fort, 81.32 Inches

MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE 1 DEG. BELOW NORMAL

Bombay, Aug 16

Rainfall during 24 hours 8 a.m. of date 16-8-34 at Colaba Point 0.39"; Fort 1.10"; J J Hospital 1.02"; Cotton Laboratory Matunga 1.45"

Total since 1st June to date at Colaba Point 61.63; Fort 81.32; J J Hospital 67.75; Cotton Laboratory Matunga 70.11

Total for the corresponding period of 1932 at Colaba Point 51.94; Fort 59.44; J J Hospital 55.97

Total for the corresponding period of 1933 at Colaba Point 41.32; Fort 65.70; J J Hospital 48.00; Cotton Laboratory Matunga 48.76

COLABA OBSERVATORY

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 16-8-1934.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus 0.28 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.0 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.5 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 83.9 degrees 1.0 (below normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 75.4 degrees 0.4 (below normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 93 per cent

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. S W

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 5 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 208 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 27 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 10

Rainfall in 24 hours 0.39 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 11.81 inches

Total rainfall during the year 61.67 inches

Weather remarks: Rain.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 16-8-34

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 80.8deg F, a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.89 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.69 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

Bombay, August 16.

Mundra, Parkin, Karachi.
Badarpur, Nelson, Rangoon.
Nagara, Brandt, Gothenburg.
Dalgoma, Beerbing, London.
Maloja, Browing, London.

DEPARTURES.

Bombay, August 16.

Nimoda, Edward, Durban (for order).
C|o Auckland, Rowland, Calcutta.
Maloja, Browning, Sydney.
Vita, Denne, Busrah.

Bombay, August 17.

Nizam, McLure, Java.
Gogra, Marsh, Calcutta.

LOADING.

Bombay, August 16.

Steamer Badarpur for Rangoon.
„ Pasha for Rangoon.
„ Bangalore for Kobe.
„ Narkunda for London.
„ Dalgoma for London.
„ Barpeta for Busrah.
„ Vasna for Busrah.
„ Dogra for Calcutta.

ENGLISH MAIL REPORT.

S S Maloja:—The P&O S N Co's English mail steamer Maloja arrived in harbour on Thursday from London, with the outward mails of the 2nd inst., a general cargo and 118 passengers and hence she sailed on the same day for Sydney, etc., with mails, a general cargo and through passengers.

S S Mundra:—The M M & Co's steamer Mundra arrived in harbour on Thursday from Karachi with a general cargo.

S S Dalgoma:—The M M & Coy's steamer Dalgoma arrived in harbour on Thursday from London with a general cargo and four deck-passengers.

Music!!

In The Divine Voice of

HIRABAI BARODEKAR

In The Great Pathos of

JYOTSNA BHOLE

In The Youth's Fresh Song of

PADMA SHALIGRAM

ENJOY IT IN

Suvarna Mandir

MENAKA PICTURE'S

Maiden Musical Triumph

with

GANPATRAO, BODAS, DINKARS BABURAO, MANERIKAR

in the leading roles

At

KRISHNA TALKIES.

DAILY AT 5-15, 8 & 10-45 P.M.

EXTRA MATINEE AT 4 p.m.
Every day, Every week.

THE CARLTON

4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Positively for the last time

JUST IMAGINE
JUST IMAGINE

FROM TO-MORROW

Bewitching

KAY FRANCIS

in her most glorious triumph

"MANDALAY"

First National's Dramatic Thunderbolt

With

RICARDO CORTEZ
WARNER OLAND

Hear KAY FRANCIS Sing the rapturous new love song "When To-morrow Comes!"

SPECIAL SHOW

at 2-30 P. M. TO-DAY.

For LADIES ONLY

AMBIKA MOVIETONE'S 1st Musical Hindi Talkies

AMBARISH

a devotional tale of those old sweet days.

being Shown at MAJESTIC CINEMA Girgaum,

other usual shows at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 14 April, 2017

THE EXCELSIOR

DAILY AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.
SATURDAY 18TH AUGUST.

DAIIY: AT 6-30 and 10 p.m.

A Full Two Hours' Programme Of

SONGS, SKETCHES, DANCES
MUSIC COMEDY

NANDY'S REVUE
COMPANY

A Real Live Show By

14—TALENTED ARTISTS—14

including

GLORIOUS
8 Dancing Beauties 8

Popular Prices Of Admission:
Rs. 3-6, Rs. 2-4, Rs. 1-2 & As. 9.

WELLINGTON
POSITIVELY LAST
TIME TO-DAY!
Special Matinee Show
TO-DAY, FRIDAY
3-30 P.M.
When Students and Children will be admitted at
HALF RATES

MICKEY MOUSE
in
MICKEY'S GALA
PREMIERE
WHOOPEE PARTY
THE MAD DOCTOR
And the
Silly Symphonies
THREE LITTLE PIGS
KING NEPTUNE
LULLABY LAND

THREE SHOWS on FRIDAY:
3-30; 6-30 & 10 p.m.
Plans open throughout. Book early

TO-MORROW
SATURDAY
A MOTHER'S LOVE AND SACRIFICE FOR HER SON AND CRIPPLED HUSBAND—THE MOST HEART-APPEALING AND ENTERTAINING
MUSICAL
Extravaganza—de Luxe—the
"NIGHT CLUB QUEEN"
London's greatest play success of modern times, with
6 SONG HITS 6
and "Eight Black Streaks."
HOT STEP-DANCING
Troupe and Sherman Fisher Girls
BRITAIN'S MOST BEAUTIFUL CHORUS
An engrossing and throbbing story of a barrister defending his own wife and her honour!
"NIGHT CLUB QUEEN"
with the bewitching
MARY CLARE
Plans already open. Book early.

TO-DAY 3 SHOWS
4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.
THE THRILL OF A LIFE-TIME
"KRAKATOA"
FIRST SENSATIONAL PICTURES
Of Under Sea Volcano with the Most Hilarious Romance
"EVER SINCE EVE"
at
ROXY

ANOTHER BIG CAR SMASH

Ford Tourer And Bullock Cart Collide At Dadar

The junction in front of the Dadar Police Court was the scene of a serious collision between a Ford Tourer and a bullock cart on Wednesday night about 10 p.m.

The car was, it is stated, proceeding from Parel side at the time of the accident.

As a result of this collision one bullock was killed on the spot and the other was badly injured.

Mr. Loaf Green, an engineer, residing at Khar, who was at the wheel, received bruises on his face from flying splinters of glass and was admitted into the K. E. M. Hospital as an in-patient.

Sandoo, the driver of the bullock cart was violently thrown off his seat due to the impact and he crashed down into the car through the hood. He too was seriously injured.

Both the vehicles became hopelessly entangled with each other and were wrecked. The car and the bullock cart were still lying in that entangled condition upto this noon.

The number of the Ford Tourer is X5404.

Inspector Satam of the Kingsway Police Station, Matunga, is investigating.

BOMBAY GOVERNOR AT BIJAPUR

Lays Foundation Stone Of Rest House In Hospital Compound

Lord Brabourne laid the foundation stone of the Rest House for patients' relatives in the Hospital Compound at Bijapur on Thursday.

In the course of his speech the Governor said:

"I thank you very much for your invitation to me to perform this interesting ceremony, an invitation which I accept with the greatest of pleasure and with every confidence that this Rest House when built will serve a most useful purpose and be greatly appreciated by the relatives of patients of the poorer classes in this Hospital in future years.

"I congratulate you, Dr. Mone, on the efforts you have made to fill this long felt want, and I join with you, as I am sure all present here do also, in expressing our most cordial thanks to the Trustees of the N. M. Wadia Charities for their munificent donation, which has made it possible to embark on this work.

"I am very glad indeed to hear that the ladies of Bijapur are taking up health and welfare work. It is, as you say, a matter in which I take the keenest interest and it always gives me great pleasure wherever I go to hear that the ladies of the District are taking up work of this sort on sound and well-organised lines. I am sure that if these efforts become widespread throughout India it must lend material assistance to the general progress of the country."

SIXTEEN ARRESTED IN RAID AT BHOIWADA

Sixteen persons were arrested in a mid-night raid, carried out by Sgt. Newlands of the Bhoiwada Police Station on Tuesday at Sewree, where alleged gambling was going on.

The Police recovered Rs. 30|- in cash and other instruments of gaming, including playing cards.

The accused were placed before the Presidency Magistrate, Dadar, to-day and were released on a bail of Rs. 10|- each.

The case is posted to August 21.

JURY'S WARNING TO CITIZENS

Condemn Dangerous Practice Of Throwing Fruit Peels On Ground

The Coroner's Jury availed themselves of the opportunity of recording a warning to the citizens of Bombay against throwing about plantain, orange and mango skins and other slippery peels, on public roads or footpaths, which often leads to fatal consequences.

It was stated that Shirpa Shivaram (50), while walking near the Crawford Market with a basket of potatoes, slipped over a plaintain skin and was so seriously injured that he died yesterday after removal to the K. E. M. Hospital.

"Death due to an accidental fall near the Crawford Market, his foot having slipped on a plaintain ring", was the verdict recorded by the Coroner's Jury.

"Good Faith" Plea Rejected

High Court Upholds Conviction Of Karanjia For Defamation

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Sen at the High Court heard the appeal filed by Bhikhaji Merwanji Karanjia, who was sentenced by the Chief Presidency Magistrate to a fine of Rs. 500 for defamation.

Mr. Cardon Noad appeared for the appellant, and Mr. Shingne, Government Pleader, for the Crown.

THE CASE.

The appellant, who is a test auditor in the G.I.P. Railway, Co-operative Section, was appointed by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, under the Children's Act. He was also a member of the Social Purity League. In July 1932, he received an anonymous letter, which he handed over to Mr. Giara, the Secretary of the League. After some further developments, the appellant saw Miss Kapadia, Lady Superintendent of the Gamadia Girls' School. As a result of certain imputations made by the appellant, Miss Kapadia dismissed the two sisters, both students at the school.

The prosecution was in respect of certain imputations made by the appellant against the two girls in his interview with Miss Kapadia.

"GOOD FAITH" PLEA.

The appellant's defence was that it was at the instance of Mr. Giara that he had made those statements to Miss Kapadia, and that he had done so in good faith.

CHARGE PROVED.

Their Lordships, in delivering judgment, observed that the question was whether on his own showing the appellant had acted in good faith. "Good faith" implied not merely honesty, but also a reasonable amount of care. The appellant had taken no steps to ascertain the truth of the allegations that he had made to Miss Kapadia against the two girls, and therefore, he had not acted in good faith. Their Lordships held that the charge against the appellant was proved, and that he had not succeeded in bringing himself within any of the exceptions to the Section relating to defamation. The appeal was, therefore, dismissed.

MAN FOUND HANGED NEAR GHATKOPAR

Verdict Of Suicide Returned At Inquest

(From Our Correspondent.)

GHATKOPAR, Aug. 16.

Passersby were horrified at the frightful sight of a human figure hanging down a noose of rope tied to a tree at a place near the Tansa Water station, about two miles from Ghatkopar.

The body, which was not identified, is believed to be of a Maratha Hindu, aged about 35.

A "Phenta" and an umbrella, which were found at the foot of the tree, have been attached by the police.

At the inquest held on the body by the Ghatkopar police, a verdict of death by suicide was returned.

DR. F. N. MOOS

To Be Hon. Physician At St. George's Hospital

The following appointments, etc., are notified in the Bombay Government Gazette:—

Dr. F. N. Moos, M.D. (London,) Superintendent, G. T. Hospital, Bombay, as Honorary Physician, St. George's Hospital, Bombay, for a peroid of two years vice Captain C. V. Thornton, R.A.M.C. (Retd.) resigned.

Mr. Kishinchand M. Punjabi, Public Prosecutor, Dadu to officiate as Registrar and Clerk of the Crown of the Court of the Judicial Commissioner of Sind and Registrar of Firms for Sind.

Mr. M. H. Mehta, Second Class Subordinate Judge, Kaira to be Second Class Subordinate Judge, Bulsar.

Mr. M. J. Merchant, Second Class Subordinate Judge, Bulsar, to be Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge, Bulsar.

Mr. Abdul Rehman Abdul Razak Badshah, B.A., LL.B., to officiate as a Second Class, Second Grade, Subordinate Judge and to do duty as Second Class Subordinate Judge, Kaira.

Mr. B. G. Murdeshwar to officiate as a Second Class, Second Grade, Subordinate Judge and to do duty as Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge, Rahuri and Kopargaon, but to work at Kopargaon.

Mr. V. R. Paralkar to officiate as a Second Class, Second Grade, Subordinate Judge and to do duty as Second Class Subordinate Judge, Pen and Roha.

Reverend R. C. Bartels, Chaplain of Hyderabad (Sind) to be Senior Chaplain from 14th April 1934.

The temporary appointment of a Second Grade Deputy Collector in Sind is extended for a further period of six months, and Mr. Muhammad Ishak Badruddin is appointed to continue to hold it.

Mr. S. N. J. Ratnagar, Divisional Forest Officer, Kanara Northern Division, to act as Conservator of Forests, Central Circle.

Subhedar-Major and Honorary Captain Krishna Khanderao Bhosale, Sardar Bahadur to be an Honorary A ide-de-Camp on the Governor's personal staff.

Dr. H. G. Lakdawalla, to be Honorary Venerologist at the Civil Hospital, Surat for one year.

Dr. P. M. Wagle, is appointed to the Medical Research Department on probation for two years, from the 20th April 1934. His services are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for appointment as Assistant Director, Haffkine Institute, Bombay, with effect from the same date.

ONE WAY TRAFFIC

High Police Official Comments On Belated Protests Of Traders

"We have not received any complaint in regard to the hardships entailed by the one way traffic in Meadow Street and Hummum Street, except from one shop keeper," explained a high police official to a representative of "Chronicle" when interviewed about the protests made by some businessmen in those localities in this paper.

The official further stated that before one way traffic was resorted to, the residents and the businessmen of the localities were informed through notifications to intimate to the Commissioner of Police if they had any objection. The Commissioner did not receive any objections at that time but now the protest is made in the press by one or two businessmen after a lapse of one year. They have not sent the complaint the Commissioner of Police.

One way traffic was enforced by the agitation of the public who demanded it for the sake of their safety and also on the recommendation of the Municipal Corporation. If people had any objection, they should have lodged it immediately before one way traffic is enforced.

The official assured our representative, however, that he would make enquiries and consider the matter in all its bearings.

KHETWADI ASSAULT CASE

Lady's Allegations Not Justified By Facts

In referrence to the letter published in the "Chronicle", and other papers recently from a lady who described an assault committed by mawalis in Khetwadi on another lady, enquiries which we have caused to be made do not substantiate this claim. We are satisfied that the European Inspector at Maharbowdhi was not "indifferent" when the matter was reported to him but acted promptly and did everything that was required to be done.

AWAKENING OF GUJARAT STATES

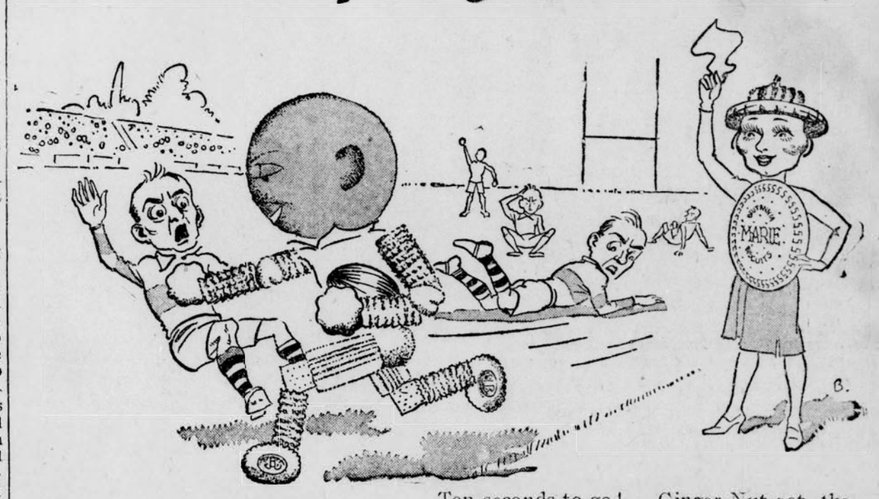
Peoples' Conference Meets In Bombay

The Workers and Citizens of Gujarat States resident in Bombay met together in the office of the Indian States' People's conference on Tuesday when amongst others Dr. Sumant Mehta of Baroda and Sjt. Manishankar Trivedi and Balavantray Mehta, General Secretaries of the Indian States' People's Conference, were present.

Sjt. Balavantray Mehta submitted to the meeting some concrete proposals regardng the holdng of Gujarat States' People's Conference. Some of the members present put forward helpful suggestions. It seemed that the Bombay workers of the Gujarat States are keen on having such a central organisation for the creation of public spirit and public life in the States of Gujarat and for helping the people of those States in bettering their lot.

After some discussion the meeting decided to adjourn and to meet on Saturday, the 18th instant again in Srikrishna Nivasa, New Post Office Lane, Kalbadevi, at 7 p.m.

Adventures of Ginger Nut & Marie



Ten seconds to go! .. Ginger Nut got the ball ... away he went like a flash .. right through the opposing side to score again.

To put the whole thing in a (ginger) nutshell, HE WON THE MATCH. How Marie cheered! But that's nothing to what happened afterwards. Two entire tins of Britannia Biscuits were consumed that evening.

SPEED'S ARROWROOT manufactured by THE BRITANNIA BISCUIT CO., LTD., is an invaluable food for infants and invalids.

BRITANNIA BISCUITS POPULAR EVERYWHERE

The BRITANNIA BISCUIT CO., LTD.
Manufacturers of 30 different varieties.

BEN. 4.

JUSTICES OF PEACE

Revised List Published In Bombay Govt. Gazette

The Bombay Government Gazette of Thursday's date publishes the following:

"The following list of persons appointed under the provisions of section 22 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, by the Governor in Council to be Justices of the Peace within and for the territories subject to the administration of the Government of Bombay other than the Presidency Town of Bombay is published for general information in supersession of all previous orders for the appointment of Justices of the Peace for the mofussil:

Abdul Kadir Muhammad Hussain; Abdul Rashid Khan; D S Bakhale; N B Baxter; The Hon. Mr. R. D. Bell; M D Bhansali; M D Bhat; V S Bnide; The Honourable Sir Shah Nawaz Khan Ghulam Murtaza Khan Bhutto, Kt.; J C Bolton; J Booth; C F Borges; J P Brander; H K Chainani; H B Clayton; C B B Clee; G B Constantine; The Honourable Khan Bahadur Dhanjishah Bomanjee Cooper; J M Corin; R G Davies, B.A. (Oxon); G Davis; Bar-at-Law; The Honourable Sir Ali Muhammad Khan Dehlavi, Kt.; M J Desai; J R Durandhar; W Dillon; G G Drewe; C G Freke; J H Garrett; L T Gholap; R E Gibson; W B Giligan; A D Gorwala; H R Gould; H V R Iyengar, B.Sc., (Mysore); J B Irwin; Hyam S Israel; E de B Jewell; M H Jones; G K Joshi; C Judd; The Honourable Diwan Bahadur Siddappa Totappa Kambli; D C A Kincaid; H F Knight; Rao Bahadur A K Kulkarni; P M Lad; H T Lambrick, B.A.; C M Lane; A P LeMesurier; A W W Mackie; J A Madan; R M Maxwell; G W McElhinny; M R Meher, M.A.; C N Millard; B D Mirchandani; U M Mirchandani; S J Mirza; D S Modak; D V Moray; Syed Muniruddin Sirajuddin Moulvi; K L Panjabi; Y R Parpia, B.A.; B K Patel, B.A., (Bom. & Cantab.); H M Patel; A K Padkar; D R Pradhan; G S Rajadhyaksha; S Ridley, B.A., (Cantab); V N Sardesai, M.A. (Lond.); Saiyid Aminuddin; C N Sharples; J G Simms; J M Sladen; W W Smart; H St. C. Smith; H T Sorley M.A. (Aber.); O H B Starte; T E Streatfield; D Syminton; E L Thurley; E W Trotman; C W A Turner; E E Turner; Rao Saheb V H Vachharajani; S B Vaidya; Major H G Vaux; D V Vyas; T E Waterfield; A G Wells; Col. Sir George Willis; H M Willis.

The following note is attached to the above list:

"Section 25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, specifies the officers who are, by virtue of their offices, Justices of the Peace. These officers are not shown in this list:"

Mr. M. B. Kunte, the City Magistrate of Thana, yesterday sentenced Pandurang Kamala, a fisherman, to three months' hard labour and a fine of Rs. 100 or in default 1-1/2 months' additional imprisonment on a charge of having in his possession illicit liquor.

NIXAL

THE UNIVERSAL SOAP
Washes Everyway
COLD
HOT
BOILING
WHATEVER
Be your method of washing NIXAL is just suited to it.
IT SAVES YOUR TROUBLE.
and Everything
COTTON
SILK
WOOL
NIXAL
is mild and alkali-free and it will not fade the most delicate of shades
NIXAL
is good for your bath too!
BENGAL CHEMICAL—CALCUTTA.
Bombay Agents: ORIENT DRUG AGENCY.

PILES
NOHAESA OINTMENT
Relieves the Piles Promptly
NOHAESA reduces the inflammatory and irritant symptoms and has also a prophylactic action.
It simultaneously allays the itch and has an astringent cooling action.
Does not stain the clothing.
ABSOLUTELY HARMLESS.
NOHAESA is also available in the shape of suppositories.
Can Be had from all Chemists.

ALEMBIC NERVE-TONIC FOR VIGOUR AND ENERGY

Sports Jottings From Here and There

Cricket League In Bombay Next Season?

(By J. C. MAITRA).

It is, indeed, very pleasing to hear that the Cricket gods of Bombay are awake at last. They seem to have made a successful effort to shake off their lethargy and be up and doing again. I had a long chat with Mr. V. S. Dongre, who now happens to be the honorary secretary of the Bombay Presidency (Proper) Cricket Association. This is the first time, I believe, in the history of not only this body but all representative Managing Councils of this city that an Indian has been appointed to this position.

CONGRATULATIONS TO V. S. DONGRE.

I heartily congratulate Vinayak Dongre not so much for the honour which the position bestows on him, but for the responsibility and power which it entails. He is eminently fitted for this position and I have no doubt he will justify his selection ere long. I have also to congratulate Dr. H. D. Kanga on his election as President of the Association. He is the right man in the right place. With his mature experience and keen sense of judgment and fair play, he is sure to prove a valuable asset to the institution. He is also the first Indian to hold this position.

A THOROUGHLY INDIANISED BODY.

The last annual general meeting of the Association saw the transference of power from the hands of the Europeans to those of the sons of the soil. In its Executive Committee, there are now eleven Indians to three Europeans. Five of them represent the five Gymkhanas, viz., Catholic, Hindu, Islam, Parsee and Bombay (European). The Maidan Clubs and Poona are represented by three and two members respectively. Mr. MacKinnon, the Vice-President, and Mr. Prideaux, the Honorary Treasurer, complete the composition of the Committee.

EUROPEAN CO-OPERATION WELCOMED.

I have no quarrel with the number of the European representatives nor with their Executive ranks. On the other hand, I welcome their presence and co-operation. I hope they will give of their best to make the Association a complete success. I also hope that the Indian representatives would subordinate their communal instincts and look at every question from purely sporting point of view.

THE PIVOTAL QUESTION.

Now coming to the pivotal question which has been agitating the public mind for some time, I am glad that there is a definite move to start League Tournaments next year. Mr. Dongre has laid a clear cut proposal before the Executive Committee which is to meet shortly to consider it. He suggests that, to start with, there should be two divisions of the League consisting of twelve clubs each. He does not expect any difficulty in classifying the clubs for the first and second divisions after they have registered their players.

CHANGE OF SEASON.

Mr. Dongre agreed with me that the present seasonal fixtures are a farce. He said that he had hardly played through a match upto now this season. He proposes that the season should be from the beginning of September to the end of December. Four months is quite a long period for a cricket season. The duration of a match should be a full day and a half covering Saturday and Sunday.

A FLAT-BOTTOMED OBJECTION.

Objections have been raised in certain quarters that if the League Matches take up both Saturday and Sunday, then players playing for their offices on Saturdays will not be able to participate in the Leagues. I do not think there should be any difficulty in surmounting this objection. It may be laid down in the rules that players may play for their office clubs either in friendly or tournament matches, irrespective of their association with other clubs in the Leagues.

CALCUTTA HAS SHOWN THE WAY.

As it is, many of the office-cluos play in the "Times of India" Shield Tournament. Its matches could be easily arranged, so as not to clash with the League Fixtures. In case, there is an office league in addition, it could also be managed similarly. In Calcutta they have lots of tournaments of this kind in football and they run through them without a hitch. I do not see why we in Bombay should fail in this regard.

FOLLOW ENGLISH COUNTY LEAGUE SYSTEM.

Of course, the Leagues are to be run on the English County Leagues system. This will give a clear idea, at the end of the season, as to the relative position and strength of the respective clubs. It will also show the real calibre of each player. To-day, it is possible to put up anybody as the "Jack Hobbs of India" by virtue of the centuries he may have scored against Popatwadi Elevens and Chira Bazar County Clubs and the like. That will not be possible after the Leagues and Inter-zone Tournaments are inaugurated.

FIELD FOR REAL STIMULUS AND TRAINING.

The systematic play in the competitive tournaments will give real stimulus and training to players and create abounding enthusiasm among spectators. The longer duration of matches will give enough opportunity to every player to bring forth his best and at the same time increase his stamina to a great extent.

MANY LESSONS TO FOLLOW.

India has now entered the stage of world competition. It is, therefore, high time that we fitted ourselves for that fight. Many lessons have been thrown at us by the M.C.C. players and others visiting this country. They need to be followed and practised, before we can reach the highest standard of efficiency. The Leagues and the Inter-Provincial Matches will provide the field for training and examination. I hope that the Executive Committee of the Bombay Presidency (Proper) Cricket Association will give their earnest and sympathetic consideration.

GENERAL APPROVAL TO SCHEME ASSURED.

By dropping the present system of friendly matches, the clubs and the players will lose nothing. On the other hand, they will find added interest in these competitive matches. I have no doubt that when the Executive Committee of the B.P.C.A. place their scheme before the public, it will command general approval. It is now up to the men in charge of affairs to take courage in both hands and turn a new leaf in the history of Bombay, nay Indian cricket. I wish them God-speed.

COLOMBO RAPS HIS KNEE

St: Leger Preparation Held Up For A While

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Aug. 15.

Colombo, the second favourite for the St. Leger Stakes, has rapped a knee against his manger. The injury is not regarded as serious, but he is unable to take exercise.

It is hoped that he will be able to resume active training shortly.

HENDREN INJURED ON EVE OF FINAL TEST

Voce May Play Says "Daily Express"

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, August 15.

Hendren is a doubtful starter for the final Test match. While trying to avoid a short pitched ball from Copson to-day he was struck on the left elbow, on which there is a swelling of the size of an egg. His arm is numbed.

Hart also was struck by a ball from Copson, and sustained a fractured left-hand.

Voce was among the Notts players who arrived at Southampton this morning for the match against Hants. He said that, in addition to bruised shins, he was suffering from a bruised right heel.

In view of the injuries it was decided not to play him, but it was hoped that he would be fit to play against Derby on Saturday.

According to "The Daily Express", Sir Stanley Jackson has made a statement to them to the effect: "Voce may yet be included in the team for the final Test."

"The Daily Telegraph" says, Carr was staggered at the news that Voce was not playing yesterday. He said that the player was perfectly fit. If he had been captaining the side, Voce would have played and bowled exactly as he had done on Saturday.

THROWING THE DISCUS

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

BRUSSELS, Aug. 15.

In the Women's International Athletics Mile, Wajsowna (Poland) established a world's record, throwing the discus 44.195 metres, approximately 144 feet 11-3/4 inches, beating her own previous record of 143 feet 8-1/4 inches established in the World Games last week.

CLOSING SCORES IN COUNTY CRICKET

LONDON, Aug. 15.

The following are the closing scores in the first class cricket matches which began to-day:—

Middlesex 205 (Hearne 59; Webster 53). Derby 99 for 7.

Surrey 384 for 7 (Gregory 104; Squires 98; Fishlock 66 (not out). vs. Somerset.

Northants 157 (Timms 100; Freeman 7 for 31). Kent 121 for 3.

Hants 402 for 6 (Arnold 67; Mead 75; Tennyson 67) vs. Notts.

Lancs 269 (Parkinson 79; Farnes 5 for 55). Essex 96 for 2.

Warwick 160. Glamorgan 98 for 4.

Gloucester 474 for 4 (Barnett 189; Hammond 137; Lyon 51 not out.)

Worcester 183 (Martin 80; Warne 62; Smalls 5 for 53). Yorkshire 103 for 2.—Reuter.

The Doaba Sikh Association at a meeting adopted a resolution strongly condemning the action of Sardar Dalip Singh Doabia in illegally demanding Rs 2,000 for himself and Rs. 1,000 for the S. G. P. C. from the Secretary of Sri Durbar Sahib Committee by describing himself as Acting President of the Committee.

Draughtsman & Spanish Wish Shape Well

Note Knight's Adventure, Connemara Rose & Jinanar

(By Our Special Correspondent)

POONA, August 16.

The absence of rain is very welcome and the track has recovered from the drenching received during the past fortnight. If the weather behaves well on Saturday timings should be very fast and the sport thrilling. The following gallops were noted:—

DRAUGHTSMAN (Dillon) gave great satisfaction in a 6 furlongs gallop. A much improved horse.

CRUSTY (Obaid) showed that he is in form when sent 6 furlongs.

MAID OF ORLEANS (Raffaele) accompanied STAFF OFFICER (Little) over 7 furlongs. Both finished resolutely. There are indications that Maid of Orleans has recovered her home form.

FOMAGNE (Dillon) was exercised with CAMILLE (Riding Boy) over 6 furlongs. The former showed to advantage.

THE GREEK (Raffaele) and DOPATTA (Riding Boy) covered 5 furlongs. Fair.

SPANISH WISH (Blyth) held TERNLET (Little) over 6 furlongs. The former is fit and well

LADY BRENDAN (Little) had THRACIAN PRINCE (Blyth) for company in a 6 furlongs gallop. Both are in fine trim.

FRANCOLIN (Selby) impressed over 7 furlongs on the tan. Should run well on Saturday.

SABRINO (Riding Boy) was superior to GLEN GOWAN (Meherji) over 6 furlongs.

FERMARCH (Reynolds) beat SLY ABBOT (O'Neale) by 5 lengths in a 6 furlongs gallop.

ACHIEVE (Manfi Suleiman) finished in front of GRECIAN ORB (Riding Boy) over 6 furlongs

ZORAWAR (Clarke) had RAGHUBEER (Riding Boy) well beaten in a 6 furlongs trial.

CONNEMARA ROSE (Stead) and CLENDENNEN (Little) finished level in a 6 furlongs gallop. Both are in tip-top condition.

KNIGHT'S ADVENTURE (Marrable) prevailed over FLOURISH (Riding Boy) in a 6 furlongs trial

SAFETY MATCH (Brace) pleased over 7 furlongs. She can win when wanted.

FAIRFORD (Marrable) got the better of AURANGZEBE (Riding Boy) in a 6 furlongs gallop.

PHILLIP SIDNEY (Dillon) travelled 6 furlongs. Fit and well.

JAYA KUMAR II (Obaid) went 6 furlongs. Fair.

SILVER LADY II (Brace) and GRECIAN (Riding Boy) covered 6 furlongs. Fair.

REDRESS (Blyth) was sent 6 furlongs on the tan. She moved very freely.

ASCALON (Stead) showed to advantage against IRISH SHADOW (Purtoosingh) over 6 furlongs. The former is in fine fettle.

PSALTERY (Raffaele) beat GENEROUS (Little) in a 4 furlongs spurt on the tan.

BELLE OF YORK (Meherji) went 6 furlongs in taking style Has improved.

KILFINANE (Harding) was superior to FORECAT (Hill) over 6 furlongs.

CHANSON (Northmore) finished slightly better than DRY SAND (Stead) in a mile gallop.

JINANAR (Riding Boy) covered 1-1/4 miles on the tan in fine style. Much improved.

THE VICEROY (Obaid) finished in front of WAALIM (Selby) over 1-1/4 miles on the tan. Keep an eye on the former.

BREACH (McCarthy) gave satisfaction in a 9 furlongs gallop. Fit.

MADHI (Selby) shaped very well in a 10 furlongs gallop. May spring a surprise.

COLLECTOR (Purtoosingh) galloped 10 furlongs. Fair.

ARAB QUEEN (Evans) travelled 1-1/4 miles. Improving.

BUSHBOOS (Dillon) made a favourable impression when sent 10 furlongs. Should win soon.

TAMIM (Riding Boy) held KUTUB (Whiteside) over a mile. The former must be noted.

ABDUL MALIK (Whiteside) went a mile. He needs a run or two.

JAFFAL (Riding Boy) showed up in a mile gallop. Has improved.

PUNJAB (Little) assisted RED FLOWER (Raffaele) in a mile gallop on the tan, finishing strongly. This pair have reached their best.

RUBDAN PASHA (Riding Boy) went a mile. Fair.

AMIR (Obaid) was not extended in a mile gallop. Fair.

KANDA (Dillon) was sent a mile. Notable improvement.

CHATTRASAL (Obaid) beat RAJA II (Bhimrao) in a rousing mile gallop. Watch the former.

ENGLISH STAR (Marrable) travelled a mile finishing well.

TAIR-AL-ZAMAN (McCarthy) was too good for WATCHMAKER II (Riding Boy) over a mile. The former is a much improved animal

WADYA BEG (Thompson) and AMAN (Riding Boy) covered a mile. Fair.

SILVER FISH (Riding Boy) showed to advantage against SOOMAIR (McQuade) in a mile gallop. The former will run well.

FIRSAN (Riding Boy) shaped better than KHUMAYSSA (Riding Boy) when sent a mile.

AZDASHIR (Obaid) was not extended in a mile gallop, but he is in fine trim at the moment.

SUHAIL PASHA (Dillon) gave satisfaction over a mile. Was left last time out.

The following have pleased in their work and must be noted:—

HEYDAY: JAHAN ARA: NICKEL: CRAWFORD: and LE MONT CHEVALIER.

Acceptances For Saturday's Races

Card Of Ten Events Necessitates Early Start

The following are the acceptances for the Third Day of the Poona Summer Meeting to be held on Saturday:—

1st Race: 2-0 p. m.

THE CHINCHWAD PLATE.—Distance 1 Mile. (Div. I.)

Winner, Rs. 1,250; second Rs. 400; third, Rs. 250. For Arabs in Class III. W. A. reduced 7 lbs. Penalties.—Winners after 31st October, 1933, of a race value Rs. 1,200 or over once, 7 lbs; twice, 12 lbs; oftener, 16 lbs. Allowance.—Ponies 14-0 hands and under, 4 lbs.

Firsan 9-3; Nayib al Muluk 8-1; Zainin 9; Mal Allah 9; Rubdan Pasha 8-10; Taj Saud 8-10; Lafty 8-10; Jaibala 8-10; Khamis 8-1; Vortex 8-8; Punjab 8-7; Dahes 8-7; Amalfi 8-7; Karim Beg 8-7; Suhail Pasha 8-6; Malik Beg 8-6; Amir 8-3 Tair al Zaman 8-3; Crawford 8-2; Pompeius 8-1½; Farewell 8-1; Alharith 8-1; Silver Fish 8-1; Lucky Day 8-1; Habib 8-1; Dolfuss 8-1; Flower Bed 8; Wansa 7-1.

2nd Race: 2-30 p. m.

THE CHINCHWAD PLATE.— Distance 1 Mile. (Div. II.)

Winner, Rs. 1,250; second Rs. 400; third, Rs. 250. For Arabs in Class III. W. A. reduced 7 lbs. Penalties.—Winners after 31st October, 1933, of a race value Rs. 1,200 or over once, 7 lbs; twice, 12 lbs; oftener, 16 lbs. Allowance.—Ponies 14-0 hands and under, 4 lbs.

Azdashir 9-5; Packard 9-3; Quinze 9-3; Jahan Ara 9; Hamdoon 8-8; Hitler 9; Al Hazar 9; Talwihin 8-13; Copper King II 8-13; Munir Beg 8-10; Kandahar 8-10; Aman 8-10; Gannas 8-10; Mint Master 8-10; Legion of Honour 8-8; Goodbye 8-8; Red Flower 8-8; Kanda 8-8; Al Mandoob 8-8; Mahoot 8-8; English Star 8-1; Hadban Beg 8-7; Lila 8-7; Havana 8-1; Soomair 8-1; Jaffal 8-1; Forat 8; King Forad 7-2.

3rd Race: 3-0 p. m.

THE TIGRIS PLATE.—Distance 1½ Miles. (Div. II.)

Winner, Rs. 1,700; second, Rs. 600; third, Rs. 250. A Handicap for Arabs in Classes I and II.

Banco 9-4; Goolab 9-2; Shiniar 9; The Viceroy 8-5; Shogat Aziz 8-13; Samra Layali 8-11; Jinanar 8-9; Yancos 8-9; Garibkhan 8-5; Broker 8-5; Nickel 8-4; Madhi 8-4; Murat 8-3; Khumayssa 8-2; Bahar noor 8-2; Tamim 8-1; Saada II 7-13; Injeman II 7-11; Abrash 7-11; Vita 7-7; Isfan 7-4.

4th Race: 3-30 p. m.

THE HOME BRED HANDICAP.—Distance 1 Mile 1 Furlong.

Winner, Rs. 1,700; second, Rs. 600; third, Rs. 250. A Handicap for Indian Horses in Class IV.

Rosette 10-3; Knight at Arms 9-7; Rose-water 10; Toute de Suite 9-11; Chanson 8-2; Dry Sand 7-13; Malaya 7-8; Eagle Queen 6-12; Devaka 6-12.

5th Race: 4-0 p. m.

THE CASTLETON PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs. (Div. I.)

Winner, Rs. 1,700; second, Rs. 600; third, Rs. 250. A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Miss Mount 9-4; Doreda 9-4; Sealwood 9; Long Dollar 8-11; Leicester Lady 8-11; Tijiro 8-9; Madge-Mee 8-8; Marten Orb 8-7; Ascalon 8-7; Truro 8-7; Sassaby 8-7; Away 8-7; Redress 8-5; Naidor 8-4; Bomshell 8-2; Galactic 8; Cherrymoir 7-12; Meadow Sweet 7-11; Quick Image 7-11; Shongweni 7-4.

6th Race: 4-30 p. m.

THE CASTLETOWN PLATE—Distance 6 Furlongs. (Div. II.)

Winner, Rs. 1,700; second, Rs. 600; third, Rs. 250. A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Irish Shadow 9-7; Betty Boop 9-2; Generous 9-2; Billaidee 9; Raghubeer 8-9; Uptojinks 8-7; Clairette 8-7; Forecat 8-6; Pomagne 8-5; Rose-water 8-4; Bedsocks 8-2; Sly Abbot 7-13; Kilfinane 7-11; Rejoice 7-11; Bachelor's Bess 7-7; Over 7-4; Thaxted 7.

7th Race: 5-0 p. m.

THE CHILDWICBURY HANDICAP—Distance 6 Furlongs. (Div. II.)

Winner, Rs. 2,250; second, Rs 600; third, Rs. 400. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Psaltery 9-7; Fairfold 9; Connemara Rose 9; Lord Wensleydale 8-10; Young Bachelor 8-7; Hollywood Nights 8-7; Bismarck II 8-7; Philip Sidney 8; Belle Legend 7-13; Wheelrace 7-9; Smoky Joe 7-9; Achieve 7-7; Rajpyari 7-4; Grand Raja 7.

8th Race: 5-30 p. m.

THE MAGDALA PLATE.—Distance 7 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 3,500; second, Rs. 1,100; third, Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class II.

Lochmore 9-4; Almeida 9-4; Cospatrick 9-2; Buland 9; Crusty 8-10; The Greek 8-7; Comprehension 7-9; Douceuse 8-7; Camille 8-6; Zecos 8-6; Lady Brendan 8-5; Spanish Wish 8-4; Carey Dennis 8-3; Draughtsman 8-3; Tracian Prince 8-3; Maid of Orleans 7-13; Francolin 7-13; Iran 7-11; Tangira 7-7; Sabrino 7-7; Shri Narayan 7-4; Knight's Adventure 7-4.

9th Race: 6-0 p. m.

THE CHILDWICKBURY HANDICAP.— Distance 6 Furlongs. (Div. I).

Winner, Rs. 2,250; second, Rs. 600; third, Rs. 400. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Cavern 9-7; Permarch 9; Tadema 8-11; Jackmore 8-7; Zorawar 8-6; Le Mont Chevalier 8-4; Starford 8-4; Jaya-Kumar II 8-4; Former 7-7; Heyday 8-3; Hero Worship 8-1; Provence Rose 8-1; Grecian 7-9; Magnitude 8; Witch Music 7-7; Golden Trail 7-4; Clendennen 6-13.

10th Race: 6-30 p. m.

THE TIGRIS PLATE.—Distance 1½ Mile. (Div. I.)

Winner, Rs. 2,500; second, Rs. 750; third, Rs. 500. A Handicap for Arabs in Classes I and II.

Al Hamil 9-7; Arab Queen 9-5; Abdul Malik 8-7; Sarsam; 8-7; Saifuldowla 8-7! Orient 8-4; Jai Bhawani II 8; Collector 8; Bushboos 7-13; Kabaila 7-11; Bulbul Hazar 7-9; Waalim 7-9; Regard 7-9; Zozan 7-6 Black Beauty 7.

The Special Staff of Port Police of Calcutta raided a house in North Calcutta and seized a loaded revolver with several live cartridges and arrested Kalachand from whose room these explosives were recovered.

FOREST HILLS TENNIS

Miss Jacobs Wins Despite Bad Ankle

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

FOREST HILLS, Aug. 15.

In the American Lawn Tennis Championship, third round, Miss Jacobs beat Mrs. Harris 5-7, 6-2, 6-3.

Miss Stammers beat Miss Vinthrop (Boston) 6-3, 6-0.

Miss James beat Miss Hunt (Los Angeles) 6-2, 6-4.

Miss Jacobs was permitted to wear spiked shoes after the first round because the court was very slippery and she was afraid of injuring her left ankle which was bound with tape, for neuritis.

AUSTRALIANS DEFEAT THE ARMY

Bradman Scores 79 For Tourists

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Aug. 15.

At Aldershot in a one-day match between the Australians and the Army, the tourists won by six wickets, and then continued batting.

The Army made 110 (O'Reilly 3 for 17; Bromley 3 for for 21.) The Australians put on 194 for seven. Bradman, who made his first appearance since his thigh injury during the Test Match at Leeds, scored 79.

NANDY'S REVUE AT EXCELSIOR

The Nandy's Revue Co. will present a very interesting programme at the Excelsior Theatre this Saturday. It includes Hungarians, Spanish, American, Chinese, French and Oriental dances.

Woodfull Is Alleged To Have Given Threat

Would Lead Australians Off Field If Voce Played At The Oval

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Aug. 16.

A threat to lead the Australians off the field if Voce played in the Oval Test Match and bowled leg-theory, was made by Woodfull when Voce bowled leg-theory against the Australians at Trent Bridge, according to "The Daily Mirror." The paper adds that in view of the threat it is most unlikely that Voce will be asked to play at the Oval.

Meanwhile, Sir Stanley Jackson has stated that he could not say whether or not the selectors would ask Voce to play. He said Voce was in the same position as any other cricketer, and denied the report that one of the selectors declared that if Larwood or Voce played in the Test he would not be allowed to bowl as he liked.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Shravan Shud 7 1990
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Avval 6 1353
Parsi: Aspandad 15 1303
Sunrise: 6h 19m
Sunset: 7h 6m
High Water: 3-51 15-26
Low Water: 9-43 22-11
Harwood League: City Police vs. Portuguese—Cooperage at 5-50 p.m.

SATURDAY, Aug 18.

S S. Narkunda, with homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.
Harwood League: Royal Warwicks vs. 3rd Field Bdge., R.A., Kirkee—Cooperage at 5-50 p.m.
Rugby: Bombay Gymkhana v. Garrison XV—Oval at 5-45 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE

Superscribed mails for Jedda (Hedjaz) per s.s. 'Jehangir' via Karachi will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 p.m. on Monday the 20th instant.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The P and O mail steamer 'Rawalpindi' with the mails from London of the 9th instant passed Suez at 10 p. m. on the 15th instant.

Messrs. Dollar Steamship Lines s. s. 'President Garfield V-34' left Singapore on the 14th instant via Colombo with passengers and general cargo for Bombay. She will arrive in Bombay on the 23rd instant and sail again on the 24th instant with passengers and cargo for Suez, Port Said, Alexandria, Naples, Genoa, Marseilles, New York and Boston.

The O S K steamer 'Pacific Maru' left Singapore on August 12, and is due to arrive in Bombay on August 25 via Penang and Colombo.

The O S K steamer 'Havana Maru' left Moji on August 14 and is due to arrive in Bombay on September 8 via usual ports.

GIRGAUM DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE

An urgent meeting of the Managing Council of the Girgaum District Congress Committee will be held at 7 p. m. (S. T.) to-day (Friday) at the office premises.

TIVIMNENSES UNION

Under the auspices of the above Union the annual gathering of Tivimnenses was held at the Institute Luso-Indiano Hall on Saturday last. There was a fairly large gathering of Tivimnenses and after the Presidential address dancing took place till the small hours.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY EMPLOYEES' UNION

The annual general meeting of the Bombay Centre of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Employees' Union will be held to-day (Friday) at 6 p.m. in Dhuru Hall, Dadar, when fresh office-bearers of the Centre will be elected and a number of resolutions will be passed containing the demands and the grievances of the workers of the Bombay Division.

LAKSHA-ARCHANA POOJAN

Swami Sadhanananda of Sahyagiri is conducting a sacred Laksha-archana poojan to Sri Raja Rajeswari at the residence of Mr. N. Ramachandra, No. 1, Jashavji Bhuvan, next to Dr. Krishnan's dispensary, Matunga, (G. I. P.) from 12-8-34 for 9 days ending on Tuesday (21st instant). All may visit poojan at mornings and evenings.

BOMBAY BOY SCOUTS' ASSOCIATION

The annual boxing tournament of the Bombay Boy Scouts Local Association will be held at the Local Association Headquarters the Chunilal Mehta Scout Hut to-day (Friday) and to-morrow (Saturday) commencing at 6-30 p.m. on both the days. Cubs, Scouts and Rovers will take part in the same.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

EXCELSIOR—"Voltaire" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Tarzan" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Ever Since Eve". Daily at 6-30 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Double Harness" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CARLTON—"Just Imagine" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Come on Marines"! Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"An all-cartoon programme". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Raja Shriyal" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Suvarna-Mandir" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Gulsanovar" Time as usual.
EDWARD—"Welcome Danger" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Ambrish" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

12-0 noon Indian Select Hour. 1-0 p.m. Bombay Market: Available Rates. European Lunch Time Music. 6-30 p.m. Light Music. Mrs. Dina S. Dastoor. 7-0 p.m. Instrumental Music. 7-30 p.m. Talk—"The Australian Scout Jamboree". By C. H. Tyrrel, 8-30 p.m. Empire Relay if reception is satisfactory. 9-0 p.m. General News in Hindi and Commercial 9-25 p.m. Weather Report and News Bulletin in English Richard Meredith on Current Films. Jos. Ghisleri and His Symphonians. 11-0 p. m. Close Down.

EMPIRE BROADCASTING

7-15 p.m. Time Signal from Big Ben. News Bulletin and Announcements. 7-35 p.m. The B.B.C. Dance Orchestra, directed by Henry Hall. 8-20 p.m. Charles Manning and his Orchestra, relayed from the Granada, Walthamstow, London. 8-45 p.m. The Drawing-room of the Empire, a talk. 9-00 p.m. The Hotel Metropole Orchestra. 9-45 p.m. The B. B. C. Dance Orchestra directed by Henry Hall. 10-30 News Bulletin and Announcements. 10-50 p.m. British Female Singers, (gramophone records). 11-00 p.m. The Northern Studio Orchestra, directed by John Bridge

"AMBRISH" FOR LADIES

Ambika Movietone of Bombay has given a special show of their classical talkie "Ambrish" for ladies to-day (Friday) at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.). at the Majestic.

BOMBAY THEOSOPHICAL FEDERATION

Mr. Harjivan K. Mehta, Jt. Gen. Secy. Indian Section, T. S. will give a lecture in Gujarati at the Theosophical Society, Blavatsky Lodge Hall, French Bridge, Chowpatty, to-day (Friday) 6-30 p.m. (S. T.) on "Bhakti-Yoga."

INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER

The following candidates have been nominated for election on the Bombay Legislative Council from the Indian Merchants' Chamber constituency:

Mr. Hoosenbhoy A. Lalljee.
Mr. Lakhmidas Rowjee Tairsee.

The voting in connection with this election will take place at the office of the Chamber on Monday, the 20th August 1934 from 11 a.m. to 5 p.m. (S. T.).

MUSLIM PUBLIC MEETING

A public meeting of the Muslims of Bombay will be held under the auspices of Mangrol Muslim Seva Mandal to-day (Friday) in the Mahfil Hall, Pinjrapole Street at 9-30 p.m. (S. T.) under the presidentship of Kazi Syed Mahbub Shah Saheb Husain, Kazi of Bombay to protest against the propaganda of a handful of Jains regarding the rights of the Muslims in Mangrol to kill cows.

OPENING TO-MORROW
At 4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.

THE REGAL

The Great ADVENTURE of this Generation!

VILLA—most colourful figure in modern history, whose raids and revels, orgies and triumph thundered across the front pages of the world—rides again!

10 MONTHS TO PRODUCE IT
160 CAMERAS FILMED IT
10,000 PEOPLE IN ITS CAST.

PEARL MILL REOPENED

Bought Over By Amersey Damodar & Co.

The Pearl Mill one of the mills of the Currimbhoy group of mills which have gone into liquidation has been bought over by Messrs. Amersey Damodhar and Co. whose senior partner is Mr. Haridas Madavdas the President of the East India Cotton Association.

The mill which came into full possession of Messrs. Amersey Damodhar and Co. on Wednesday was declared open on Thursday by Sir Purushotamdas Thakurdas. The formal opening of the mill was proceded by an imposing yagnya in accordance with Hindu custom of Grahasudhi.

This is one of the best mills of the group and the present purchasers got it at a cheap price of thirteen lakhs of rupees

It is expected that the mill will be in full working condition in about a weeks time.—A. P.

SETH MATHURADAS WITHDRAWS

Resignation Of Merchants Chamber's Presidentship

The Secretary of the Indian Merchants' Chamber writes:—

"Seth Mathuradas Vissanji has withdrawn his resignation as President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber.

"Satisfaction is expressed from all quarters of the Chamber at his withdrawal."

OFFICERS AND ORGANISATION

(Through the Publicity Committee of the Congress Reception Committee).

Dr. N. S. Hardiker, formerly Secretary-General of the Hindustani Seva Dal, will talk to the Cadets of the Officers' Training Camp, to-day (Friday) at 8 p. m. (S. T.), at the premises of the Camp, Jinnah Hall, Congress House.

The lecture is not open to the public. The subject of the lecture is "Organisation."

INDUSTRIAL INVESTMENT TRUST.

BOMBAY, Aug. 16.

The subscribed capital of the Industrial Investment Trust Limited has reached one crore of rupees. The list is now closed.—A. P.

B. E. A.

Under the auspices of the Best Employees' Association, Mr. Stanley Jepson, Editor of "The Illustrated Weekly of India" will deliver a lecture on "Indian Wild Animals and their ways" to-day (Friday) at 5-45 p.m. (S. T.) in Electric House. Mr. K. D. Kanga, M.A. (Hons.) will be in Chair.

WHERE MOSQUITO IS DETECTED

The following is the list of places in Bombay City where Anopheles stephensi, the Malaria carrying mosquito, was detected breeding during the week ending August 11.

Junction of Hornby Road and Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road: Building under construction (Water collection).

Apollo Pier Road: Building under construction (Barrel).

Thakurdwar Road: Building No. 24-D (Pool of water)

Bellasis Road: Building No. 333 (Tub).

Kalachowki Road: No. 157 (Cotton Mill) (Overhead tank)

Reay Road: No. 230 (Atlas Mill) (Open channel drain).

'C' WARD D. C. C.

An urgent meeting of the Council of the 'C' Ward D. C. C. was held on Tuesday. The following members were confirmed as elected to the B. P. C. C. according to the report of the Scrutineers.

1. Ratansi Jetha
2. Kanaiyalal Munshi
3. Jayant Dalal
4. Nagindas Master
5. Gajendra Sharma
6. Bhaskar Patel
7. Ganpatishankar Desai
8. Yusuf Meherali
9. K. K. Shah
10. Ramniklal Choksi
11. Manibhai Desai
12. Manibhai Sheth
13. Jethmal Narandas.

It was resolved to hold the annual meeting of the 'C' Ward D. C. C. on 9th September at 4 p.m.

It was resolved to thank the Committee of the Bhatia Mahajan Wadi for giving the Wadi for Election and facilitate the work.

PANDAL SUB-COMMITTEE MEETING

A meeting of the Pandal and Delegates Camp Construction Sub-Committee, will be held at the Congress House, to-day (Friday) at 6 p.m. (S. T.).

Free Press Financial News!

STALE ITEMS FLASHED AS LATEST

"The "Free Press" published, in its issue of the 15th instant a Free Press cable under the heading "To Fix Gold and Silver Ratio," the news contained in which had already published in the "Bombay Chronicle' in its issue of the 12th August under a double column headline "U. S. Resumes Talk With Foreign Countries." In order to give an idea to the commercial community of the staleness of the news, published by the "Free Press" we give below the telegrams published by us and our contemporary:—

LONDON, Aug. 11.

"The Daily Telegraph's" Washington correspondent understands that as a sequel to the silver proclamation, the Administration is to resume unofficial talks with foreign countries with a view to bring about an early assembly of an International Conference to discuss financial stabilisation, the chief aim being an agreement on stabilised standard of monetary value of both gold and silver.

The Washington correspondent of "The Times" also foreshadows an eventual summoning of an international monetary conference and says that in the meanwhile the probable statutory gold content of dollar will soon be again reduced by a presidential decree. —Reuter.

LONDON, Aug. 14.

It is reported from New York that Mr. Morgenthau is planning to begin conversations shortly with representatives in Washington of the principal foreign Governments in an endeavour to secure agreement on silver policy.

The ultimate goal in view, it is stated, is an international monetary pact fix ing the ratio between gold and silver.—Free Press.

It is obvious that the news covered by Reuter's on 11th August is published two days later by our contemporary as its latest financial news.

After the publication of this item we made inquiries regarding the latest developments about the proposal to call an international Conference on the question of Silver and we have received the following telegram through the courtesy of Reuter's from London:—

LONDON, Aug. 15.

New York.—Report that International Conference likely to be called to conclude monetary pact is entirely speculative and is without any present basis.

APPEAL AGAINST CONVICTION UNDER GAMBLING ACT

High Court Rejects Revisional Application

The revisional application filed by Phirozsha Hormusji Patel against the order of Mr. B.S. Cooper and Mr. Ditchburn, Hon. Presidency Magistrates, Girgaon Court, sentencing him to a fine of Rs. 20 or a week's rigorous imprisonment or in default, for an offence under Section 12 of the Prevention of Gambling Act, was rejected by the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Sen at the High Court.

Mr. Fazal G.R. Khairaz appeared for the petitioner and Mr. P. B. Shingne, Government Pleader, for the Crown.

"SATTA-SLIPS INSIDE SHOES."

It was alleged by the prosecution that the petitioner was receiving "satta" bets in Kumbharvada 3rd Lane, on the night of July 22, 1933, and was arrested by Deputy-Inspector McCarthy and Sub-Inspector Samant of the Maharbawdi Police Station.

From the person of the petitioner were found two printed record-books of American Cotton, some issues of "Moti Daily News," two printed books of American Cotton Figures and a diary containing the closing and opening market figures for every day. At the Police Station, where the petitioner was searched again, six "satta"-slips were found inside his shoes.

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST POLICE.

The petitioner made several allegations against the Police. He stated that he was forcibly searched, without a "panch." Among the things found on his person was a letter, dated 14-7-1932 addressed by him to the Police Commissioner, complaining that Police Officers allowed "satta" betting to go on in public. On seeing this letter, he alleged, the officers, dragged him to the Police Station and ill-treated him, stating that the petitioner was a Police-informant, and was working against the subordinate police officers.

When the case came up for hearing before the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Sen at the High Court on Thursday afternoon, the Government Pleader, at the outset, drew their Lordships' attention to the fact that the petitioner had come in for revision, ten months after the judgment was delivered by the Hon. Presidency Magistrates, and that the reason alleged by the petitioner for the delay was not borne out by the report of the Magistrates.

QUESTION OF DELAY.

Mr. Khairaz submitted that the question of delay had been already considered by Mr. Justice Wadia and Mr. Justice Divatia in July last, when admitting the application.

The Government Pleader said that their Lordships then were not in possession of the full facts, because they had not then before them the report of the Magistrates.

Mr. Khairaz contended that there was no definite period within which a revisional application must necessarily be made, and their Lordships had power, upon good cause shown, to hear such applications at any time, whenever there was a palpable failure of justice.

OBJECTION OVER-RULED.

Their Lordships over-ruled the objection of the Government Pleader.

Mr. Khairaz, arguing for the petitioner, said that the petitioner was a respectable Parsi hawker of stationery. He had lived all his life in Bombay and bore an unblemished reputation till he was dragged to the Court for the first time in this case. He had acted as an informant to several Police Commissioners, as his voluminous records, extending over several years would show.

Mr. Khairaz then dealt with the facts of the case, when the Chief Justice enquired about the betting slips alleged to have been found on the petitioner's person

Mr. Khairaz said that according to the evidence of Mr. McCarthy, no betting slips were found. But the Magistrates' judgment was on the footing that betting-slips were found from his shoes, when he was searched at the Police Station.

Mr. Khairaz explained that if he was accepting bets in a public street, betting-slips would have been found on his person when he was first searched at the place where he was arrested.

LETTER TO POLICE CHIEF.

Mr. Justice Sen enquired if the letter addressed to the Police Commissioner found on his person was part of the records of the case.

Mr. Khairaz said, it was part of the records. In that letter, the petitioner complained that certain police officers allowed gaming to be carried on within their sections.

The Chief Justice then asked about the printed books and papers found on the petitioner's person. Did this not raise a suspicion that would lead the Magistrates to the conclusion that they had reached?

Mr. Khairaz said, if the publication of these papers was not an offence under any law, how could the possession or reading thereof be an offence? How could the Magistrates be justified in drawing the inference that because the petitioner had these papers, he was dealing in "satta" bets?

The Chief Justice observed that in the absence of any explanation, a matter that raised a suspicion, afforded some evidence against the accused.

POLICE INFORMANT.

Counsel said that the petitioner was a Police-informant, and could not venture into the company of gamblers, without such incriminating documents. Otherwise, his identity would be suspected, and he would be in danger.

The Chief Justice observed that there was some evidence against the petitioner and he did not think the Court could interfere.

Mr. Khairaz said, he was not in a position to contend that there was no evidence. But he asked whether the evidence on record was sufficient to warrant the conviction. That was a question of law, which their Lordships were competent to consider.

APPLICATION REJECTED.

The Chief Justice observed that had this been an appeal, their Lordships would have gone into the evidence. But they did not intend to do so in revision.

In the result, their Lordships rejected the application.

VOTE FOR NATIONALISTS

"A Nationalist" writes:—

Elections to four seats on the Board of East India Cotton Association, from the Brokers' Panel take place to-day (Friday). Cast your votes for your favourites among the Nationalists. They are:—

(1) Jamnadas Adhukia.
(2) Prataprai Amritlal.
(3) Brajlal R. Arungta.
(4) Ramdeo Poddar and
(5) Cheranjilal Goyalka.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

"Buddha Prabha"

The July (1934) issue of this journal of the Buddha Society, Bombay, is a Dr. Nair Commemorative and Buddha Jayanti Number. The tributes paid to the memory of the late Dr. A. L. Nair, Founder of the Buddha Society and well-known philanthropist of Bombay, who passed away in March last, are collected and published in this issue, together with a biographical sketch. Son of a Private in an Indian regiment, who was none-too-highly endowed with riches, the late Dr. Nair displayed even during his early educational career those qualities of head and heart which, in later years, went to make him one of the leading manufacturers in the City as well as one of its conspicuous benefactors. The reputed firm of Messrs. N. Powell and Co., with its workshop of surgical instruments and hospital equipments—the largest of its kind in India—is a monument to Dr. Nair's pioneering enterprise and business abilities, while the Bai Yamunabai L. Nair Charitable Hospital and the National Medical College owe their existence wholly or mostly to his munificent philanthropy.

The Buddha Society, which he founded twelve years ago, has been an active instrument of the propagation of the priceless teachings of Bhagwan Buddha in Bombay and outside. The latest Annual Report of the Society shows that at the end of June last there were 3 patrons, 46 life-members and 47 ordinary members—which is not a satisfactorily large membership for a city like Bombay. The Committee of the Society appeal to the general public to extend their helping hand to the noble cause so carefully nurtured by the late Dr. Nair.

Time Signal

There is very little chance of the citizens of Bombay having the system of dimming electric lights for a few seconds every evening to enable them to regulate their watches. The Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company, to whom this matter was referred, have reported that they receive electric power at four or five different places in bulk from the Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Company and that it is not feasible for them to dim the lights in the City as suggested. Besides, dimming of the lights would necessarily mean the slowing down of the voltage and would affect the railway service. Many other cities in the Presidency, however, are better placed in this matter than Bombay. In Poona, for instance, an arrangement is made with the electric company there to dim the light at a particular time to enable the people to regulate their watches. Some years ago, there was a gun fire at 1 p.m. in Bombay to enable the people to know the correct time, but this, too, has stopped now.

HIS MEMORY WILL EVER REMAIN GREEN

Indian Merchants' Tributes To "Ramji's" Memory

The Secretary of the Indian Merchants' Chamber writes:—

The Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, at their meeting held on Wednesday, have passed the following resolution on the death of Sir Munmohandas Ramji, Kt.

"The Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber record their sense of great loss to the Indian Commercial community in the death of Sir Manmohandas Ramji. He was the founder of this Chamber and its President and he has rendered invaluable services. His memory will ever remain green in the hearts of those who worked with him, his colleagues and all those who knew him. Bombay has lost in him an outstanding citizen, and India a great patriot. For more than a generation he occupied a central place in the public life of the city and of the country. The Committee desire to place on record their appreciation of the great services rendered by Sir Munmohandas".

Thereafter the Committee adjourned without transacting any further business as a mark of respect to his memory.

PATHE

THE FINEST CINEMA IN BOMBAY.

TO-DAY ONLY

RICHARD ARLEN
IDA LUPINO
IN

"COME ON MARINES"

Comedy, Adventure, Thrills

DON'T MISS IT

TO-MORROW
Paramount's Super Musical

BING CROSBY
CAROLE LOMBARD
GEORGE BURNS
AND
GRACIE ALLEN
ETHEL MERMAN
LEON ERROL
IN

"WE'RE NOT DRESSING"

With 8 New Song Hits

It's Entirely Different To Any Musical Comedy You've Ever Seen.

Book Now. 'Phone 41561.

THE REGAL

LAST NIGHT AT 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

TARZAN AND HIS MATE

JOHNNY WEISSMULLER

THE CAPITOL

To-night at 6-30 & 10 p.m.

.. The play that broke records
.... IN LONDON

DOUBLE HARNESS

with the Year's "Team" Sensation.

ANN HARDING
WILLIAM POWELL

Telephone No. 22037, Post Box No. 322. Telegrams "Chronicle." Registered No. B-1068.

The Bombay Chronicle

Red House, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY FRIDAY, AUGUST 17, 1934

CONGRESSMEN'S DUTY

The open-letter of Messrs. N. C. Kelkar and Jamnadas Mehta to Messrs. Malaviya and Aney on the formation of the Nationalist Party, and the statement issued by Mr. S.D. Deo, President, Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee, on the same subject, should give Pandit Malaviya and Mr. Aney much to think, if they have at all an open mind on the question at this time. Messrs. Kelkar and Mehta do not at all approve of forming a new Party to contest the Assembly elections. Some of their reasons for disapproving of that course, are sound and illuminating. They say:

"The Nationalist Party will have to be open to all those who agree with you, so far as the Communal Award question is concerned. This entails the necessity of admitting persons in your party who are not necessarily Congressmen. This means that the new Party will constitute itself as a rival Party to the Congress, which is most undesirable, in all conscience. It will be a fruitful source of many awkward positions. For example, those people, who will join the new Party, will be with you so far as the White Paper and the Communal Award issues are concerned. But they may vote on other points against the Congress programme, perhaps even with the Government. This spectacle of the members of the new Party ranging themselves in opposition to the Congress is not a happy one and there will be a day when you may have to repent for it."

Drift From Congress

The contingencies suggested in the above are not at all unlikely. The proposal to admit non-Congressmen to the Party is not going to be the first step towards Moderatism. Nor will the drift towards the Hindu Mahasabha stop at breaking away from the Congress on the question of the Communal Award. Already we are told that the Party will not approve of "legislative interference in religious matters," though even the Mahasabha, we believe, supports the Anti-Untouchability Bills now before the Assembly. It will not be long before the Nationalist Party will be not only anti-Congress, but representative of the most orthodox section of the Mahasabha. Incidentally, we note that the founders of the Party are reticent on the all-important question of the Constituent Assembly, though sometimes they speak as if their difference with the Congress were only with regard to the Communal Award. The Nationalists' Conference at Calcutta should make the Party's position clear on this point. But we are not very confident that the Party will identify itself with the idea of a Constituent Assembly.

Stand By The Congress

While disapproving of a new party, Messrs. Kelkar and Jamnadas suggest that the Nationalists should make common cause with the Democratic Swaraj Party started last year. Now, the latter Party is not heard of outside Maharashtra, while the Nationalist Party is expected to serve the whole of India. In these circumstances it is not clear how the two parties can make common cause with regard to elections outside Maharashtra. And as regards this particular province, a Pact has been formed between the Congress Parliamentary Board and the Democratic Swaraj Party. We are curious to know how in Maharashtra the selection of candidates can be made acceptable to all the three parties. More light is also needed on the implications of the Pact with regard to the Maharashtra candidates' attitude towards the Communal Award. Messrs. Kelkar and Mehta point out in their open letter that the Democratic Swaraj Party has, "as one of its fundamentals, the rejection of the Communal Award." Is it to be understood that the candidates of the Party, if approved by the Congress Parliamentary Board, are free to vote against the Award in the Assembly and to carry on agitation against it in the country? The Pact ought not to be allowed to affect the Parliamentary Board's attitude towards the Award. Mr. Deo is more emphatic in condemning the starting of the Nationalist Party and points out that many in Maharashtra insist on "maintaining discipline in the Congress ranks and presenting a united front to the Government, and do not, therefore, favour any action which is detrimental to the Congress prestige in the country." He accordingly appeals to all Congressmen in Maharashtra "to abide by the decision of the Working Committee and to do nothing that would work against the spirit of the Pact with the Democratic Swaraj Party." It is the duty not only of Maharashtra but also of the whole country to stand by the Congress at all cost and not to give the least encouragement to those who knowingly or unknowingly seek to undermine its influence. This is particularly the duty of Congressmen in Bengal, the Punjab and Sind, where attempts are being made by communalists to decoy the people from their duty to the Congress. On the eve of the Congress election campaign in U.P., Gandhiji has sent the following message to Congressmen in the Province: "Hope all Congressmen will respect the Congress mandate." Let this message be itself a mandate to the whole country.

Muslims Must Respond

The joint election manifesto issued from Simla by the leaders of the Muslim Conference and Muslim League follows the lines indicated by the resolutions which they had passed earlier. The manifesto does not need to be commented upon at length. As was only to be expected it stands, in a word, for Separate Electorates and whatever else in whatever way, Great Britain, in her generosity, may choose to bestow upon us. The manifesto may amount, as it, indeed, does, to an open and shameless betrayal of National, of even communal, patriotism. But it fully vindicates the reputation of these bodies for reactionary opportunism. And we rather welcome it as constituting a self-confessed exposure of the fraud that has been masquerading as championship of Muslim rights.

In healthy and wholesome contrast to the Simla manifesto is the statement made to our Aligarh correspondent by Nawab Mahomed Ismail Khan, the President of the Muslim Unity Board. The Nawab is a Muslim—and with a praiseworthy record of service to the community, not that of subservience to the Powers-that-be. But he is also an Indian patriot. He, therefore, refuses to sell his country and community for a mess of pottage. That is why he whole-heartedly welcomes the policy of the Congress, pays a tribute to its statesmanship and is sure that "its new policy will inspire confidence among Musalmans." His defence of the Congress is complete and we have no doubt that, as he thinks, the Muslim community agrees with him. Congress having done its duty as a national organisation, it is now for the Musalmans to discharge their national duty by responding to the call of the Congress. And we are confident that, under the leadership of men like the President of the Unity Board, the Muslim response will, in its fulness, be worthy as much of the great community as of the great common cause for which Congress stands.

DUAL SYSTEM IN HIGH COURT

A Scandal That Must Be Mended Or Ended

(BY JUNIUS)

II

The last article dealt with one aspect of the dual system, which is not an essential aspect of it, but happens to be incidental to it. A few points on this aspect have been left out and will be dealt with in this article.

Frequently a senior Counsel holds briefs in a number of courts that are certain to come up simultaneously. It is absolutely impossible and out of question for him to attend four courts at a time and so he takes fees for doing nothing in three courts in which he cannot attend. The fault is not entirely his, as some attorneys insist on forcing a brief on a senior Counsel although he informs them that it is impossible for him to attend; attorneys do so because their clients insist on a particular Counsel being briefed.

Monopoly

Of the miscellaneous work like "Chamber Summons" and "Notices of Motion" in which really the juniors should get a chance, the seniors have made an absolute monopoly.

At least two seniors, but generally three or four, will refuse to hold any brief in any other Court on the Chamber Day or on Notice of Motion Day with the result that attorneys brief them in practically each and every matter in Chambers. They get an average of four gold mohurs for each matter, and each matter on the average takes about fifteen minutes. Even when a Consent Order is to be taken on a Chamber Summons or on a Notice of Motion, or when an adjournment is to be asked for, the Seniors will not miss the chance of pocketing two gold mohurs each for such Consent or Adjournment.

Unfair

The writer was once surprised to see a well-known Senior personally appear in six Consent Orders in one morning. This is perfectly disgraceful, as all such minor miscellaneous work should be lefe to juniors and it is unfair of the Seniors to accept briefs in such matters.

Another category of work which should belong to the Juniors and which should be refused by the Seniors is the work of drawing up pleadings. When a Senior is asked to draw up a Plaint or Written Statement, he not seldom passes it on to one of the Juniors reading in his Chamber who takes all the trouble and does all the work which the Senior signs, passes it off as his own, and pockets the fee given for the purpose without giving a pie to the Junior who did all the work. Frequently opinions are worked up by juniors and authorities are hunted up by them but the Seniors get all the credit for it as far as the fee goes.

Waste of Litigants' Money.

The system of paying two gold mohurs to a Counsel as a retainer is not justified when the Counsel after taking the retaining fee, cannot take up the brief, because he is engaged elsewhere. It may be fair for Counsel to receive a retaining fee, if, long before the matter comes up, he is asked not to accept the brief of the other side, but it is unfair of him to accept the retaining fee if, ultimately, when the brief is offered to him, he cannot accept it. Much of the litigant's money is unnecessarily wasted on Conference fees. It may be necessary to hold one conference, but often Counsel insists on having four or five conferences to take oral instructions from the attorney when he has not read through the brief. This is due to a Counsel holding too many briefs at a time on a single day, on the off chance of attending as many as he can.

It is not a rare sight to see a Counsel fumble in court because he is not prepared and does not understand the matter properly, and has to depend on every sentence that he utters on the promptings of the attorney. The system of judges granting adjournments for the convenience of counsel, who is on his legs in another court, is undesirable, as it encourages counsel to hold more briefs than he can manage.

"Basudi Club"

The marking of fees on briefs should be standardised, and should not be arbitrary as it is at present. Before accepting briefs counsel will sometimes haggle over the brief fee, which is very undignified. A counsel will sometimes accept a brief and appear for the same on the first day when he has no other work, but if he happens to get a more profitable brief on the next day, he will leave the first incomplete suit to his junior and take on the new and more

(Continued on Page 8)

SAVE OUR CHILDREN

Need For Inculcating The Ideal Of National Unity Among Children Of Our Municipal Schools To Inoculate Them Against The Poison Of Communalism

By K. F. NARIMAN.

I.

In last week's debate in the Corporation an important matter came up for consideration that deserves to be noted here, more particularly, as it has not even been referred to in any of the press-reports of the Corporation proceedings. The subject is of great interest at this juncture, because it has a wider significance and incidentally goes far beyond the normal narrow scope of civic affairs.

8 Years' Cogitation

On 28th February 1927, the Corporation passed the following resolution No. 12016:—

"That the Schools Committee be requested to consider the desirability of drawing up a simple set of lessons in elementary hygiene and "national unity" to be taught in municipal primary schools and submit the same for the approval of the Corporation before introducing them in their schools."

The date of this important resolution deserves to be carefully noted; it was passed in the beginning of 1927 and the Schools Committee's report dated July 1934 came up for discussion in August 1934. That is, it took nearly eight long years for our "expeditious" and "energetic" Schools Committee to consider this simple matter and the precious report that took eight years to draft and submit, is again worthy of note and re-production; these wise men and women of Gothams, after wrangling for some years, came to the following timid conclusion on this most vital question of "national unity":—

"As to the lessons to be written on the question of "National Unity", the Committee submit that the task is fraught with various complications which it will be difficult to remove. The individuality of the teacher is a very great factor in teaching such a subject. However desirable it may be to inculcate such an ideal in our schools, it is not possible to get it done with advantage by a set of prescribed lessons."

Nothing Doing

Thus in a few unconvincing words, in a most perfunctory manner, after nearly eight years' labour, they have disposed of one of the most vital matters, that ever came for discussion, before the Schools Committee and the Corporation. According to this dictum of the Schools Committee, the best way to solve a difficult and intricate question, although important and essential, is to leave it alone and not to touch it at all, whereas we should have expected them, as a group of educationists, to have set a better example, in perseverance and tenacity, before the student community. The proper attitude should have been that because the problem is difficult and intricate, we propose to devote more time, attention and energy for its solution, so as to produce some tangible and useful results. However, it is no use criticising or condemning the past. We do not know at whose door to lay the blame; during this long period, so many School Committees have changed and so many members have come and gone. So let us consider the future position.

Luckily, the Corporation was pursuaded to accept my amendment, whereby this unsatisfactory report is sent back to the Schools Committee, with a particular request to reconsider their decision, with regard to this subject and devise ways and means to bring about the desired effect, viz., to inculcate an ideal of National unity amongst children of Municipal schools so that they may be reared up into better citizens. I think all will agree, that howsoever small a beginning this may be, still it is a step in the right direction and let us hope that the Schools Committee of the Bombay Municipality will be able to devise a comprehensive scheme for all primary schools under its charge, that may ultimately be the nucleus for an All-India plan on a country-wide scale. The ideal and sentiments of national unity, inculcated in the tender minds of little children before their mature minds are poisoned at a later stage by the sinister propaganda of mischievous communalists, would certainly help, at least the coming generation, to form a unified consolidated nationhood for the country, and thus automatically solve the intricate problem that almost defies solution at the present juncture.

(To Be Continued.)

Frankly Speaking

HINDENBURG'S TESTAMENT.

A Berlin message says that the publication of Hindenburg's "political testament" is likely to create "a first class political sensation." It is bound to do so, although the nature of the "sensation" outside will probably be different from that within Germany herself. The purpose of the Nazis in broadcasting it almost on the eve of the so-called "plebiscite" is quite obvious. But there are a few points about the "political testament" which are rather curious. It is a document published officially although its very existence had officially been denied. It seeks to explain the dead President's feelings towards Herr Hitler as if he heartily welcomed the latter as the longed-for "rock." If that is so, it is difficult to understand the thinly veiled hostility between Reichswehr and the Brown Shirts. And it is absolutely impossible to understand the humiliation to which Von Papen, Hindenburg's right hand man, had been recently subjected regardless even of his official position as the Vice-Chancellor.

ESSENCE OF THE PROBLEM.

In his reply to Mr. Saxena on the Council-entry question raised by Mr. Rafi Ahmad Kidwai and others, Sardar Vallabhbhai very rightly says: "The withdrawal of the programme is absolutely out of the question. We should leave no stone unturned to secure success for the largest number of Congress candidates in order to maintain Congress honour and prestige." This is the essence of the problem which cannot be emphasised too much. Whatever be the rights or wrongs of Council Entry—there are many Congressmen who would sympathise with the points of view of the opponents—what matters now and matters vitally is the position of Congress at the polls. And this for the very simple reason that defeat will mean a blow to the honour and prestige of the Congress, which no Congressman worth his allegiance to the organisation can contemplate with equanimity.

NO COMPROMISE.

The position in the Legislative Assembly with regard to the Army Bill is extremely interesting, though very embarrassing to Government. But we hope that the feverish attempts at a compromise will not end in one prejudicial to the important principle involved in Sir Abdur Rahim's amendment. The amendment required that the status of the Indian Commissioned Officers shall be the same as that of the British Officers in the Indian Army. This vital principle admits of no compromise, and it is no wonder that a very large number of members of the Assembly support it without any reservation. Fearing that the amendment might be carried, Col. Lumby raised a point of order, saying that the Indian Legislature was not competent to enact such a provision and that His Majesty alone had the right to frame regulations on the subject. The President, however, gave a ruling that the amendment was quite in order. Backed with this ruling, the Opposition would in all probability have carried the amendment, but Government beat a hasty retreat and are now attempting some sort of compromise. But no compromise should be allowed to reduce by one jot or tittle the just claim of Indian Officers to complete equality with British Officers.

MITHA'S PENANCE.

We can readily sympathise with the feelings and regrets of Mr. Abdur Rahman Mitha. A true Congressman cannot but experience genuine grief at malpractices that "lower the prestige of the Congress." But, quite frankly, we are unable to sympathise with the drastic penance which he proposes to undergo. Fasting has now become an epidemic of an ineffective remedy for all ills and we seriously ask if Mr. Mitha will achieve his objective through it. We wish Mr. Mitha reconsiders his decision. Indeed, as a Satyagrahi groping in the dark, he ought first to consult the great Satyagrahi, Mahatma Gandhi, before embarking on his penance.

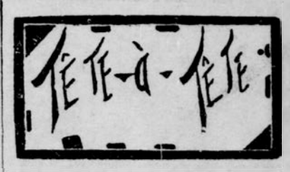
GRATUITOUS ATTACK.

In a recent case under the Arms Act, which had nothing to do with the Congress, Mr. L. G. Lyde, the City Magistrate of Allahabad, has had the temerity to speak irrelevantly of "murderous hooligans employed by the Congress to kill Government servants at any time, and, on selected occasions, Muhammadan opponents." When objection was taken in appeal to this dishonourable attack, the Additional Sessions Judge, Mr. Kali Das Banerjee, actually sought to justify it. One is amazed at the utter lack displayed by these gentlemen of all sense of judicial decency itself.

—PRESS VIEWS—

Anand Marriage Act

We reprint in another column the text of the Anand Marriage Act which was passed by the old Imperial Legislative Council in 1909. When the Bill was introduced by the Maharajah of Nabha, then the heir-apparent and a member of the Council, we took exception to the omission to introduce in it the principle of monogamy which has been embodied in all other Marriage Acts passed by the British Indian Legislature. The Act came under public discussion four years later with reference to a polygamous marriage contracted under it. We reprint elsewhere the letter published in the "Reformer" of the 15th June 1913 from a Sikh leader as also some Legal Notes published in the "Tribune" of Lahore bearing on the applicability of the Act. It appears from both the writings as also from the comment of the "Khalsa Advocate," the now defunct organ of the Sikhs of the Punjab, that polygamous marriages are against the tenets of Sikhism except when contracted for urgent "political reasons" and that the community views with repugnance marriages according to the Anand rites contracted by non-Sikhs who become Sikhs in order to avail themselves of the provisions of the Act which was intended to remove doubts as to the validity in law of this custom. In the Legal Notes it was argued that the Hindu law alone is applicable to Hindus outside the Punjab even though they might have gone through a form of conversion to Sikhism as customary law is peculiar to the Punjab. We have thought it necessary to reprint these writings as there is a danger that, without realising the nature and objects of the Anand Marriages Act, marriages which contravene their personal law may be contracted by parties who are unable to marry under the Special Marriage Act or Gour's Amending Act owing to the insistence of these two Acts on their having no prior husband or wife living at the time of marriage.—"Indian Social Reformer."



"The constitution of Parliament," complains Lord Snowden, "is a burlesque of democratic Government under our electoral system."

The noble Lord ought to know till recently he played a leading part in the burlesque.

* * * *

A correspondent wonders as to what the position of Mr. Jinnah would be in view of the joint League-Conference Manifesto.

He has evidently to choose between subjective resignation and objective resignation.

But, this is by no means, a difficult task for Mr. Jinnah. When faced with such crises he always chooses the former.

* * * *

"The Congress," said Mrs. Naidu at Madras, "goes on living and belying those people who prophesied, who desired and who believed the death of the undying Indian National Congress."

To do "those people" justice, they have never been serious. And quite naturally; for their own 'raison d'etre' is inextricably bound up with the Congress.

* * * *

The Assembly President's ruling about an amendment to the Army Bill has been described as "brilliant" and even "the most classic."

We concur, because it concedes to Indian officers equality "in India," with British officers.

Long live the British Empire!

* * * *

Referring to the support lent by Sir Henry Gidney and Mr. Md. Yamin Khan, Mr. B. Das is reported to have felicitously remarked that even the worm had turned.

The fact of turning is, of course, undeniable. But the worm itself may object to the application of the analogy on the strength of one solitary act.

* * * *

Nawab Ismail Khan regrets that the anti-Award Hindus should "exhibit such horror of Muslim ascendency in a few provinces."

The Nawab Sahib is doing them an injustice. He has got the facts wrong. The horror of Muslim ascendency has been exhibited and registered by the Muslim League—Muslim Conference twins.

* * * *

A Punjab Nationalist has advised Malaviyaji to adopt the Congress creed for his party.

There are, however, two great difficulties in the way. The Party is likely to include Nationalists like Bhai Parmanand.

It is, secondly, concerned in a large measure with the past, in a small measure with the present and in no measure with the future.

The Party should, therefore, have no creed.

* * * *

The students of the Aligarh University did well to discuss and accept a proposition against Imperialism in terms of Sir Md. Iqbal's poem. But not quite well. They ought to have invited the author to lead the opposition.

* * * *

A writer reminds the world that Stalin started life as a shoe-maker.

In view of the painful pinch, capitalist society is convinced that he has not given up his original calling.

* * * *

WIFE YOKED WITH AN OX.

Husband's Conviction Upheld.

In fairness to the animal, it must be put on record that the ox did not make any complaint.

* * * *

"Did your stay at the seaside do you any good?"

"Yes, my wife and I lost eight stone between us."

"Really?"

"Yes." Our daughter became engaged!"

Purging Communists From Trade Unions

"Anti-Red" Bill Passes The First Reading In Bombay Council

POONA, August 16.
(From Our Special Correspondent)

After three days' discussion, the Bill to make further provision for the settlement of Trade Disputes by conciliation was read for the first time.

All non-Official amendments were lost.

The Home Member, replying to criticisms of the amendments pointed out that the Bill aimed at excluding extremists and Communists from delegations of workers.

The Bill would further foster a true spirit of trade unionism among textile workers.

The Bill will come up for the second reading on August 21.

A piquant situation was saved at the beginning of the Council session this morning.

The President had taken the chair and the proceedings of the day were to be begun when the Council Secretary was seen looking to the vacant seat of the Home Member who had not till then arrived. The first question on the list stood on the Home Members name. During the moments of silence that followed, Government members could be seen to be looking at each other inquisitive look. Before all the members had realised the real state of things, the Home Member was seen hurriedly emerging from door behind the right hand press benches, bowing to the Chair and resuming his seat.

The question list having been exhausted in no less than six minutes.

The Trade Disputes Conciliation Bill was taken up for consideration.

Amidst the new arrivals to-day could be seen Mr. Ganguli (Kanara) clad in all-white Khaddar and Reverend Modak from Ahmednagar.

NEW ARRIVALS.

The President upon a requisition made by Mr. Vakil the Ahmedabad member, made an exception to his overnight decision to stop general discussion on the Bill and allowed Mr. Vakil to have his say on the Bill. Mr. Vakil thought it unwise on the part of the Government to lose their valuable support of Mr. Bakhale and the interests he represented by merely changing word "shall" into "may".

Mr. Vakil cited the present case as an instance how small things are often responsible for momentous happenings.

The general discussion on the Bill having so terminated, Mr. Winterbotham conveyed to the House his intention to accept Rao Bahadur Asaawale's amendment of the duration to be five years.

BAKHALE'S CONTENTION

Mr. Bakhale was the next to rise. He reiterated his demand that the conciliatory machinery should be in the hands of a Board and should not disturb the duties and responsibilities of the conciliator. Further, he urged that the Labour Officer should be absolutely unconnected with Conciliatory proceedings.

HOME MEMBER'S REPLY

In the course of a lengthy speech lasting nearly over three-quarter of an hour, the Honourable Mr. Bell replied to issues raised by members.

The mover of the Bill dealt at length with the necessity of the Labour Officer, who, the speaker said, would be one trained in conciliation, and would be a responsible officer, both in the eyes of the public and those of the millowners. The officer, the speaker maintained, was not intended to interpose in the dispute, but to encourage direct and harmonious relations between the workers and employers.

When the Home Member had finished his speech, amendments were put to vote.

AMENDMENTS THROWN OUT

Mr. Winterbotham's amendment regarding the period of duration and Mr. Bakhale's recommending a Conciliatory Board instead of a single conciliator were thrown out by the House.

Division was demanded, resulting in 19 for and 45 against, and 9 for 52 against respectively.

Only Mr. Bakhale's voice was to heard in favour of his remaining two amendments (1) purporting to the omission of clause five of the Bill and (2) suggesting that the Labour Officer should be subordinate to the Labour Commissioner.

BILL PASSES FIRST READING

The Home Member's amendment changing the nature of the Bill from a compulsory one to a permissive one, when pressed to a division was carried by 55 votes to 16.

The Bill then as amended was passed for the first reading.

The Hon'ble Mr. Bell intimated to the House Government's decision to present the bill for the second reading on Tuesday 21st instant.

The second reading of the Conciliation Bill which was to have taken place immediately after the first reading to-day was postponed to 21st evidently to facilitate informal discussions over the bill amongst members on both sides concerned.

Attendance had considerably been affected when the House assembled after tea.

The Minister for Local Self-Government Sir Shah Nawaz Bhutto moved the bill amending the Bombay Local Boards Act, the first reading being over within five minutes of its presentation.

Within an hour of its presentation for the first reading the Bill amending the Bombay Local Boards Act had passed all the three readings in the House.

The Minister for Local Self-Government next presented Bill 17 amending Local Boards Act for the levy of a fixed amount as cess from certain Taluqdari lands.

CONTRACT WITH LIMBDI DARBAR

Mr. Bhailal Patel (Ahmedabad) and Mr. Chaturbhai Patel (Kaira) launched a strong opposition to the Bill, criticising in particular Bombay Government's contract with Limbdi Durbar which had necessitated such a measure.

Rao Bahadur Kale suggested that Government should try their chance in the highest legal court when Sir Shahanawaz seemed to beg of the house to consider the position of the Government who could not afford to break a solemn agreement.

Discussion on the first reading was not over, when the House rose for the day.

E. I. C. A. BOARD ELECTION

Nationalist Brokers Enter Field And Contest Four Seats

Considerable stir and excitement have been caused in the Cotton Brokers Circles in the city by the advent of the Nationalist Group who are contesting the election of 4 representatives from the Brokers' panel to the Board of the East India Cotton Association, which comes off to-day (Friday). There are 10 candidates in the field including five of the Nationalist Section. A keen contest is expected.

It will be recalled that the emergence of the Nationalist Group is the result of certain developments in the Cotton Market since 1930 when the Spirit of Swadeshi and National Service reached the highest pitch. These developments have been gradually widening the gulf between the patriotically minded brokers and others who subscribe to the theory of "no politics in business." This cleavage was the cause of the sorry debacle in the Cotton Market and the weakening and ultimate abandonment of the forward policy decided upon by the Cotton Trade when the Ordinances were promulgated.

The candidates are: Messrs.
Chunilal Raichand Mehta,
Chiranjilal Layolka (Nationalist)
Prataprai Amritlal (Nationalist)
Jamnadas Adookia (Nationalist)
Hargovind Jivandas
Ramdev Potdar (Nationalist)
Brijlal Arungta (Nationalist)
Narayandas Dwarkadas
Rai Saheb Shivram Kedia, and
Mr. Philon.

The method of election to the Board is by panels representing different interests such as Cotton Merchants, Millowners, Brokers, Mukkadams, Exporters and others.

To represent each interest there is a panel of 6 representatives 4 of each whom retire every year by rotation.

To-day's election will be for the representatives on the Board from the Brokers' Panel.

Till recent years such elections were considered to be a matter of course and there used to be little excitement or interest beyond that in a formal election.

But the formation of the National Bloc, the members of which are well-known for their patriotism and spirit of sacrifice, has added a fresh zest and has introduced a lively atmosphere into these elections.

The 140 brokers who are expected to go to the polls to-day will have to choose from the above 10 candidates.

The general trend of opinion in the Cotton Market is that the Nationalists may top the polls.

MONEY FOR PEASANTS ON EASY TERMS

Co-operative Land Mortgage Banks For Central Provinces

NAGPUR, Aug. 16.

The needs of agriculturists in the matter of securing loans figured on the agenda of the Autumn session of the Legislative Council, which commenced to-day with Mr. S. W. A. Rizvi, the President, in the Chair. The whole day was devoted to official business.

Mr. B. G. Khaparde, Minister moved that the Council should approve of the establishment of ten co-operative land mortgage banks in the Province with a total capital of Rs. 50 lakhs to be raised from debentures, interest on them to be guaranteed by the Government. The measure, the mover emphasised in his speech, was intended to enable agriculturists to secure money at a cheap rate of interest with instalments spread over a number of years.

The House agreed to the motion without division after rejecting Mr. K. P. Pande's amendment suggesting the constitution of banks in every Tahsil in the Province by 36 votes to 26.

The Bill amending the C. P. Tenancy Act was on the motion of Mr. E. Gordon, Revenue Member, referred to a Select Committee. The Bill seeks to confer on occupancy tenants the right of mortgaging their holdings to land mortgage banks as security for loans advanced.

The Council adjourned till to-morrow.—A.P.

FUNERAL OF FARMER LYNCH

O'Duffy Utilises Occasion For Political Purposes

CORK, Aug. 16.

Thirty thousand people watched the funeral of Lynch which was most impressive. Mr. Cosgrave was among the 5,000 persons who followed the coffin on foot for six miles to the cemetery in Lynch's native village.

Women knelt on the roadway and prayed as the procession passed. Blue Shirt burglers sounded the "Last Post" at the grave. General O'Duffy in a speech at the graveside denounced the Government's treatment of farmers, which he declared had driven the farmers to desperation.

He added: "Please God the Government will have to answer at the bar of public opinion soon."

A message from Cork dated Aug. 13 said:—

A serious affray followed the protest by several thousand farmers against the forced sale of cattle belonging to a farmer who had not paid land annuities. The crowds became threatening, and the police opened fire and charged.

The number of those injured is about 30, of whom six sustained bullet wounds.—Reuter's Special.

INTERNATIONAL AIRCRAFT EXHIBITION

Britain Sends Number Of Exhibits To Copenhagen

LONDON, Aug. 15.

The British Aircraft Industry has sent a number of exhibits to the International Aircraft Exhibition, which opens at Copenhagen on Friday, and it is expected that the British Section will be the most important national display. The latest products of air craft manufacturers with modern devices will be on view.

Several British aeroplanes will alos make demonstration flights at the Karshrup aerodrome during the exhibition, which is to continue until September 2.—B. O. W.

"PLENTY OF FOOD IS AVAILABLE"

Profiteering Will Not Be Permitted, Says Roosevelt

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.

"Plenty of food is available," said President Roosevelt in response to inquiries regarding the food situation in United States as a result of the drought.

President Roosevelt said that there was no excuse for profiteering, and any instances thereof will be dealt with by the Federal Government.

Food prices this week reached the highest in thirty months, being 5.5 per cent above those of 1933.

PROCESSING TAX TO BE SUSPENDED?

Bankhead Suggests That Price Of Cotton Should Be Fixed At Present Level

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.

Senator Bankhead has recommended to President Roosevelt to suspend, for psychological reasons, all processing taxes and fix the price of cotton at the present level of thirteen cents.

The Senator argues that not so much money is needed to finance the cotton marketing and for the control of next year, and the pegging of price would carry cotton price over the usual sagging one during the period of marketing.—Reuter.

SENSATIONAL RISE IN PRICE OF DOLLAR

Shipments Of Gold From New York Responsible

LONDON, Aug. 16.

Financial circles in London are deeply interested in the prospects of the dollar. The recent weakness was followed to-day by a sensational rise, the dollar recovering nearly three cents compared with sterling as shipments of gold from New York have partly allayed fears of further immediate dollar inflation, and induced continental bear covering.

The statement that the United States is only issuing silver certificates to the cost price of silver, has also helped in the restoration of confidence.

Nevertheless "The Financial News" states that the exchange market is more convinced than ever that the devalution of the dollar to 50 cents is only a question of time.

Evidence of the existing lack of confidence is shown by the heavy fall in wheat to-day, speculators liquidating holdings owing to fear that it will be impossible to maintain present prices.—Reuter.

FIVE PANDALS FOR CONGRESS

Central One For Session Will Accommodate Fifty-Thousand

Members of the Working Committee of the Reception Committee visited the Congress site at Worli Sea Face on Thursday morning. The plot selected for holding the Congress is facing the sea and commands an ideal view. The provisional plans are to erect five pandals.

The pandal where the Congress session will meet will be an oval shaped and open one capable of accommodating 50,000 persons. There is to be one pavilion for holding the Subjects Committee meeting which will accommodate 5,000 people.

There will be three separate pandals, one to house the exhibition and the two others to serve as kitchen and dining hall.

The members also inspected the Worli development chawls in which the delegates are to be housed. There are 70 untenanted chawls and 50 of these are to be rentd, provided Government are prepared to rent them at reasonable cost. All the chawls need white-washing. If the Committee find that they can erect a camp for the delegates at cheaper cost, they will probably give up the idea of renting the chawls. But this depends on whether Government will rent the chawls at reasonable cost.

WOODFULL DESIROUS OF AMICABLE PLAY

This May Be His Last Cricket Visit To England

LONDON, Aug. 16.

An appeal for more of the true spirit of cricket and less of cricket warfare is made by Sir Stanley Jackson and Mr. Harold Bushby as a result of the leg-theory controversy which is unfortunately stirred up again. Statements that Bull, the Australian Treasurer and Woodfull are alleged to have said that they would call off their men from the field if Voce bowled leg-theory if selected have not improved the already very delicate situation.

Mr. Bushby has issued a categorical denial of both these alleged protests and states definitely that neither Bull nor Woodfull have communicated anyway.

Woodfull is desirous that the test should be fought out most amicably for he not only celebrates his thirty-seventh birthday during the Test but this test may be the last he would ever play in England and his colleagues would be immensely happy if the popular captain carried to Australia, pleasant recollections of his swansong to representative cricket in England.

Mr. Thomas, Dominions Secretary, commenting on the controversy to Reuter says that he only knows what he has read in the press and much nonsense has been written. He adds "it is a pity that these discussions should have occurred which make one wonder what the sport is coming to.—Reuter.

ACCIDENT TO HENDREN

LONDON, Aug. 16.

Hendren batted to-day at the express wish of Sir S. Jackson. There were no signs of injury but unfortunately after scoring 72 he attempted a terrific swipe at a delivery from Pope, struck heavily against his body, staggered, fell to ground winded but recovered after a drink. Sir S. Jackson is stated to have approached Farnes who is sound and fit which is generally assumed to mean that Farnes may come up for consideration for the Test. After trying the injured thigh at the club game Walters expressed doubts as to his fitness for the test.—Reuter.

JAIL FOR BRIBERY

TINNEVELLY, Aug. 16.

The Sub-Divisional first class Magistrate has sentenced Mr. P. S Venkatramiar, ex-Professor, Hindu College and a dismissed process server to three months' rigorous imprisonment and Rs. 100/ fine each in default to undergo further three months' imprisonment. The first accused was charged with having received a bribe while he was foreman of assessors in a Sessions case and the other accused with having given it.—A. P.

Council Of State

PERPETUATING DETENTION CAMP?

Hallet Pleads, It Is No Repression

SAPRU ATTACKS BILL AND PLEADS FOR POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC REFORMS

SIMLA, Aug. 16.

The Criminal Law Bill providing for indefinite continuation of the detention camp at Deoli was discussed in the Council of State which met to-day with a poor unofficial attendance

NO REPRESSION!

Mr. Hallett, Home Secretary, emphasised that the necessity of making the provision permanent lay in the fact that temporary legislation had been found to be of very little use in dealing with terrorism. He denied that it was a repressive measure and said that the provision of a camp outside Bengal was necessary to keep away dangerous terrorists, who otherwise might contaminate less dangerous ones by being jailed within the province. As a proof of the care with which the terrorists were ordered to be detained the Home Secretary statistically showed how out of 806 cases there were only six cases in which two High Court Judges (of whom one was an Indian) did not agree. Deoli conditions had been rendered similar to those in Bengal.

FAILURE OF MEASURES.

Mr. Kalikar emphasised the necessity of stamping out terrorism but asked why such measures had failed to achieve the object Was it, as had been alleged in the Bengal Council, that they were applied with torture? It was apparent there was something wrong.

SELECT COMMITTEE IDEA.

Before discussion proceeded further the President cleared the position with regard to the amendment tabled by Mr. Mehrotra seeking the appointment of a Select Committee of the House on the Bill. True, said the President, in the case of this Bill there was no Select Committee in the Assembly and so under rule 29 Mr. Mehrotra could press for it. But the House of Lords had rarely exercised such a privilege and as one who had been connected with the Council of State since 1921 Sir Maneckji Dadabhoy thought that the privilege had not been exercised till now.

Mr. Mehrotra defining his own position said that when such a measure was sought to be placed permanently on the Statute Book and when it infringed the right of "habeus corpus," it was open to the House to sit calmly in Select Committee and come to terms with Government as to the period of this Bill.

Mr. Basu feared that Government would never come to a compromise with non-officials on such a question relating to terrorists.

Mr. Hallett preferred discussion of the Bill in the open House as in 1932, instead of in Select Committee.

The Select Committee idea was given up.

QUESTION OF EXTENSION.

Nawab Hayatkhan Noon said that the principle of the Bill having been decided 2 years back, the only question for discussion was about its extension or otherwise. He declared that there would be no fear as regards that, as it could be easily repealed when the terrorist movement ended.

WORSE THAN ROWLATT BILL?

Mr. Sapru in a speech which was well received strongly opposed the Bill which he said did not give the detenus even those few safeguards which the Rowlatt Committee suggested. He declared that his attitude of opposition would be the same whether the Bill was permanent or limited to any period of time. Sending detenus outside the Province amounted to transportation and it ought to be made possible to detain them within Bengal with conditions different from those of jail life. Courageous reform of the Police and political and economic reforms would alone meet the situation.

"ABNOXIOUS."

Mr. P. C. D. Chari described the Bill as abnoxious and protested against the Government of Bengal not handling the terrorist movement within three years. He refused to allow undesirable persons into other provinces thereby sending the poison to other areas.

Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah and Mr. Raza Ali urged the speeding up of reforms besides providing against unemployment.

Further discussion was postponed till Saturday.—A. P.

Bihar Must Support Congress Candidate

Prof. Abdul Bari May Be Called Upon To Oppose Mr. Shaffi Daudi

(From Our Correspondent.)

PATNA, Aug 16.

The Bihar Congress Working Committee met last night and finally decided upon a list of Congress candidates to the Assembly from Bihar.

The list is being forwarded to the All India Parliamentary Board and will be announced immediately after its formal approval on the 19th when the board meets at Wardha.

It is understood there is a strong feeling among Muslim Nationalists that Moulvi Shafi Daudee should not be allowed to go unchallenged and it is not unlikely that Professor Abdul Bari may be called upon to oppose Mr. Shaffe Daudi.

Quickening of the electioneering activity has been noticeable of late. Important meetings of Congress workers were held at Chapra and Patna on Tuesday and Wednesday respectively no less than 300 workers being present at Chapra meeting.

PREMIER'S CHALLENGE.

Speaking at Chapra, Doctor Mahmud declared that the Working Committee resolution on Communal Award was only a part of the big programme of bringing all communities together and of making them settle their own differences. It was only in that way that Mahatma Gandhi would like to meet the challenge of the British Premier that the Award would not be changed unless the communities concerned agreed to change.

On the other hand Pt Malaviya's method was one of prayer and petition addressed to the British Government—the method whereby they would once more play into the hands of the Government. It is understood Chapra workers unanimously pledged themselves to work for the Congress candidate.

GANDHI, OR HOARE?

Mr. Srikrishna Sinha, President, Bihar Provincial Parliamentary Board addressing a meeting of Patna workers last evening asked them to choose between Mahatma Gandhi and Sir S. Hoare. He characterised Mr. Aney's anxiety to secure the Cooperation of non-Congressmen during the election as a result of the Indian habit of forgetting national interest and acting under the impulse of wounded "amour propre". He emphasised that the Communal Award could not be modified by weakening the Congress prestige and influence but by an agreed solution to which the Congress was pledged. All present unanimously assured that the Congress candidate would have the fullest support.

AUSTRIA'S REQUEST GRANTED

LONDON, Aug. 16.

Following a similar decision by Britain, it is officially stated that the French Government has agreed to Austria's request to maintain an army at a strength of thirty-thousand.—Reuter.

VIENNA PAST CRISIS

ROME, Aug. 16.

Sgr. Mussolin has ordered the immediate withdrawal of fifty-thousand troops sent to the Austrian frontier at the time of Vienna revolt.

This is considered as an indication that Sgr. Mussolini regards the crisis in Austria over and that Austria is now capable of looking after her own affairs.—Reuter.

WELLINGDON RESUMES CHARGE

SIMLA, Aug. 16.

A Gazette Extraordinary notifies that the Earl of Willingdon resumed charge of the office of Viceroy and Governor-General of India to-day.—A. P.

SHARMAJI MUST BREAK FAST

He Must Continue Movement Against Cow Slaughter Says Gandhiji

RAJKOT, August 16.

Pandit Ramchandra Sharma passed 12th day of his fast under the treatment of Drs. Jadavray and Mehta. He is cheerful and keeping good health.

A good number of people attended the prayer held yesterday evening in which Pandit Sharma also joined. Panditji has been removed to Shanti Bhuvan, a beautiful and quiet bungalow.

GANDHIJI'S WIRE

Several messages have been received including one from Mahatmaji and another from Bombay Mahajan Committee. Mahatmaji wires from Wardha:—"I think Sharmaji should break fast completely and contnue movement against cow-slaughter.—Gandhi."

The Mahajan Committee, Bombay, has earnestly requested Panditji to postpone his going to Mangrol till final discussion is made and cordially invited him to Bombay.

Accordingly Panditji starts today for Bombay under the special care of Dr. Satubhoj Mehta and Mr. Maganlal Veiji Vaid and other members of the Mahajan Committee. A batch of volunteers has come here from Mangrol to see Panditji. People are flocking to the station to bid him a hearty farewell.—United Press.

INCREASED AUSTRALIAN DUTIES

Only 7 Per Cent Of British Cotton Imports Affected

CANBERRA, Aug. 16.

Only 7 per cent of the total cotton imports from Britain is affected by the increased Australian duties, according to the Customs Department. The valuable Primage Duty concession in the Budget has been overlooked. This represents a remission of £250,000 to British cotton imports.—Reuter.

WHALE OIL FOR GERMANY

OSLO, Aug. 15.

A group of Norwegian Whaling Companies has agreed with the German Ministry of Food and Agriculture to deliver 150,000 tons of whale oil at £10 per ton, subject to a special clearing agreement being reached.—Reuter.

Scandal Of Dual System

A CHALLENGE TO SENIOR LAWYERS

Readers' Views

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I corroborate every statement made by your correspondent "Disgruntled Junior" in your Thursday's issue, and heartily endorse the views expressed by "Junius" in your Monday's issue.

On behalf of myself and a very large number of the members of the bar, both Senior and Junior, I hereby do challenge the Senior Counsel to face the matter broadly and squarely by convening another meeting to vote on the abolition of the Dual System, and by clearly notifying beforehand that votes will be taken by 'absolute' ballot system, making it impossible later on, during and after scrutiny, to find out how any individual has voted and whether he has carried out the mandate of the senior.

I may point out that this agitation against the "Senior Clique" is not new—vigorous fights have been put up in the past, and I am glad to say that much has been gained thereby, although we have not succeeded in getting all our claims, and the restriction of two Counsel only to suits above Rs. 10,000 is one of the results of such agitation, as formerly there were two counsel to every suit.

I hope something will be gained by juniors as the outcome of the present agitation.—Yours, etc.

S. D.

Bombay August, 16.

An Open Letter To Mrs. Vinodini Nilkanth

Dear Madam,

The enormous amount of cheap and vulgar abuse directed against your recent marriage compels us to address this little note of great sympathy to you.

It is really an awfully lamentable fact that our budding Indian newspapers should be so overstuced with the idle and thoughtless revilings of irresponsible scribblers such as are levelled at you day after day. It shows nothing better than a disgusting intellectual bankruptcy on the part of those who pose to be well-born and supernaturally sage moralists, serious and responsible sociologists, dispassionate and disinterested critics, and honest and respectable representatives of public opinion. One wonders ever so much at the impenetrably solid silence maintained by these horribly grieved social reformers and complacent citizens towards the gross misdeeds perpetrated by many men and women held in high esteem by humanity in the heap. But, let us congratulate you very warmly, Madam, on your boldness in obeying the call of your conscience in the very teeth of the severe protest and opposition offered by the saints above-mentioned.

We fully appreciate your right to marry the man you love so profoundly, but at the same time, permit us, Madam, to state that the proper action on the part of your husband wou'd have been at first to divorce his previous wife and then think of contracting matrimonial relations with you.

We have the honour Madam,
To be your most earnest sympathisers,
Miss SNAHLAATA TRIVEDI, B.Sc. B.A.;
Miss SAROJI DESAI, G.A.;
Miss SNAMLATA TRIVEDI, B.Sc.
Baroda, August 15.

Anti-Gambling League

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I have seen a letter appearing in this morning's issue of the "Chronicle" written by Mr. Liladhar L. Shah on the above subject in which he gives an account of the activities of the Anti-Gambling League which, according to him, has been functioning in the city of Bombay. In the first place I would like to know from Mr. Shah when the League was started. So far as I am aware, an announcement of the League's existence first appeared in the English Press just after the judgment in the famous "Sutta Khel" case was delivered. The League then had made an announcement about the collection of funds for the purpose of presenting a purse for Mr. Horniman on his acquittal. After a few weeks the names of the office-bearers of the League were announced. And I was surprised to find in Mr. Shah's letter the account of the various activities of the League. It would be better if Mr. Shah makes it known to the public the date and year of the foundation of the League and the names of its office-bearers when it was started.

As one interested in the subject, I have never come across anything about the activities of the League in the daily Press and the account contained in Mr. Shah's letter was a great surprise to me.

Will Mr. Shah enlighten on the subject?—Yours, etc.,

"HARD FACTS."

Aug. 16.

A view of the Bombay Development Chawls at Worli, inspected by the Congress Reception Committee Members on Thursday for the site of the Congress Sessions and for the accommodation of Delegates and Visitors.

TERRIBLE DROWNING TRAGEDY

170 Persons Find Watery Grave

PATNA, Aug. 16.

A report has been received of a drowning tragedy in which 170 persons including women are stated to have been drowned near Darihai Ghat in the jurisdiction of Malsalami police station. About 200 persons were coming from Muzaffarpur side with a few bullocks in a boat when due to a strong current, the boat began to rock, which frightened a bullock with the result that it jumped into the river allowing some water to come inside the boat. Passengers in the boat, were panic-stricken and ran to one side. The balance of the boat was upset and it capsized in mid-stream. About 30 persons including an old woman who managed to keep afloat by clinging to bundles of dry wood were rescued by boatmen while the remaining 170 persons are reported to have been drowned, no trace of their bodies being found.—A. P.

SURPLUS STOCKS OF WHEAT

Small American Crop Will Ease Situation

LONDON, Aug. 16.

The delegates to the Wheat Advisory Committee generally agreed that the small 1934 crop in North America will lead to an easier position in regard to surplus stocks, states a communique issued at the close of to-day's meeting, but emphasised that any abandonment of international collaboration to adjust supply and demand in the event of normal yields in 1935 would lead to the accumulation of new surpluses which would be a calamity.

They also agreed that it would be necessary to introduce greater elasticity in the export system in view of 1933-34 difficulties.

The Secretary said that attempts to increase world wheat consumption had been disappointing except in France, where there was a considerable increase in consumption.—Reuter.

IMPROVED TRADE OUTLOOK

Silver Reaches Highest Price Since 1929

LONDON, via Rugby, Aug 15

Improved trade outlook is again reflected in the Board of Trade return for July. Value of imports last month was £58,026,218. In previous month they were valued at £61,171,638 and in July 1933 at £53,714,758. Exports during July were of total value of £33,229,621. Total for June was £32,120,075 and for July last year £29,947,351 (figure mutilated). Comparative figures for re-exports were £4,128,719 last month, £4,315,612 June, £4,323,714 in July 1933. During first seven months of current year imports reached total value of £419,867,012 representing increase of £46,066,732 as compared with corresponding period of last year and increase of £7,176,637 on figures for 1932. Exports for seven months were £223,048,967 increase of £17,820,891 on last year and increase of £6,721,943 on 1932. Re-exports for seven months were £33,135,872 increase of £3,624,894 on 1933 and of £500,962 on 1932.

RISE IN SILVER

Silver reached the highest price registered since 1929 rising further one-eighth pence per ounce to 21-3/4d. for cash and 21-11/16 d. for forward delivery. It should be noted that 1929 price was gold value whereas to-day's price is in sterling.—B. O. W.

OFFICERS' TRAINING CAMP

(Continued from page 1)

will set before the whole country a great example of discipline.

THEIR FUNCTIONS.

"You may have the most awkward duties to perform and you have to handle people who are not themselves disciplined and no doubt you will find yourselves placed in many a tight corner in the coming three months and especially during those three or four days of intense activities. You may have to regulate traffic, you may have to attend to the convenience of the delegates and you may have to regulate a hundred and one things.

BE FIRM, BUT COURTEOUS.

"You will find that many of the people with whom you are dealing are not themselves men of discipline, but that should only increase your desire to serve in a more and more disciplined manner.

"You must never forget courtesy. You may have to deal with the roughest of persons, but you must not be yourselves rough. With firmness and yet with courtesy you must maintain discipline. On your work in the coming three months, therefore, depends the success of the coming session.

KEY TO SUCCESS.

"There is another thing that I wish to emphasise. You are in a sense captains of an army, a non-violent army, whose purpose is not to rule, in the sense that the military rules every other country. You are an army pledged to serve and specially during the coming session the ideal before you should be to serve and not to rule and command though you may issue orders to your own volunteers. It is only when you serve in a spirit of humility that you will be able to render true service which is the key to success.

NO PARTY POLITICS.

Continuing the speaker said: "It is upto you to show that not only can Bombay put up a fine show in holding demonstrations, but can show discipline and every other quality which will go to make the ensuing Congress a success. One word more. During the Congress you will keep yourselves aloof from party politics. It is the function of the delegates to hammer out the future policy of the Congress.

THEIR DUTY

"Controversies may be raging round you, but your duty is simple and clear. You have to carry out the duties entrusted to you without entering into any kind of party politics. Forget for the time being that you are interested in Congress politics as much as any delegate and remember that you belong to the volunteer organisation. I hope you will set an example to the whole country in discipline and service."

BOMB EXPLOSION IN AGRA

Causes Injuries To Mali Who Tried To Touch It

NEW DELHI, Aug. 16.

According to the "Statesman's" Agra correspondent a bomb explosion took place on August 14 outside the Roman Catholic Cathedral. It is stated that a metal bomb on the steps leading to the main gate of the Cathedral was seen by the Mali who tried to pick it up. It exploded on being touched, causing injuries to the man.

The bomb is said not to be of a dangerous type as it caused more smoke than noise. The police took possession of the particles which consisted of pieces of glass —A. P.

ARMY BILL DEBACLE

Viceroy Holds Cabinet Meeting And Sends S. O. S. To Hoare

SIMLA, Aug. 16.

Yesterday's sensation over Sir Abdur Rahim's amendments to the Army Bill and the President's "classic" ruling thereon continue to be the subject of discussion to-day in lobbies.

It appears that the Viceroy held an urgent Cabinet meeting last night to discuss the piquant situation which had arisen out of this debacle.

It is understood that an urgent cable has been sent to Whitehall to ascertain Sir Samuel Hoare's views, as the Government of India are not in a position to take independent decision in this important matter.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief is not here and the Army authorities, therefore, have not yet decided as to what attitude they would take.

COMPROMISE TERMS.

The "United Press" understands that the Government of India are prepared to arrive at a compromise on this basis namely, that so far as purely Indian formations are concerned, they might withhold their objections to granting to Indian Officers equally of status with the British Officers, but as regards mixed British and Indian Formations, this equality can not be conceded.

Mr. C. S. Ranga Iyer has already given notice of an amendment to Sir Abdur Rahim's amendments relating to restrictions and powers of command rank and precedence of Indian Officers to only Indian formatis.

Although nothing has been decided, it appears the Government will support Mr. Ranga Iyer who according to lobby talks gave notice of his amendment after consulting the Army Authorities.

Discussion will be resumed on August 27 as the next week will be devoted to Indian Iron and Steel Protection Bill.—United Press.

DUAL SYSTEM IN HIGH COURT

(Continued from Page 6).

profitable one. Some counsel habitually accept briefs and hoid them for a long time, and then return them on the very last day before the suit comes up for hearing. The idea is to accept the brief only if they happen to have other heavy and profitable matters in the same court, and, therefore, they keep on a minor brief to while away the time, while waiting for the heavy matter to come on.

The systems of passing on briefs has practically passed out. Occasionally, even at present, the senior Counsel may accept more briefs than he can manage and then just as the matter is called up may pass it on to a son, or nephew or a junior, who has read the brief, and it is impossible for the attorneys at the last moment to ask for the return of the brief to hand it over to another counsel. This is very bad as counsel lets down both the attorney and the client. Some years ago, a clique was formed which practically had the monopoly; this was called the "Basudi Club," the members of which tried to keep all the briefs among themselves, and senior members of the clique would insist on having with them junior members of the same clique.

(TO BE CONTINUED).

MADURA, Aug. 16.—Two children and one woman were burnt to death as a result of disastrous fire which occurred at midnight in Panaiyur Hamlet, near Madura, destriying eight houses. One man was badly burnt.—A. P.

Alleged Contempt Of Court

COUNSEL RECALLS ALLAHABAD RULING

Test Case Against 8 Labour Leaders

The first prosecution to be launched under the Trades Dispute Act came up before the Chief Presidency Magistrate of Bombay on Thursday when eight city labour leaders were charged with organising an illegal strike in Bombay in April last.

The accused were ·ged under Section 17(1) of the Trades Dispute Act with having declared instigated and incited others to take part in or otherwise act in furtherance of a strike which is illegal.

The names of the accused are:—Mr. A. A. Alwe, Mr. V. B. Karnik, Advocate, Miss Manibeu Kara, Mr. B. T. Randive Mr. Abdul Majid, Mr. K. N. Joglekar, Mr. R. S. Nimbkar and Mr. S. G. Mapankar.

The case is a sequel to the general strike of textile workers which was declared in Bombay on April 23 and ended on June 23.

"The strike was an attack on Society and Government" declared Mr. Velinkar in opening the case for the prosecution.

Mr. S. G. Velinkar instructed by Mr. G. L. Walker, Public Prosecutor appeared for the prosecution. The accused were defended by Mr. C. N. Kanuga, Mr. Maneklal H. Vakil, Mr. Mistry, Mr. Vibiharkar, Mr. Thakore, Mr. A. R. Gadkari and Mr. Godambe.

Mr. Kanuga for the defence brought to the notice of the court the fact that the accused had been considerably aggrieved by the speech of the Home Member in the Bombay Council which was prejudicial to the case. The report of the speech had appeared in the morning papers.

The Magistrate remarked that he had not read the report.

Mr. Kanuga said that he had no apprehension that His Worship would in any way be prejudiced but he only desired to mention that the publication or the speech in order to draw the attention of the Court to prejudice likely to be created in the public mind in regard to the accused.

Allahabad Ruling.

Magistrate: This Court is helpless as the speech was made in the Council and the newspapers have a right to report it.

Mr. Kanuga differed from the view taken by the Court and cited an Allahabad High Court ruling which held the publication in the "Times of India" of a Labour Office report relating to the Meerut Conspiracy Court to amount to contempt of court.

His Worship suggested the defence to present a petition which he would forward to the High Court.

All the accused pleaded "not guilty" to the charge.

Two Things To Be Proved.

Outlining the case for the prosecution, Mr. Velinkar said that the charge against the accused was made up of two parts. In the first place the prosecution had to prove that the accused had instigated or incited others to take part in a strike and secondly it had to be proved that the strike itself was illegal.

Proceeding, Mr. Velinkar explained the relevant sections of the Trades Disputes Act. He pointed out that the law made it abundantly clear that there could be no trade dispute between the workers and the Government. There could only be a dispute as between workers and workers and between employers and workers in the mill industry.

"COERCING THE GOVERNMENT"

The prosecution case was, said counsel, that by making certain demands from Government the accused brought about a strike, the result of which would have been to coerce the Government into taking or refraining from certain action.

The strike was therefore illegal because it resulted in severe and prolonged hardship of the community and the coercion of Government.

Labour, he said, could not be exploited for gaining political ends, though he admitted that there were grievances which needed redress.

Counsel went on to detail the incidents that led to the general strike in Bombay. On October 24, 1933, the Bombay Girni Kamgar Union passed a resolution by which the first accused was appointed chairman of the Reception Committee, and the second and third accused Secretaries of the All-India Textile Workers' Conference.

"THREAT" OF ALL-INDIA STRIKE.

The Conference met in Bombay on January 28 last and was largely attended. It passed a resolution formulating 20 demands, and resolving on an All-India Strike within three months, if the demands were not granted.

Of these demands, counsel said, the prosecution mainly relied on the 3rd, the 17th, 19th and 20th demand.

The third demand was for unemployment benefits and maternity insurance at the expense of Government and the Owners.

The 17th demand was for the right of organisation, speech and assembly.

The 19th demand was for Trade Union legislation in Indian States.

And lastly the 20th demand was for the withdrawal of all repressive laws and anti-worring class legislation and the release of all political prisoners.

"DEMANDS WITHIN PROVINCE OF GOVERNMENT."

These demands, Mr. Velinkar said, were solely within the province of Government. The conference further appointed a Council of Action comprising of all the accused in order to bring about the deadlock and authorised this council to set up committees for local strikes, to carry on propaganda, collect funds, to declare and lead the strike and to do all other acts to further the strike.

Later a Joint Strike Committee consisting of all the accused was appointed for Bombay.

Under the auspices of this Committee a meeting of Textile Workers was held on March 24 when a manifesto was distributed calling upon them to go on a general strike. The fifth accused presided. The second and seventh accused spoke.

Several meetings were held thereafter when all the accused except Mapankar spoke exhorting the workers to go on strike and maintain it till all the 21 demands were granted.

LETTER TO HOME MEMBER

The Secretaries of the Joint Strike Committee sent a letter to the Home Member restating these demands. The strike was declared on April 23 and lasted for two months, "entailing severe and prolonged hardship on not only the workers but countless other people."

The strike, counsel concluded was an attack on society and Government.

The case is proceeding.

STRIKE THREAT IN NEW YORK

Cotton, Silk And Rayon Workers May Down Tools

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.

The strike menace in many centres is still causing concern to the Government and is impeding the efforts towards recovery.

Government mediators are hurrying in all directions to prevent labour disputes.

New York is faced with the threat of a general strike in the textile industry, affecting cotton, silk and rayon mills, unless the demand of the united textile workers for the right of collective bargaining is granted.

Parties to the protracted lorry drivers' strike in Minneapolis are still awaiting action by the National Labour Board, while mediators are tackling disputes in Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Chicago, Oregon, York and Pennsylvania.

Soldiers and police are called out to preserve order in Manila, where the cigar workers are demanding the restoration of wage cut.—Reuter.

Chimney Pipe Crash Havoc

GIRGAUM TRAGEDY

2 Killed On Spot, & Two Hurled Down From Mid-Air

Two men were killed and two others seriously injured, when a portion of an 84-foot chimney crashed to the ground in Girgaum Road on Thursday evening.

This tragic accident occurred in Jamshedji P. Mistri's compound, where Messrs. M. B. Kotkar Bros. were having a chimney erected over a paint factory.

CAUSE OF TRAGEDY

On Wednesday, it appears, the chimney was erected upto a height of 42 feet. As it was decided that the chimney should be 84 feet high, six pieces of piping were being fitted on to the structure on Thursday. At about 5-30 p.m., the last section of the chimney, about 12 feet in length was hauled up to the top by four workmen and they succeeded in getting it in position.

A TERRIFIC CRASH

While the screws were being fitted, the 12-foot chimney piping suddenly dislodged and swung towards the scaffolding. The four men who were working on it, it is presumed got scared and two of them, Vithu and Amu, jumped down, while the other two came down with a terrific crash hurtling down through the scaffolding with the 12 feet chimney piping. The two men who jumped down were killed on the spot, while the other two received severe injuries.

The Officers of the Maharbowri Police Station arrived on the scene soon after and had the bodies removed to the morgue and despatched the injured to the Hospital. Further inquiries are proceeding.

STOP PRESS

CALCUTTA DROWNING TRAGEDY

CALCUTTA, Aug. 16.

Mr. Lawson, fifth engineer of B.I.S.N. Company's mail steamer Khandalla, plying between Calcutta and Rangoon was drowned in the river Hooghly at eight to-night. Returning from the city to the ship with a friend, Mr. Lawson was about to board a dingi, when he slipped and dropped into the river. The body has not been traced.—A.P.

The most nourishing food for baby

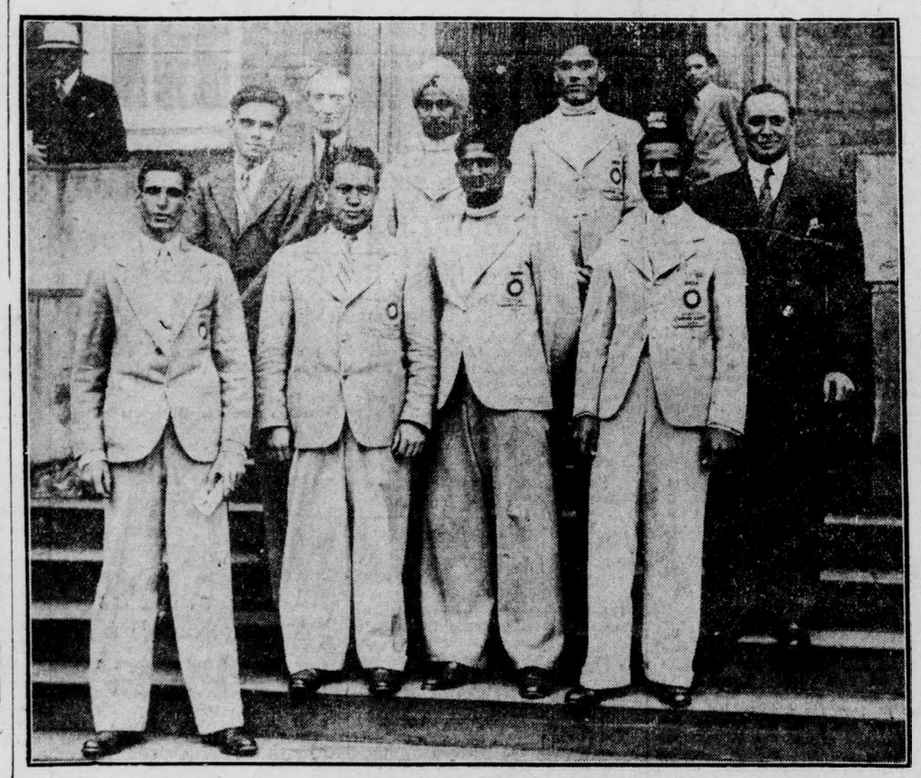
Milkmaid Milk is prepared by Nestle's from the richest and purest cow's milk in the world. Untouched by hand, and in hygienically sealed tins, this vitamin-full milk comes straight to India. Guaranteed fresh, pure and nourishing, Milkmaid Milk is the finest milk for babies and growing children.

MILKMAID MILK

A NESTLE'S PRODUCT.

NSK.3

INDIAN ATHLETES IN EMPIRE GAMES



The Indian competitors at the British Empire Games were among a party of Overseas athletes who visited the Horlicks works at Slough. In the first row are R. A. Vernieux, Dr. G. H. Ayres, track coach, Rashid Anwar and G. P. Bhalla; and at the back Ajaib Singh and Abdul Shafi, with one of their trainers and Horlick's officials.

"Here I come"!

India's Foremost Remedy"

—the large sized L. O. B. —and I come in response to wide demand for a *household* size of Little's Oriental Balm.

This special packing contains a double sized jar of the Balm, *and* a *Gift Tablet* of Little's Oriental Soap (sold separately, at Rs. 1/6 p. doz. in Artistic Box) All dealers sell L. O. B.

For relieving Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Neuralgia, Headaches, Toothache, Earache, Sprains and Muscular pains, use Little's Oriental Balm; this will not fail.

Made in India (Madras City) for Half a Century

LITTLE'S Oriental BALM

the World Renowned Relief for Aches and Pains

Little's Oriental Balm & Pharmaceuticals Ltd., (Box 67) Madras.

Frontier's Confidence In Congress Unshaken

SARDAR RAMSINGH'S PLEA FOR VIGOROUS ELECTION CAMPAIGN

PESHAWAR, August 15.

"A short visit to Kohat, Peshawar, Utmanzai and Hardan has convinced me once more that the confidence of the public in the Congress is still unshaken and that the voters are eagerly awaiting the announcement of the name of the Congress candidate by the Provincial Election Board which is expected to meet shortly at Utmanzai, the birth place of the "Frontier Gandhi", states Sardar Ram Singh, Secretary, Frontier Provincial Congress Committee in a statement to the "United Press".

NEED FOR PROPAGANDA.

Continuing the Sardar says:—"But prior to such a meeting being held I must draw the immediate attention of all the nationalist workers of the Province to see that those who are entitled to vote under the amended Franchise Rules, the qualifications though very high for peculiarly agriculturist province like ours, are enlisted one and all in the voters' list, which is being prepared by patwaris and municipalities throughout the province. Although there is every hope of success for the Congress candidate, yet criticism and vigorous campaign will have to be carried on, nevertheless, to make it doubly sure.

The nationalists should, therefore, without wasting a single moment pay their full attention towards the creation of public opinion in favour of election manifesto recently issued by the Congress Parliamentary Board."—United Press.

Mr. Panthaki's Complaint To B. P. C. C.

Sjt. N. B. Panthaki, Congressman and journalist who stood for election to the B.P.C.C. from the Bhuleshwar Ward, has received a telephonic reply from Sardar Patel with regard to the letter addressed by Sjt. Panthaki, asking the Sardar to intervene in the election dispute.

Sardar has stated in his reply that the letter was read by him on his sick bed.

As however the subject matter of the complaint is now in the hands of the B.P.C.C. who have ordered an enquiry, Sardar has intimated to him that he is redirecting the letter to the B.P.C.C. itself. Anyhow, he states, the elections must be pure and free from blame.

BREACHES OF KHADI CLAUSE

Sjt. N. B. Panthaki has addressed a petition to the B.P.C.C. to declare the 'C' Ward election null and void on the ground that the breach of the Khadi clause was the most glaring in this ward, which had the unique misfortune of witnessing such base corruptions.

MANY VILLAGES STILL UNDER DEEP WATER

Relief On An Extensive Scale Required Says Rajen Babu

PATNA, Aug. 16.

Babu Rajendra Prasad who returned from his tour in the the flood affected areas, north Bihar, in the course of a lengthy statement says:—

"I do not want to raise a false alarm. But the situation can not be described as serious and harrowing. It, of course, depends considerably upon the sensibility of individual as to how and what degree of suffering can be described as being harrowing to him. I came back with the impression that the relief on an extensive scale is required."

"Many villages in the areas near Sonathi, Dharampur and Rampurhari which I have visited, are now under deep water. I learnt that similar was the case in certain parts of Puri, Sheohar Majorganj Belsand and Katra thanas.

DISTRESS AND DEVASTATION

"I saw several villages without single human being in them. They had all left and settled themselves temporarily on the high lands. Wherever I went, I saw signs of distress and devastation

"In Champaran there is no flood now, but it has left marks behind in the shape of demolished houses, devastated fields, broken and cut roads in the large area along side Sirkahana and Gandak. There is acute distress. I actually saw men, women and children who on enquiry were found to have been without work and consequently without food for 24 hours."—United Press.

SIR M. USMAN ON HIS PLANS

Will Endeavour To Promote Communal Amity

MADRAS, Aug. 16.

Sir Mahomed Usman, acting Governor, who is due to relinquish his office this afternoon, drove to the Secretariat soon after arrival here this afternoon.

Members of the Government present here as well as Secretaries and Deputy Secretaries saw His Excellency is his chamber.

His Excellency gave an interview to pressmen who were also called to his chamber. Questioned about his future programme Sir Mahomed said with a smile that he had no definite plans. But he would soon enter public life and do his best to serve the country. He would always endeavour to promote harmonious relations between the various communities and between Indians and Europeans.—A. P.

FUNDS FOR HUT-BUILDING

Ramkrishna Mission's Appeal To Public

NOWGONG, Aug. 14.

Swami Sanbuddhanand, of Ramkrishna mission relif wires.

We distributed from both the centres, Dharamtul and Phulouri 772 mds. 23 seers of rice and about 500 pieces of new cloth to 1349 distressed families. Our Mission proposes to take up hut building work, which demands ample funds. We appeal to the generous public for funds. Any contribution to the President Belurmath, P. O. Howrah or local Ramkrishna mission here will be most thankfully acknowledge

The names of the Congress candidates for election to the Assembly were finally settled yesterday at a meeting of the Working Committee held at Sadaquat Ashram and submitted to the Congress Parliamentary Board for final sanction An announcement will be made when approval is received

Conquer

Weak nerves—and regain new Vitality

Of course you would look years younger and feel much stronger, if once your nerves could regain their strength. For irritability and that "run-down" feeling are only a question of nerves.

Start taking Sanatogen—famous all over the whole world as the nerve-food. Then you drink in new health and vitality and you soon feel a new flow of life go through your veins.

Gone will be that irritability, that restlessness, that tired feeling—gone all those troubles such as sleeplessness and lack of appetite. For Sanatogen conquers nerve-weakness, which is the basic cause of your complaints.

Full of energy and cheer, you will enjoy life again, your whole being radiating that youthful health which is the most attractive possession of woman.

Decide to start your course of Sanatogen without delay—get your package to-day.

"Although as a rule the fortunate possessor of excellent health, there are times when I find myself feeling rather run-down and headachy. At these times Sanatogen proves invaluable, and after a short course of this preparation I am quite fit again, and am able to carry on my work without any feeling of lassitude"—writes

Miss Kathlyn Rhodes, the well-known authoress.

Start taking

SANATOGEN

The True Tonic-Food

Obtainable at all Chemists and Bazars

CUT DOWN YOUR COSTS and still Enjoy the Best!

• In these days of economy one may still indulge in the daily 'round' at little cost.

An appropriate Drink during the Monsoon, "R" Rum with Gingerade

DRINK 'R' RUM DAILY FOR VIGOROUS HEALTH

Dr. B. N. DESAI, L. M. & S. (Vadifalia, SURAT)

Cures Radically in 15 minutes. HYDROCELE Without Operation

In Bombay every month from 1st to 6th IN SIRDAR GRIHA (HOTEL), CRAWFORD MARKET.

For Booklet of details and certs, send 3 annas stamps.

Good Health means Happiness

Dr. De JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL

This absolutely pure natural oil is prepared from a blending of the purest Norwegian Oils, by a process which does not destroy the Vitamins. It will be found to be the purest, most palatable, most easily digested and most speedily efficacious. It has, for upwards of 70 years, been highly recommended by the leading medical authorities in the treatment of Consumption, Diseases of the Throat and Chest, Chronic Coughs and Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma & ALL WASTING DISEASES

Made from the purest Norwegian Oils

Beware of Attempts to Substitute Worthless Preparations.

The Best for all Tropical Fevers

It is a positive and sure cure for MALARIA Remitent and Intermitent Fevers which very commonly affects the people living in Swampy area. The Prescription of a Specialist

C.K.S. "Pallon" BRAND FEVER MIXTURE

C.K. SEN & Co., Ltd. CALCUTTA.

IN WEAKNESS DEBILITY

ANÆMIA use Deschiens' Syrup

Already 20,000 Doctors throughout the world have agreed that this radical remedy ALWAYS CURES, and gives health and strength.

INSIST ON THE NAME OF DESCHIENS, PARIS (Seine)

Latest Commercial News

SMALL DECLINE IN NEW YORK COTTON PRICE

Steady Tone Despite Lack Of Outside Stimulation

SMALL DECLINE IN BULLION PRICES

Wheat And Linseed Easy But Jute And Rubber Steady

BOMBAY, Aug. 16.

On Thursday, the sterling dollar and the sterling franc cross-rates witnessed minor fluctuations.

NEW YORK COTTON QUIET BUT STEADY

The New York cotton market opened steady and thereafter price movements were confined within a narrow range. Senator Bankhead's proposal for pegging cotton at 13 cents had little effect on the market. The tendency was quiet but steady.

BULLION PRICES SLIGHTLY EASY

London gold and silver prices ruled slightly easy to-day.

PROFIT-TAKING IN WHEAT

Liverpool and Chicago wheat prices decline a little on profit-taking after opening steady. Argentine linseed was dull with a sagging tendency.

JUTE AND RUBBER STEADY

Tin was easy. Jute and rubber maintained a steady tone.

GIL-EDGEDS SECURITIES EASY

The London Stock Exchange displayed an irregular tendency while gilt-edged securities were easy.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(December 1934)

New York, Aug 16

Previous closing	13.60
To-day's opening	13.69
Difference	+.09
To-day's closing	13.55
Difference	—.05

BROACH EXPECTATION

July-August	Rs. 225-4
April-May	Rs. 231-8

LIVERPOOL COTTON

(January 1934)

Liverpool, Aug 16

Previous closing	6.93
To-day's opening	7.02
Difference	+.09
To-day's closing	7.01
Difference	+.08

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, Aug 16

Bankhead's proposal for pegging cotton at thirteen cents and also the suspension of processing taxes during marketing seemed to have little effect on the market to-day although some advance was evidenced yesterday. Operators are not keen to make purchases on a large scale for the lack of outside stimulation. The tendency has been quiet but steady.

The market opened steady at a gain of 9 points at 13.69 for December option. Trading early was active on favourable Liverpool cables and scattered buying but later quietened on traders' hesitant attitude. Some profit taking was in evidence and December declined by 4 points to 13.65.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 13.55 with a decline of 5 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Aug 16

The following were the opening ranges:—

October	(13.34/13.33) —
December	(13.49/13.47) 13.69/
January	(13.52/13.52) —

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Aug 16

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.

American October	(6.96) 7.01
American December	(6.96) 7.00
Egyptian October	(8.44) 8.50
Egyptian November	(8.47) 8.55

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Aug. 16 10-0 p.m.

Broach cotton for April-May delivery fluctuated between Rs. 233 and Rs. 232-8 at night. The rate at 10 p.m. was Rs. 232-8 with a rise of 6 points in New York futures.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Aug. 16.

Reports of American Government buying silver in London market influenced speculative buying in the local silver market, Shanghai Exchange on London closed to-day steady at 1.4 11/16. In the local market prices opened at Rs. 60/5 and declined to Rs. 60/2/6 on long liquidation. Later on there was renewed speculative buying and prices improved to Rs. 60/6. The gold market was fairly steady with scattered buying.

Ready silver	60	5	0
Shravan delivery	60	6	0
Bhadarva delivery	60	7	6
Ready gold	34	6	0
Shravan delivery	34	6	3
Bhadarva delivery	34	6	9

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.

New York, Aug 16

Previous closing	5.07 3/4
To-day's opening	5.08 3/8
To-day's closing	5.08 1/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, Aug 16

Previous closing	5.07 3/4
To-day's opening	5.07 3/4
To-day's closing	5.08 1/16
Difference	+.00 5/16

FRANC RATE

London, Aug 16

Previous closing	76.28
To-day's opening	76.28
To-day's closing	76.34
Difference	+.06

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Aug 16

London exchanges opened steady with the sterling dollar at 5.07-3/4 which later improved to 5.08.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 5.08 1/16

The franc remained steady at 76.28. The sterling franc cross rate closed at 76.34.

LONDON SILVER

London, Aug 16

The market was steady

	Last price.	To-day's price
Spot	21 3/4d.	21 5/8d.
Forward	21 11/16d.	21 9/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Aug 16

Gold (£6-18-4) £6-18-1 1/2

BULLION

London, Aug 16

Influx £56,000
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Silver Spot (21 3/4d) 21 5/8d
Gold per ounce (£6-18-4) £6-18-1 1/2

DISCOUNTS

London, Aug 16

3 months (13/16 to 13/16 p.c.) 13/16 to 13/16 p.c.
4 months (13/16 to 7/8 p.c.) 13/16 to 7/8 p.c.
6 months (1 to 1 1/8 p.c.) 1 to 1 1/8 p.c.

CROSS RATES

London, Aug 16 3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/16)	1-6 1/16
Paris on Bombay (5.74 1/2)	5.75
New York on Bombay (38.50)	38.31
Berlin on Bombay (0.95 1/2)	0.95 1/2
London on Milan (58.59)	58.65
London on Shanghai (1-4 11/16)	1-4 3/4
London on Kobe (1-2 1/4)	1-2 1/4

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Aug 16

The local silver market opened steady at Rs. 60, 60/1 and 60/3 and improved by six annas on speculative buying but later declined to Rs. 59/13 59/14 and 60 on unfavourable London advices.

There was practically no change in the gold market and prices remained steady at Rs. 34/6/3, 34/7 and 34/7/6

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Aug. 15.

September	1.01—01 1/8c.
December	1.03 5/8—01c.
May	1.06 3/8—1 5/8c.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Aug 16

Liverpool wheat opened easy with slightly better prices at 4.03/8 for October and 73 for December and declined on commission houses selling but later improved on scattered buying and favourable news from outside.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Aug 16

The Chicago wheat market opened steady with September at 1.02-1/2 and December at 1.05 and advanced on commission houses buying and bullish news but later slightly eased on profit taking.

CHICAGO OATS AND RYE

Chicago, Aug 16

Chicago oats opened steady with December at 51. Trading was fairly active and prices advanced on commission houses buying.

Rye opened steady with December at 96-1/2 and moved in sympathy with the grain market.

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, Aug 16

The Argentine linseed market ruled with an easy tendency and prices declined on liquidation. The market opened steady with a decline of one point at 14.60 for October but prices gave way owing to the nervous tendency of the market due to unfavourable news and the lack of outside support, October at noon being quoted with a decline of 36 points at 14.25.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Aug 15

The following were the rates at 3-30 p.m. to-day.

METALS.

Tin (£229 3/4 buyers £229 7/8 sellers) £228 1/4 buyers £228 1/2 sellers. Easy.

Lead (£10 15/16 buyers £11 sellers) £10 11/16 buyers £10 13/16 sellers. Easy.

Electrolytic Copper (£31 1/2 to £32) £31 1/2 to £31 3/4

Glasgow Iron (£70) £70.

JUTE

Crop July-Aug-Sept (£14 7/8) £14 3/4
Dundee August (£17) unquoted.
Lightening August (£16) unquoted.

TEA.

Indian Pekoe (0-11 1/2) 0-11 1/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-4 3/4) 2-1
Ceylon Pekoe (1-0) 1-0
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-5) 1-5

RUBBER

Spot (7 3/8) 7 7/16 paid and buyer
Oct-Dec (7 9/16) 7 5/8 paid and buyer

LINSEED

Linseed Bombay Aug-Sept (£12 7/8) £12 7/8 sellers
Linseed Calcutta Aug-Sept (£12 1/2) £12 1/2 sellers
Linseed La Plata Aug-Sept (£11 3/8) £11 3/8 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal Sept. (10 1/16) 10 1/16 sellers

JUTE SHARES STEADY

Fair Turnover In Coals

CALCUTTA Aug. 16.

Jute shares ruled quiet but steady with limited turnover. In coals decidedly better feeling prevailed and fair turnover reported. Teas were steady. In Miscellaneous, rubbers and sugar shares met with fair request and good business resulted. Government Securities were a turn better. Following were the closing quotations.

Government Securities:—3-1/2 per cent paper 89/9; 3-1/2 per cent loan 1947/50 99/13; 4-1/2 per cent yoan 1955/60 112/6 small lot; 5 per cent loan 1940/43 190/12; 4 per cent Punjab Bonds 1948 104/10; 5-1/2 per cent loan 1938/40 109/12.

Banks:—Imperial Conty 351; imperial fully paid 1428/8.

Railways:—Arrah Sasaram Light 57 small pot; ex-div; Bukhtiarpur Bihar Light 62 ex-div. small lot; Darjeeling Himlayan ordy 63 small lot cum div.

Cottons:—Bengal Nagpur ordy 19/14; Dunbar ordy 131/8; Kesoram ordy 4/2.

Coals:—Bengal 240/8; Bokare and Ramgur 8/12; Burrakur 13/14; Equitable 23/12; Ghusick and Muslia 3/10; Hurriladih 9/4; New Beerbhoom 13/10; New Manbhoom 36/4; Samla Colliers 3/1; Satpukuria and Asansol Annas 8; Sendra 11/12; Standard 26/8 small lots; West Jamuria 9.

Jutes:—Adamjee ordy 11/5; Agarpara pref 121/8; Barnagore 157 small lot; Bally pref 124; Clive 30/14; Empire 37/10 small lot; Fort Gloster 552; Glurepore pref 123; Howrah 53/14; India 320; Kamarhatty 539 ex-div; Anglo-India 386 small lot; Kanknarrah 460-1/2 small lot ex-dov.; Lansdowne 154 small lot; National 24/6; Orient 213; Aeliance 78/4 small lot.

Miscellaneous Patna Electric 14/8; Upper Ganges Electric 10/4; Burn and Co. ordy 217 ex-div.; Indian Iron and Steel 6/4 small lot; Bengal Floor 119 small lot; Indo-Burma Petroleum pref 111.

Rubbers:—Alleny 2 point 10 cts; Barelli 2 point 72-1/2 cts; Indragiri 1 point 50 cts.

Teas:—Bateli 6/6; Hattikhira 29; Hantapara 492/8; Naga Hills 23/8; Rajgarh 10/14; Sarugaon 12/4.

Sugars:—Cawnpore ordy 32/14 Cawnpore pref 154; Champaran 22/10; Dyer Meakin 91 small lot; New Savan 13/12; Samastipore 9/2.

VERY FIRM TONE IN INDUSTRIAL SHARES

EFFECT OF FAVOURABLE SHOWING OF BOARD OF TRADE RETURNS

Wall Street Steady But Traders Marking Time

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Aug 16

On the Stock Exchange business was small mainly due to the settlement of the past three weeks' account which members report to be very heavy. Encouraged by the favourable showing of the Board of Trade returns, industrials maintained a very firm tone.

After a mild reaction, Kaffirs brightened up afresh. Otherwise no special feature presented itself.

Wheat recovered a part of yesterday's losses but other commodities were uninteresting.

Wall Street opened steady but as the incentive was lacking, traders have been marking time.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Aug. 16

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £93 1/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Aug 16

The Stock Exchange markets generally were quiet and irregular. Gilt-edged securities showed an easy tendency. Mining shares were quiet but the undertone was favourable. The demand slackened in the industrials after initial firmness.

BRITISH FUNDS

3 1/2 per cent Consols (£80 3/4) £80 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£105) £104 7/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£110 7/8) £110 7/8
4 per cent Funding Loan (£115 1/2) £115 3/8
6 1/2 per cent War Loan (£104 3/8) £104 1/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£114 1/8) £114

INDUSTRIALS

Brazilian Traction (dol 9 3/4) dol 9 3/4
International Holding (dol 1 5/8) dol 1 5/8
Hydro Electric (dol 5 1/4) dol 5 1/4
Musical Industries (28-3) 28-3
Princhin Johnson (41-3) 41-3
Imperial Chemical Defd (37-4 1/2) 37-4 1/2
Imperial Chemical Ordinary (9-3) 9-4 1/2
Woolsworth New Ord (105-0) 107-3
Swedish Match (7-0) 7-0
Dunlop Rubber (49-0) 49-0
University Ordinary (21-0) 21-6
Ford Motors (32-9) 32-9
Cables and Wireless (£6 1/4) £6 3/4
British American Tobacco (122-6) 121-3
Camera 'A' (£7 5/8) £7 5/8
Imperial Tobacco Ord (128-10 1/2) 128-0
P and O S N Co. Defd (16-1 1/2) 16-1 1/2
Distillers (90-0) 90-0
Bredrurd Dyers (12-3) 12-3
British Celonese (11-3) 11-3
J and P Coates Ordinary (66-0) 66-0
Courtaulds Ordinary (47-3) 47-3
Fine Cotton Spinners (9-6) 9-6
Wickers Ltd Ordinary (10-6) 10-3
Inter Nickels (25 1/8) 25 1/8
Bengal Iron and Steel (5-3) 5-3
Tata Iron and Steel (£110 1/2) £110 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, Aug 16 3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Stock (£80 1/2) £80 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£93 1/4) £93 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£112 1/2) £112 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1958-68 (£115 1/4) £115 1/4
4 1/2 per cent New Indian 1948-58 (£106 . .) £106 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian (1954-59) (£101) £101
5 per cent Indian 1943-47 (£112 3/4) £112 3/4

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

3 per cent Australian Loan (£108 1/8) £108

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (26-10 1/2) 26-10- 1/2
Empire of India and Ceylon (43-1 1/2) 43-1 1/2
Donaro ... (57-9) 57-9

JUTES SHARES.

Barnagore (11) 11

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (25-9) 25-9
Gula Kelampong (26-9) 26-9
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (37-9) 37-9

MINING SHARES.

Nandydrug (63-9) 63-9
Burma Corporation (13-4 1/2) 13-4 1/2
Rio Tintos (17 1/8) 16 3/4
East Rand Proprietary (52-9) 52-9
Rand Mines (142-6) 142-6

OIL SHARES.

Venezuela (33-10 1/2) 33-10 1/2
Anglo Persian (46-7 1/2) 44-9
Burma Oil (78-0) 77-3
Mexican Eagle (8-1 1/2) 8-1 1/2
Shell Transport (46-3) 46-3
Royal Dutch (£20 3/4) £20 3/4

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Aug 16

The following were the opening rates on the New York Stock Exchange.

General Motors (dol 30 1/4) dol 29 1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 12 5/8) dol 12 3/8
U S Steel Common (dol 33 3/8) dol 33 3/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 78) dol 79 3/8

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Aug. 16.

B C RATE—
T T D D 1/6

LONDON BANKS—
Selling T T D D 1/6 1/32 Aug-Feb
Selling T T 1/6 March/J...e
Selling T T 1/5 31/32 July-Dec. 35
Buying T T 1/6 3/32 Aug-Dec.
Buying D D 1/6 3/32 Aug-Dec.
Buying 3 mos 1/6 5/32 August-Feb
Buying 3 mos 1/6 1/8 March

NEW YORK B C RATE—
T T 265
Banks selling T T 263
Banks buying T T 261

PARIS—
Banks selling D D 570
Banks buying D D 580

AMSTERDAM—
Banks selling D D 55 1/2

JAVA—
Banks selling D D 55 1/4

JAPAN—
Banks selling T T 78 7/8
Banks buying T T 78 1/2

HONGKONG—
Banks selling D D 103 3/4

SHANGHAI—
Banks selling D D 93 1/2

SINGAPORE—
Banks selling D D 157 1/4

BERLIN—
Banks selling D D 95

CROSS RATE—
New York/London 5.07 7/8 15th inst.
Shanghai/London 1/4 11/16 16th inst.
Japan/London 1/2 1/4 16th inst.
Java/London 7.37 15th inst.
London/Paris 76.28 15th inst.
London/Belgium 21.41 15th inst.
London/Switzerland 15.40. 15th inst
London/Italy 58.62 15th inst.
London/Berlin 12.86 15th inst.
London/Stockholm 19.39 15th inst
London/New York 5.07 3/4 15th inst.
London/Amsterdam 7.41 15th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £6-18-2 1/2 14th inst. £6-18-4 15th inst.
Silver London Ready 21 5/8 14th inst 21 3/4 15th inst.
Silver London Forward 21 9/16 14th inst. 21 11/16 15th inst.
London Discounts 3 mos 13/16 p.c 14th inst. 13/16 p.c. 15th inst.
London Discounts 6 mos 1 1/8 p.c. 14th inst. 1 1/8 p.c. 15th inst.
Imperial Bank Rate 3 1/2 per cent
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Call 1 per cent.
3 mos 1 1/4 per cent.
6 mos 1 1/4 per cent
Tone:—Easy.

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, Aug. 15.

September	1.73—.01
December	1.81
March	1.85+.01
May	1.90+.01

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Aug. 15.

October	68—3 1/2d.
December	71—3 1/2d.
March	73—3 1/2d.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

	bales.
Khandesh	194
Central India	333
Barsi-Nugger	146
Berar	21
Central Provinces	142
Dhollera	441
Rajputana	1
Sind-Punjab	21
Broach	403
Compta-Dharwar	985
Western-Northerns	1,968
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	1,202
Total Cotton	5,860 cwts.
Wheat	3,913
Linseed	16,400
Rape, Rai & Mustardseeds	283
Gingellyseed	1,597
Groundnuts	5,721
Castorseed	1,506
Rice	4,731
Myrabollams	692
Mowraseed	350
Gram	256
Joowar	1,406
Bajree	1,199
Coal	61 tons.

'REGULATION RAJ' MUST GO

(Continued from page 1.)

not test the accuracy of Mr. Metcalfe's statement.

Sir Henry Craik interrupting said that he had laid on the table of the House a statement the other day showing that of the 73 prisoners under Regulation, 46 were for foreign political reasons and 27 from British India for reasons of internal commotion.

Mr. Mitra accepted these figures but maintained that while the Government could retain that part of the regulation which dealt with foreign political relations, it should repeal the regulation to the extent that it concerned internal commotion. His reason was that Provincial and Central Laws had been passed enabling the Government to deal with terrorism, communism and other such dangers.

"MISUSED" REGULATION

Mr. Neogy held that the Regulation was misused. He gave the case of Mr. Sen Gupta who was essentially a man of peace but who, on the day he landed in Bombay on his return from a trip to Europe, was arrested under Regulation III. The popular view was that this action was taken because Mr. Sen Gupta presided over a Calcutta meeting which condemned the depredation by police and local authorities in Chittagong who were accused by the Committee consisting of leading public men of having caused the riot.

WHAT READING SAID

Moreover, Lord Reading had told them that the material was scrutinised by two High Court Judges but actually it was discovered that it was not so and the Home Member had admitted that the information which the Government acted on was no more than what was supplied by informers and scrutinised by a senior police official. Mr. Neogy asked Mr. Metcalfe to seek a separate consolidated law to deal with foreign political obligations but so long as men like the late Mr. Sen Gupta could be imprisoned under the Regulation the speaker would oppose the continuance of such a law on the Statute Book.

Mr. Gaya Prasad Singh said that the Regulation did not impose an obligation on the Government to inform the accused of the charge against him with the result that it was possible that some prisoners were innocent.

"OUT OF DATE"

Mr. Shafi Daudi said that the Regulation was out of date and appealed to the European Group to support the repeal of such a Regulation in the last days of the present Assembly.

Raja Bahadur Krishnamacharya abhorred all repressive laws but said that he would have supported the Regulation if the Government had not possessed other weapons. The case of Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose was particularly hard. A man who earned Rs. 20,000 a month would not be so devoid of sense as to bring himself under the Regulation.

AGAINST NATIONAL WORKERS

Mr. B. Das contended that the Regulation was used always against national workers and to put down national aspirations.

Mr. Amarnath Dutt wanted Government to give an assurance that the Regulation would be confined to cases involving international obligations.

SARATCHANDRA'S CASE

Sir Henry Craik replying to the debate answered points raised by various speakers. He told Mr. Mitra that 19 prisoners in Bengal were dealt with under the Regulation before the Bengal Anti-Terrorist Act was passed. But in the case of other provinces such as the N.W.F.P., no other power existed to detain dangerous terrorists beyond two months, except the Regulation.

As for Mr. Saratchandra Bose, his protest reached the Home Member only half an hour before he entered the House. Sir Henry said that he had been accused of breaking silence of his predecessor, but he had again seen documents and they had convinced him that his previous statement that Mr. Bose was deeply involved in the terrorist movement was quite correct.

Mr. G. P. Singh:—Will you let him clear his conduct by a trial even held in camera?

BILL REJECTED

Sir Henry said that the suggestion would require separate consideration. He added that he would see whether any official record had been kept of the conversations referred to by Mr. Bose by high officials.

He assured Mr. Neogy that he (the speaker) was not a diehard, and wished that Mr. Neogy had not dug up the alleged sins of his predecessors over what Lord Reading said, when the point had been fully answered in the past.

As for Mr. B. Das, had he studied the views of Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel and even Gandhiji who would be future leaders of Mr. B. Das, he would have known that they did not approve of Communist activities. Of six Communists dealt with under the Regulation, four were released, as they were not considered dangerous any more.

The Home Member said that owing to the consistency and persistence of Mr. Amarnath Dutt, the subject had been discussed often in the House, and he hoped that the House would not accept Mr. Amarnath Dutt's motion.

The House divided and rejected the repealing Bill by 52 votes to 27.

PROTECTING MINOR GIRLS

On the House reassembling after lunch, Mr. Raghubir Singh moving the reference of the Bill to protect minor girls to a Select Committee, said that he had received opinions from two prominent officials and non-officials in support of the Bill. The Select Committee should see that the age of marriageable girls was increased and the sale of girls should be made impossible.

Mr. Seetharama Raju contended that no useful purpose would be served by the bill as the Indian Penal Code provided against selling girls for immoral purposes, while the Sarda Act was against marriages of minor girls.

Dr. Ziauddin Ahmed considered the bill unnecessary.

Sir N. N. Sircar opposed reference to the Select Committee, as it would be difficult to define the word sale. He quoted Hindu scriptures to show that marriage in which a consideration is paid for the bride was held valid.

Sir Harisingh Gour whose speech was frequently interrupted by Sir N. N. Sircar said that all that the House had now to agree to was the principle that parents should not sell their daughters in marriage. The Select Committee could define the word sale on the lines of the definition of selling children for labour in act two of 1933.

Sir N. N. Sircar:—I enquired of the official draftsman who said that he would be unable to draft the bill, even if his salary was increased. (Laughter).

GOUR'S PLEA

Sir Harisingh Gour:—The Select Committee should say, if you don't do it, your salary will be reduced (applause and renewed laughter)

Concluding Sir Harisingh said that in a bill of this kind, there must be difference of public opinion, but the House should care more for innate justice.

Mr. Mudaliar and Mr. Jadhav opposed the Bill.

INSURANCE AGAINST WIDOWHOOD

Sir Henry Craik said that Government were in complete sympathy with the object of the Bill, but must oppose its reference to the Select Committee, as not only all Local Governments, but those best qualified to express an opinion on the subject opposed the Bill.

The Bill was a superfluous one in respect of disposing of girls for immoral purposes, as there was a law on the statute making such disposal of girls punishable with ten years' imprisonment. Then there was the difficulty of defining the word sale. As most marriages in this country were based on some pecuniary consideration. Such considerations as jewellery or cash were a very useful form of insurance, particularly in the case of widowhood.

The House adjourned till Monday.—A. P.

President's Ruling

SIMLA, Aug. 15.

Giving his ruling on Sir Abdur Rahim's amendment to the Army Bill the President said that Section 65 of the Government of India Act imposed limitations on the Legislative powers of the Indian Legislature. Sub-Section (1) defined the territorial and personal jurisdiction it allowed the Indian Legislature to framed laws relating to Indian Force. Indian forces did not have a racial connotation but territorial connotation, (applause). This new class of Indian Commissioned Officers might be composed of British or Indian Officers and the House had jurisdiction to legislate for them.

As regards the point whether the Indian Legislature could pass any law affecting the British Army Act the President accepted the Law Member's definition of "affecting" but held that the power of regulation possessed by His Majesty allowed the local legislatures to make their own regulations.

If, however, any local legislature made regulation which came into conflict with the regulation framed by His Majesty later on, then local legislation would cease to be effective. As no regulation existed which came into conflict with Sir Abdur Rahim's proposal he ruled that the amendment was in order. (Cheers).—A.P.

Bankhead's Unexpected Recommendation

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, Aug. 15.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
Amer. Power & Light	5
Amer. Power & Light 5 p.c. P.A.	12
Amer. Forn. Power Com.	6
Amer. Forn. Power Gold D	48
Amer. Forn. Power 7 p.c. P.	18
Electric Bond Common	11
Electric Bond 5 dol. Pfd.	35
Electric Bond 6 dol. Pfd.	43
Consolidated Gas	27
Columbia Gas	9
American Tel. & Tel.	110
Western Union Telg.	33 7/8
Radio Corp.	5
Chesapeake & Ohio	42
New York Central	21 1/8
Baltimore & Ohio R. R.	16
Erie R. R.	12
Pennsylvania R. R.	22
Union Pacific R. R.	98
Great North Pfd.	14
National Distillers	19
Hiram Walker	25
Distillers Seagram	13
Amr. Tobacco B.	75
Dupont de Nemours	89
Canadian Pacific	14
Bethelehem Steel	27
United States Steel	33 3/4
American Smelting	37
Noranda Mines	45
Int. Nickel of Canada	25 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	12 3/4
Kennecott Copper	20
Cerro de Pasco Copper	40
International Harvester	26
Ford Motors of Canada "A"	20
General Motors	29 3/8
Packard Motor	3
General Electric	19
St. Oil of N. J.	45
Phillips Petrol	15 1/4
Mid. Con. Petroleum	12 1/2
Atlantic Refining	25
Socony	15
Plymouth Oil	10
American Radiator	13
Eaton Mfg.	12
Chase Bank	24 1/4
National City Bank	22 1/4
Sun Life of Canada	350
Celanese Corp. of Amr.	21
General Foods	29
National Dairy	17
Remington Rand	10
Amr. Locomotive	19

Market featureless & fractionally lower Amr. Tel. and Tel. has declared a n quarterly dividend of dol 2 1/4 Ex dividend on 13th September.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, August 15.

SAKELLARIDIS:—	
October 1934	8.45
November 1934	8.48
December 1934	8.52
January 1935	8.56
March 1935	8.62
May 1935	8.69
July 1935	8.77
F. G. F. Spot	8.69

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool August 15.

BROACH:—	
Fully Good (Good Staple) ..	5.31
Fine (Good Staple)	5.46
Superfine (Good Staple) ..	5.61
C. P. OOMRA:—	
Good (No. 1 Staple)	5.36
Fine (No. 1 Staple)	5.51
Choice (No. 1 Staple) ..	5.66
BENGAL:—	
Good	3.38
Fine	3.48
Superfine	3.58
SCINDE:—	
Good	3.58
Fine	3.68
Superfine	3.78

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET

London, August 15.

Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25 C. & F. Calcutta per lb. Aug./Oct. sellers 6/4-1/2.

C. & F. Bombay per lb. Aug./Oct. sellers 6/1-1/2.

C. & F. Karachi per lb. Aug./Oct. sellers 6/1-1/2.

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET.

New York, August 15.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) spot 10-7/8.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGES.

London, August 15.

	£
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 per cent. ..	66
Indian Stock 3 per cent. 1948 or later	80-1/2
Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent. 1931 or later	93-1/4
Indian Stock 4-1/2 per cent. 1950/55	112-1/2
Consols 2-1/2 per cent. ..	80-5/8
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 per cent. 1961	105
War Loan, 3-1/2 per cent. 1952	104-3/8
Funding Loan, 4 per cent. 1960/90	115-1/2
Victory Bonds 4 per cent. ..	114-1/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	15-3/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	134-1/2
National Bank of India ..	49-1/4
P. & O. Banking Corporation.	10-3/8

LONDON METALS.

London, August 15.

	£
Copper Braziers	41-1/2
Yellow Metal	34
Spelter Hard Indian Brands ..	13-1/2
Corrugated Sheets 24 Gauge ..	16-3/4
Tin English Ingots, Liverpool F. O. B.	229-3/4

LONDON RUBBER.

London, August 15.

Smoked sheet standard ribbed per lb. 7-7/16 sellers.

TO PEG COTTON PRICES AT 13 CENTS AND SUSPEND PROCESSING TAX

Wall-Street and Local Covering | Southern Hedge Selling

WEEKLY WEATHER UNFAVOURABLE

BOMBAY, August 16.

The most interesting feature in American cotton markets was Mr. Bankhead's unexpected recommendation for pegging cotton prices at 13 cents and suspension of the Processing Tax during the marketing period of the American Cotton Crop.

This suggestion was favourably received and was followed by local short covering, wall-street and foreign buying in New York cotton market on Wednesday and prices advanced 75 cents per bale.

The weekly weather report was unfavourable for the West-Belt and favoured growth and Weevil in the East-Belt.

There were unconfirmed rumours that President Roosevelt will loan 12 cents on the present crop.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

On Wednesday the New York cotton futures market declined during the early part of the day on speculators selling but later rallied on favourable conditions in dry goods markets and covering by shorts.

Mr. Bankhead urges President Roosevelt to peg cotton prices at 13 cents and to suspend the Processing Tax of 4.2 cents per lb. during the marketing period of the crop. This suggestion was unexpected and induced Wall-Street and foreign buying and local short covering. The demand was satisfied by the Southern hedge selling.

The Weekly weather report was bullish for the West Belt where drought remains unbroken and excessive heat is doing damage to the crop. In the East weather was favourable for the growth but increased boll-weevil.

There no official confirmation but it is rumoured the U. S. Government will give loans to cotton growers on a basis of 12 cents.

NEW YORK MARKET.

The New York cotton futures market opened at unchanged prices with October 13.33 There was some tired long liquidation which resulted in a decline of 4 points and October delivery reached the lowest level for the day 13.29. Mr. Bankhead's suggestion and bullish weekly weather report induced local short covering and Wall-Street as well as outside buying. Prices advanced 19 points from the lowest level and October reached the highest level of the day 13.48 during the last hour. The market closed at a net rise of 13 to 17 points. Spot cotton prices were raised 15 points at 13.66 cents per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also fairly active and closed at a rise of 15 to 12 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 13 points at 13.43c per lb.

The Liverpool cotton futures market was expected to open at a decline of 3 points in sympathy with overnight decline in New York cotton prices, but the market opened very steady on Wednesday on reports of continued excessive heat in the West and private crop complaints. There was some Bombay and local buying. Later on the market was quiet on poor New York opening advices and straddle selling. Prices fluctuated within a range of 6 points and the market closed at a net rise of two to one point. Middling American spot cotton prices advanced 5 points at 7.19d per lb.

INDIAN COTTON.

East Indian cotton futures market was fairly active with improved buying and closed at a rise of 3 points. At the close October, January and March positions were quoted at 5.21d.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton futures market was active with a fairly good enquiry for both Sakels and Uppers. Sakels futures closed at a rise of 4 to 7 points with spot cotton 5 points up at 8.69. Uppers futures advanced 5 points and Spot Upper cotton prices improved 2 points at 7.46d.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria cotton futures market was quiet but steady with a scattered short covering in Sakels which closed at a rise of 11 to 12 points. Ashmoonni futures gained one to two points.

DROUGHT CONTINUES.

Messrs M. & B. Stern state:—

An unfavourable weekly weather report and continued drought in the West was overshadowed by Senator Bankhead's unexpected recommendation for the suspension of processing taxes during the marketing season and pegging of cotton prices at 13 cents. It was also reported that Government will loan 12 cents on the present crop.

Though we have no faith in the pegging of prices the removal of the processing tax and advance in the Government loans to 12 cents would undoubtedly prove to be very bullish factors.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. October Highest (2-59 p.m.)	13.48+.15
N. Y. October Lowest (11-42 a.m.)	13.29—.04
Liverpool October Highest (11-45 a.m.)	6.96+.04
Liverpool October Lowest (10-1 a.m.)	6.90—.02

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool.—Weekly weather unfavourable in West but generally satisfactory elsewhere. Western drought appears to have lost potency as bullish influence and fresh stimulus needed to revive outside activity.

New York.—Senator Bankhead recommends Government loan to producers on basis 13 cents this season's crop and also temporary suspension tax during the marketing season.

New York.—Local covering. Wall Street and foreign buying. South sold. Weekly weather rather favourable in East, decidedly unfavourable in West.

New York.—Weekly weather report bullish in the Western belt. Crop advices continue unfavourable. Market seems inclined to resist the decline. Technical condition of the market somewhat firmer irrespective of spot demand being poor. European situation unfavourable. Expect the general trend of the market will be upward. Think the decline will hardly go further.

New York.—Bankheal urges Roosevelt peg cotton at 13 cents.

New York.—Weekly weather report is unfavourable; shorts covering was due to Bankhead's recommendation of 13 cents loan to producers. Liquidation is about over.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables from their Liverpool Agents.

9-09 a.m.—Heavy rains in New Orleans District (South-East Louisiana). Scattered showers in Alabama. Excessive heat continues in Western Belt. Entire belt partly cloudy.

11-12 a.m.—Better on strength of dollar.

9-02 p.m.—Market advanced on Wall Street covering on bullish weekly weather report

Weekly Weather Report.—Favoured growth and weevil East, decidedly unfavourable West.

Messrs. Sarupchand Prithiraj have received the following cable:—

Memphis Light rains Texas Gulf Coast. Excessive heat continues Western Belt, very unfavourable: expect some advance, think American market will hold.

Messrs. M. & B. Stern have received the following cable from their Head office:—

"Recent easiness due long liquidation and fierce labour trouble. Although market needs further bullish factors to stimulate recommend buying at present price for quick turn. Crop accounts continue bullish due to excessive heat Western Belt."

Messrs. Breul Co., have received the following cable dated 15th inst. from their Liverpool friends Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson:—

"Markets' attention concentrated now less on weather and more on trade conditions, these so disappointing that fears of new crop hedges even if limited, will prove burden some. Advice liquidate longs on any good advance and buy only on substantial setbacks or definite signs of revival of trade.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, August 15.

October 1934	13.43+15
December 1934	13.57+12
January 1935	13.61+12
Middling Spot	13.43+13

AMERICAN COTTON BELT

WEATHER FORECAST

EAST: Partly cloudy, local thunder showers.

CENTRAL: Cloudy showers.

WEST: Partly cloudy; excessive heat in East Texas.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, August 15.

October 1934	13.47+14
December 1934	13.60+13
January 1935	13.65+13
March 1935	13.78+15
May 1935	13.86+17
July 1935	13.91+16
Middling Spot	13.60+15

NEW YORK.

New York, August 15.

New York 10-55 a.m.—	
October 1934	13.3
December 1934	13.51
January 1935	13.55
New York Noon Call—	
October 1934	13.30
December 1934	13.45
January 1935	13.49

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, August 15.

	Bales.
Days' Receipts at all U. S. Ports	7,000
Days' Exports to Great Britain	2,000
Days' Exports to the Continent	4.000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, August 15.

	10-10 a.m. Quotations.	To-day's Price.
August 1934 ..		6.97+02
September 1934 ..		6.96+02
October 1934 ..		6.94+02
November 1934 ..		6.92+01
December 1934 ..		6.92+01
January 1935 ..	6.92	6.93+01
February 1935 ..		6.93+01
March 1935		6.93+01
April 1935		6.92+01
May 1935		6.92+01
June 1935		6.91+01
July 1935		6.91+01
Middling Spot ..		7.19+05

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, August 15.

Wheat, Rozario Santa Fe, Parcels Aug. sellers 29/0.

Wheat, Barletta Russo, Parcels, Aug. sellers 26/3.

Wheat, South Australian, Parcels, Aug. sellers 30/0.

LONDON SILVER.

London, August 15.

Silver—Market steady.

Spot	21-3/4
Forward	21-11/16

LONDON GOLD.

London, August 15.

Gold bars Fine per oz .. £6-18/4

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, August 15.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 0-13/16 per cent. to 0-13/16 per cent.

Bank Bill 6 months market rate 1 per cent. to 1-1/8 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2-1/2 per cent. to 3 per cent.

Interest Day to Day Loan 0-3/4 per cent. to 0-3/4 per cent.

Interest 7 Days Market Loan 0-3/4 per cent. to 0-3/4 per cent.

LINSEED OILS.

London, August 15.

Linseed Oil Naked London, per cwt. Aug. sellers 20/3.

Linseed Oil Naked London, per cwt. Sep/Dec. sellers 20/10-1/2.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, August 15.

T. T. London on:—	
Berlin	12.86-1/2
Amsterdam	7.41-3/4
Brussels	21.41-1/2
Madrid	36.82
Milan	58.62
Berne	15.40-1/2
Paris	76.28
Prague	121.12
T. T. London on New York	
Closing cross rate ..	5.07 3/4

SEEDS.

London, August 15.

Linseed La Plata, Hull c.i.f. per ton Aug./Sep. sellers £11-1-3.

Linseed Calcutta (London) c.i.f. per ton, Aug./Sep. sellers £12-10-0.

Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. per ton, Aug./Sep. sellers £12-17-6.

Rapeseed Toria, (Hull) Cont c.i.f per ton, Aug./Sep. sellers £10-12-6.

Castorseed Bombay, (Hull) c.i.f. per ton, Aug./Sep. sellers £10-0-0.

Cottonseed Bombay. (Hull) c.i.f. per ton, no offers.

COTTON ARRIVALS

	Bales.
Receipts into Bombay 14th August	4,402
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1933	2,453,674
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	2,504,637
Decrease	—50,963

LINSEED AND WHEAT

Bombay, Aug. 16.

Linseed Sept.	7 2 9
Linseed May	6 13 3
Wheat Sept.	4 2 3
Wheat Jan.	4 8 0
Wheat May	4 7 9

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Aug. 16.

Following a rise of 15 points in New York cotton futures, the local cotton market opened at Rs. 232/12 for Broach A/M. delivery and ruled very steady on improved buying. It is said that Bankhead's suggestion will have favourable effect but we think it is too early to rely on such news. Weather continues unfavourable in America and there was a marked absence of any selling. The undertone of the market was good.

Liverpool market opened firm at a rise of 9 points and prices in the local market advanced to Rs. 233-6. Later on Liverpool was 5 points up and the market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach J/A 226/12
Broach A/M 233
Oomra D/J 204/12
Bengal D/J 147/4

READY COTTON SALES

	Aug 16
110	A H Kiyal Ujhani 137
60	Viram Ladha Sindhurni 182
50	Samji Karamshi Jalna 187
31	Samji Karamshi Purna 187
55	Colaba Land Nimbahera 155
100	N Manilal Pandurna 207
100	Oshman Suleman Tirupur 50 on

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

Bengal Superfine	154/51
Bengal Fine	144/41
Bengal F.G.	137/34
Sindh-Punjab Fine	144/41
Sindh-Punjab F.G.	137/34
Wardha-Hingt	218/17
Nagpur Savner	216/14
Pundhurna	208/206
Yeotmal	205/304
Arvi	204/2[illegible]
Ellichpur	204/2[illegible]
Amraoti-Berar	202/200
Khamgaon	204/2[illegible]
Mulkapur	192/1[illegible]
Khandesh	192/1[illegible]
Jalna/Sailu	194/1[illegible]
Burwah Sanavad	204/1[illegible]
Broach Fine	231/23
Punjab/American	241/36
Punjab/American mix	231/26
Cambodia	291/88
Miraj/Sangli	221/16
Compta Good	236/19
Bagalkot	211/206
Kampala	364
Busoga	362
Jinja	359
Manza	354

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

Since 1st September

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Khandesh	194	283,141
Central India	336	229,769
Barsi and Nagar	146	179,805
Hyderabad-Gaorani	...	50,701
Berar	21	461,191
Central Provinces	142	116,457
Total Oomras	839	1,321,064
Dholera	441	148,878
N.-W. Provinces	...	9,184
Rajputana	1	60,065
Sind-Punjab	21	187,416
Broach	403	332,885
Coompta & Dharwar	985	83,708
Westerns-Northerns	1,968	60,137
Cocoanada	...	475
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	1,202	44,739
Persian	...	2,405
American	...	26,485
Egyptian and African	...	182,065
Comilla, Burma & other sorts	...	28
Total	5,860	2,459,534

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sept. to 9th Aug.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	3,527	382,475
Japan & China	2,690	1,076,233
Coast Ports	...	22,199
Up-country by Rail	...	124,615
Afloat in harbour for Europe China & Japan	...	20,261
Total	6,217	1,625,783

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup Fine	F.G.	Good
M. G. Bengal.—				
Broach No. 2 ...	235	232	230	228
Punjab-Ame. ...	242	239	237	235
Surat ...	294	291	288	285
Rajpipla ...	292	289	286	283
Navsari ...	296	293	290	287

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

	1933-34	1932-33
F. P. Bales		
Receipts to date 15-8-34	105000	169000
Receipts Yesterday 15-8-34	7000	12000
Exports to date 15-8-34	105000	304000
Stock at Ports 10-8-34	2391000	2965000
Stock Interior Towns 10-8-34	1117000	1151000
Stock Liverpool 10-8-34	998000	828000
Visible Supply 10-8-34	5215000	6375000
Quantity in Sight 10-8-34	116000	200000
Quantity out of Sight 10-8-34	226000	366000

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

Castorseeds Delivery Sept. Opening Rs. 26/5; Highest Rs. 26/6/6; Lowest Rs. 26/4; Closing Rs. 26/4/6

Castorseeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 27/3; Highest Rs. 27/3/6; Lowest Rs. 27/1; Closing Rs. 27/2

Cottonseeds Delivery January Opening Rs. 18; Closing Rs. 18.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery August Opening Rs. 24/8; Highest Rs. 24/9; Closing Rs. 24/8.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery February Opening Rs. 27/9; Highest 27/12; Lowest Rs. 27/8/6; Closing Rs. 27/11/6.

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, Aug. 16.

Java ready	13 14 0
S. S. Arabia	4 0 3
S. S. Himalaya	4 0 3
S. S. Ranee	4 0 9
S. S. Nurmahal	4 0 9
July shipment	4 0 0
A/S. shipment	4 0 3
C/D. shipment	4 0 9

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay Dyeing And Steel Shares Steady

LIMITED BUSINESS AND NARROW RANGE

Bombay, August 16.

The local Share Bazaar was steady but featureless with a limited business and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. There was a small improvement in Bombay Dyeing and Tata Steel Shares.

Following improvement in raw cotton prices, there was a marked absence of any selling in Mill Shares while Bombay Dyeing shares recorded a rise of Rs. 4 on professional support but outside operators are not inclined to follow the rise and the market is somewhat overbought in Mill Section.

Tata Steel Dfd. Shares improved about Rs. 4 on steady support and in the absence of any selling prices displayed hardening tendency. Professional operators are awaiting to unload on strong markets. Tata Steel ordinary shares were also steady with a scattered buying.

Hydro-Electric Shares were fairly steady and Cement Shares remained neglected. Government Securities were steady but at the moment it looks advisable to secure profits on strong markets.

The Share Bazaar generally displays tired appearance and professional operators are now satisfied with small profits and are securing them as they accrue on either side. This belief has narrowed down fluctuations and there is less inclination to buy unless prices recede. In the meanwhile ring operators are taking quick turns and a small rise or a fall makes the market overbought or oversold.

TEXTILE MILLS.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

100	Ahm. Advance	275 10
500	Bom. Cotton	65 0
250	Bombay Dyeing	769 6
200	Bradbury	101 4
100	Century	263 12
100	Central India	232 8
100	Colaba	105 10
100	Coorla	96 4
100	Crescent	7 4
250	Currim	5 0
250	David	60 0
250	Dawn	325 0
	I E D Sassoon	0 3
100	Elphinstone	0 12
100	Finlay	92 8
100	Gokak	150 0
1000	Hindustan	X.D.1700 0
100	Indore	115 0
50	Kastoorchand	0 8
100	Khatau	66 4
100	Kohinoor	166 14
250	Laxmi	746 14
100	Madhowji	9 12
250	Madras United	65 0
1000	Morarji	1330 0
250	Model	56 8

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

Bombay Dyeing 767, 768, 767, 769
Century 262, 263
Central India 232,233
Colaba 105, 106
Kohinoor 166, 167, 166
New Great 132, 133, 132
Simplex 73, 74
Swadeshi 173, 174
Bundi 31/15, 31/12
Indian Cement 400(398, 397
Tata Steel Dfd. 287, 289
Tata Steed Ord. 72/2, 71/12, 72
Bombay Steam 302
Bombay Burma 445, 446
Hydro 147
Andhra 1491, 1488
Tram 146

50	Mysore	85 0
200	New Great	132 8
100	Oosmanshahi	62 0
100	Phoenix	295 0
25	Sassoon Silk	43 12
1000	Sholapur	2825 0
50	Simplex	79 6
100	Swadeshi	173 2
100	Swan	55 10
25	Tata	9 12
500	Vishnu	1380 0
1000	Western	758 12
	BANKS.	
50-100	Baroda	97 8
25-50	Central	29 4
500	Imp. F. Paid	1443 12
125-500	Imp. Conty	355 10
50-100	India	112 4
5	Union	5 0
	CEMENTS.	
10	Bundi	31 14
70	Gwalior	91 8
250	Indian	393 12
40	Katni Def.	1276 4
100	Katni Ord	338 12
75	Okha	175 0
10	Punjab	21 8
100	Shahabad	345 10
70	United	86 12
	INSURANCE.	
15-100	Jupiter	12 10
15-75	New India	34 12
200	Oriental	3750 0
10-100	Vulcan	X. D. 8 2
	ELECTRIC.	
100	Ahmedabad Old	165 0
1000	Andhra Valley	1488 12
10	Ajmer	9 3
50	Bombay Tram	146 4
100	Bom. Suburban	143 12
10	Broach	11 0
100	Karachi	213 12
100	Poona	195 0
100	Surat	173 12
100	Tata Power	147 8
1000	Tata Power	1124 6
	RAILWAYS.	
500	Ahm. Prantij	862 8
100	Amr Patty	122 0
100	C. Province	92 4
100	Dhon. Baramati	89 0
100	Gujrat	70 8
100	Mandra Bhon	91 12
100	Pachora Jamner	84 0
100	Sara Sirajgunge	94 0
500	Tapty Valley	767 8
	MININGS	
10	Shivrajpur	21 4
30	Tata Steel Def.	288 12

TEXTILE MILLS.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

100	Ahm. Advance	275 10
500	Bom. Cotton	65 0
250	Bombay Dyeing	769 6
200	Bradbury	101 4
100	Century	263 12
100	Central India	232 8
100	Colaba	105 10
100	Coorla	96 4
100	Crescent	7 4
250	Currim	5 0
250	David	60 0
250	Dawn	325 0
	I E D Sassoon	0 3
100	Elphinstone	0 12
100	Finlay	92 8
100	Gokak	150 0
1000	Hindustan	X.D.1700 0
100	Indore	115 0
50	Kastoorchand	0 8
100	Khatau	66 4
100	Kohinoor	166 14
250	Laxmi	746 14
100	Madhowji	9 12
250	Madras United	65 0
1000	Morarji	1330 0
250	Model	56 8

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Aug. 16.

SETTLEMENT

3 1/2 per cent G P N Sett 89/12/6
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 89/13/6
4 per cent 1960/70 Sett 105/15
4 per cent 1960/70 Cash 106
5 per cent 1945/55 Sett 116/15
5 per cent 1945/55 Cash 117

TAX FREES

4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 106/6
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 117/4
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 110
6 1/2 per cent 1935 B D L 104/14

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES. (CASH.)

3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 99/12
4 per cent 1943 106
4 1/2 per cent 1934 100/3
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 112/10
5 per cent 1939/44 108/11
5 per cent 1940/43 109/12
5 per cent 1935 102/8
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 109/13
6 1/2 per cent 1935 T B 104/5

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLES)

4 per cent B P T 1974 102/4
4 per cent M Deb 1974 102
5 per cent M Deb 1959 112/12
6 per cent M Deb 1954 123/4
6 per cent K P T 1956 123/4
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 110

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 89/8/6 and advanced to Rs. 89/14 but later on there was some liquidation and prices declined to Rs. 89/11/6 when there was renewed support.

SHANGHAI EXCHANGE

Shanghai Aug. 16.

T. T. on London:—	
Previous closing	1.4 5/8
To-day's opening	1.4 11/16
To-day's closing	1.4 11/16

Tone:—Steady.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Aug. 15.

Broach J/A. Op. 223; Highest 224 1/2 Lowest 223; Closing 224 1/2

Broach A/M. 1935 Op. 230 1/2; Highest 231 1/4; Lowest 230; Closing 231 1/4

Oomra D/J. Op. 201 1/2; Highest 202 1/4; Lowest 201 1/2; Closing 202 1/4

Bengal D/J. Op. 144; Highest 145 3/4; Lowest 144; Closing 145 3/4.

Teji-Mandi for Broach A/M. 1935 (31-3-35) Rs. 26 1/2

Teji-Mandi for Broach Settlement 21-8-34 Rs. 4 1/2.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

STRADDLE DIFFERENCES

New York—Liverpool:—Liverpool New York October 127 at Cross Rate 5.07 3/4.

Bombay—Liverpool:—Broach A/M. 1935 232—Liverpool May 1935 6.95 Rs. 70 3/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—Broach A/M. 1935 232—New York May 13.86 Rs. 71 1/2 at Cross Rate 5.07 3/4.

75	Tata Steel Ord.	72 0
	MISCELLANEOUS	
100	Alcock	185 10
50	Belapur Sugar	213 12
250	Bom. Steam	302 8
125	Bom. Burma	446 14
50	Bom. Burma Conty.	145 0
8sh.	B. B. Petrol	4 6 6
50	Bom. Telephone	97 0
100	Ind. Bleaching	135 0
100	Ind. Radio Df.	547 8
100	Ind. Radio Ordy	527 8
1000	Port Canning	585 0
15	Scindia	10 12
30	Tata Construction	79 12
25	Tata Oil	19 10
	PREFERENCE	
7	p.c. Andhra Vly.	1322 8
6	p c Bombay Steam	291 4
7	p.c. Bom. Trams	82 12
5	p.c. Central India	473 12
7	p.c. Katni 1st	138 12
7-1/2	p.c. Punjab Cement	14 4
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	135 10
7-1/2	p.c. Tata Power	1366 4
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	173 2
7-1/2	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	149 12
5½	p c Tata Mill	17 8
7	p.c. Vishnu	640 0

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 14 April, 2017

JUPITER GENERAL
has a net work of agencies throughout the country.
J7

REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY FRIDAY, AUGUST 17, 1934

JUPITER GENERAL
has claim settling agents throughout the world.
J8

High Court Quashes C. D. Conviction

Speeches Which Were Not Calculated To Provoke Breach Of Peace

The sentence of two years' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 200 passed on Vishvasrao B. Davre by the Magistrate of Nasik for alleged breach of the order, under the Bombay Special Emergency Powers Act of 1932, served on him by the District Magistrate of Poona, was quashed by the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Sen at the Bombay High Court.

Mr. H. C. Coyaji with Mr. V. N. Chhatrapati appeared for the applicant, and Mr. P. B. Shingne, Government Pleader, for the Crown.

The order in question directed the applicant to abstain from acts in furtherance of the Civil Disobedience movement and to abstain from encouraging or inciting any person to interfere with the administration of law and from taking part in any meetings in furtherance of these objects.

Speeches About "Rath" Festival.

The applicant who was the President of the Maharashtra Provincial Varnashram Swarajya Sangha, went to Nasik with the permission of the District Magistrate, Poona, and made speeches between March 22 and 27 at Nasik which, according to the prosecution, were of a nature to incite persons to interfere with the administration of law.

The speeches were in connection with the controversy over the religious ceremony of the the "rath" (car) procession in Nasik which was later prohibited, under section 144 of the Criminal Procedure Code, owing to apprehended breach of peace between the two parties.

The applicant's speeches in Nasik, according to the prosecution, tended to provoke a breach of peace in connection with the "rath" controversy at Nasik, and he was, therefore, alleged to have disobeyed the Poona District Magistrate's Order prohibiting him from inciting any person to interfere with the administration of law. His sentence was upheld by the Sessions Judge of Nasik, and he approached the High Court in revision.

Not On Law But Facts.

On the legal point their lordships held that the order of the District Magistrate of Poona was not confined to Poona District only, but held good for the whole of the Bombay Presidency. If, therefore, the applicant committed a breach of it at Nasik, it was an offence.

But on the merits of the facts, their lordships held that the applicant's speeches at Nasik were not such as to provoke a breach of the peace. No doubt he was endeavouring to keep up the enthusiasm of the people over the "rath" ceremony, but he advised them to obey any order of prohibition of the ceremony, if later made by the authorities.

Their lordships therefore set aside the conviction and sentence.

Bhulabhai & Mahatma Discuss Election Matters

Parliamentary Board Will Meet On 19th Aug. To Consider Important Questions

WARDHAGANJ, Aug. 16.

Mahatma Gandhi is progressing speedily. He was cheerful throughout the day yesterday and took ordinary diet including milk, vegetables and fruits.

He attended to his daily routine as before and wrote an article specially for the next 'Harijan' issue. Doctors examined him twice and his health was said to be better every time. Mr. Abhyankar, Bar-at-Law and Dr. Khare with Mr. Bhulabhai were closeted with Gandhiji for some time and talked to him presumably in connection with the Parliamentary Board's meeting.

The meeting is to be held on 19th August at 3 p.m. in a bungalow near the residence of Seth Jamnalal Bajaj. The following gentlemen are expected:—

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Mr. Sherwani, Mr. Satyamurthi; Dr. B. C. Roy, Mr. Nilkantha Das, Mr. Asaf Ali, Dr. Satyapal, Seth Govind Das of Jubbulpore, Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant, Shree Kishan Singh, and Mr. Bhulabhai Desai. Arrangements have been made for their stay in the precincts of the Seth's quarters.

Some important matters are to be discussed and to be put before Mahatmaji for opinion. Gandhiji will not attend the meeting itself.—A. P.

PANDIT SHARMA FOR BOMBAY

Mahatma Urges Him To Break Fast

(From A Correspondent.)

VORA (Rajkot), Aug. 16.

Pandit Ramchandra Sharma observed the 12th day of his fast peacefully under Drs. Jadavray and Mehta's treatment. He is cheerful and keeps good health.

Panditji has been removed to Shanti Bhuvan, a beautiful and quiet bungalow.

Several messages are received including Mahatmaji's and the Bombay Mahajan Committee. Mahatmaji wiring from Wardha thinks that Sharmaji should break the fast completely and continue the movement against cow-slaughter.

Gandhiji and the Mahajan Committee earnestly request Panditji to postpone going Mangroi till the final discussion, and cordially invite him to Bombay. Accordingly Panditji starts to-day by mail. Doctor Saturbhoj Mehta and Mr. Maganlal Velji Vaid and other members of the Mahajan Committee are in attendance.

Mr. Manilal Kothari is to see him at Wadhwan. A batch of volunteers from Mangrol is to come to-day. People are flocking to the station to bid farewell. A big function has been arranged by the Local Arya Samaj.

TIME FOR CLEAR VERDICT

People Must Choose Between Congress Or Govt., Says B. J. Desai

NAGPUR, Aug. 13.

The people are either with the Government or the Congress. Time has now arrived for giving a clear verdict on this plain issue. Thus declared Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, General Secretary of the Congress Parliamentary Board in course of his speech this evening at the Town Hall. Mr. M. V. Abhyankar presided over the meeting which was largely attended.

WHITE PAPER SCHEME.

Mr. Desai began with a brief survey of the history of the Congress since its inception and said that the only tangible result of the three Round Table Conferences was the White Paper scheme. The Congress had decided to reject the scheme for reasons well known to the public by now. The speaker explained the Congress demand for a constituent assembly and said that members returned to the Legislative Assembly on the Congress ticket will strive for the rejection of the White Paper and thus force the hands of the Government to agree to their plan of summoning a constituent assembly to shape the future constitution of India.

VICEROY'S MISSION.

Mr. Desai proceeded to say that Lord Willingdon was returning to India to bring about a reconciliation between the Government and the people on the basis of the White Paper proposals. Mr. Desai was confident that they would show in unmistakable terms that they would be no party to this effort. To believe that a country with a population of 35 crores could for ever be ruled by a race living six thousand miles away was in his opinion an indication of weakness. It was only after the Great War that it was realised that their demand for Swaraj would not be easily conceded. That is why the nature of the struggle had to be changed. The movement during the last five years was a success in that it amply demonstrated the peoples' will to be free. The fight, he added, would continue till their objective was achieved.

Mr. Desai concluded with an appeal to the people to vote solidly for the Congress candidates in the ensuing Assembly elections.—A. P.

LEBONG OUTRAGE TRIAL RESUMED

Eye-witness Describes Shooting Incident On Race Course

DARJEELING, August 15.

At the resumed hearing of the Lebong Outrage Case, the father of the accused Miss Mazumdar examined said that Ujjala (Miss Mazumdar) was his eldest child. She passed the Matriculation in March last. He engaged Amiya Banerjee (identified as accused Madhusudan) as a private tutor for Ujjala and another son and girl who were then in class 9. Witness saw her reading revolutionary literature after the tutor left his service and he was told that she had been given these by her tutor. Witness destroyed them. Sometime after that he was told that his daughter was going out with a young man instead of being at school.

He chastised her on that account. The tutor's younger brother used to come to his house to help his son in lessons (identified as accused Monoranjan). On May 3, Ujjala informed her father of her success in the Examination and sought his permission to go to her friends house in the interior of the District. On returning to Dacca on May 12, he found that both his daughter and son were absent. His son returned on May 15 without Ujjala and was arrested in his house.

An eye-witness then described the shooting incident on the race course.

ANEY TALKS TO AKOLA LEADERS

Says Nation's Honour Was At Stake In Not Rejecting "Award"

AKOLA, Aug. 16.

Mr. M. S. Aney and Vir Wamanrao Joshi, President of the Berar Provincial Congress Committee arrived here yesterday and were engaged in a busy programme till midnight.

At a private meeting of some Congressmen he explained the necessity of the Nationalist Party, narrating the various developments from the Ranchi Conference upto the split. When told that the success of the Nationalists at the polls against the Congress candidates would lower the prestige of the Congress, he said that he tried his best to avoid the split but the inconsistent resolution of the Working Committee and the intransigeance of responsible persons refusing to see his view-point made their task difficult.

He declared he honoured the nation more than the National Congress and the nation's honour was at stake in not rejecting the Communal Award which the Working Committee had declared as anti-national. Had the activities of the Congress Democratic Swaraj Party been of an All-India character he would have certainly prevailed upon his friends to join that Party but because of its provincial nature he could not do so and hence this new party.

THE MAHASABHA.

As regards the Mahasabha which was an All-India organisation he thought it mainly a non-political organisation comprising of various political elements from amongst the Hindus. The Nationalist Party, Mr. Aney said would not be satisfied with Assembly work but would endeavour to create an All-India opinion against the Communal Award by a nation-wide and foreign agitation.

At a crowded public meeting held last evening he explained at length the inconsistency in the resolution of the Working Committee held at Bombay and he reminded the audience that the principle of joint electorate was accepted by the Congress as long ago as 1908 and was ratified more than once. He could not understand why the Working Committee should depart from this principle and allow the minority community to vote separately in future Constituent Assembly.

Mr. Aney had no hope of any compromise with the Parliamentary Board. He left Akola last night for Yeotmal and will reach Calcutta on the 18th morning.—A. P.

BERAR CONGRESSMEN TO BACK ANEY

AMRAOTI, August 15.

The Amraoti Congressmen have decided that the Berar P.C.C. should follow the example of the C.P.C.C. and leave the seat for Assembly vacant for Mr. Aney.

They will put forth their view in the Provincial Congress Committee and try to induce that body to their opinion.

A deputation of the local Branch of the Varna Ahram Swaraj Sangha waited upon Mr. Aney and expressed that instead of setting up an independent candidate on behalf of their Sangha they would render their whole-hearted support to Mr. Aney in the Assembly election.—United Press.

INTERNEE'S APPEAL TO GOVERNMENT

"Give Allowance Or Send Me To Jail"

AMRITSAR, Aug. 15.

Sardar Dassundha Singh American, whose movements have been restricted to his own village in Hoshiarpur District under the Criminal Law Amendment Act by the Punjab Government, has applied to the Punjab Government, either to send him and his wife to prison or to give them maintenance allowance, as they have sold out their all during the period of his internment.

It is stated that S. Dassundha Singh is suffering from some serious ailments.—United Press.

MIRZAIS ARE NOT MUSLIMS

Ahrars Object To Appointment Of Zaffrullah Khan As Viceroy's Councillor

LAHORE, Aug. 14.

The possibility that Chaudhry Zaffrullah Khan may be appointed in place of Sir Fazli Hussain when the latter completes his term next April as a member of the Viceroy's Executive Council has given rise to considerable agitation on the part of Ahrars who oppose him as a Quadiani.

The Working Committee of the All India Majlis Ahrar at a meeting held this week viewed with grave concern such a possibility.

The Committee resolved to instruct all District Ahrar bodies to hold protest meetings against any possibility of a Mirzai follower of the Quadiani sect being appointed to the Viceroy's Executive Council in the place of a Muslim.

The Committee said: "We invite the attention of all religious and political bodies of Muslims to ventilate their feelings in the matter and declare unequivocally that Mirzais are not Muslims. Procrastination at this juncture may set up a precedent which nothing will undo."—A. P.

UNHAPPY HUSBAND COMMITS SUICIDE

Story Of Wife Who Quarrelled With Mother-in-Law

LAHORE, Aug. 14.

Unhappy married life is said to be the cause of the death of a young goldsmith of Choong, district Lahore.

The deceased was married a year ago and the couple lived amicably for about six months. The wife of the deceased, who was a hot-tempered woman frequently quarelled with her mother-in-law and despite repeated admonitions from her husband she continued to disobey her mother-in-law.

The deceased's wife then pressed him to live separately from his parents but he refused. The result was that the deceased's wife kept pestering her husband and making his life miserable. Sick of these domestic turmoils he one day went to an unfrequented place and hanged himself.—A. P.

ATTEMPT TO WRECK TRAIN

Huge Boulder Placed On Railway Line

PATNA, Aug. 16.

Another attempt to wreck a railway train is reported to have been made this morning near Madhupur on E. I. Railway.

Six Down Punjab Mail was proceeding in full speed when at some distance from Madhupur a huge boulder sufficient to derail an engine was noticed by the driver who applied brakes just in time to save the train.

Details are lacking.—United Press.

METTUR PROJECT TO COST RS. 182 LACS

Plans Sent To Secretary Of State For Sanction

MADRAS, August 15.

The Government of Madras, after examining the plans and estimates for the Mettur Hydro-Electric project submitted to them by the Chief Engineer for hydro-electric development, have forwarded them to the Secretary of State for his sanction.

The estimated cost of the project is about Rs. 1,82,00,000. If the project is executed it is expected that Madras and other centres south of Salem will be supplied with current from Mettur while the West Coast and Coimbatore district will get power from Pykara.—United Press.

A. Rahman Mitha On 11 Days' Fast

PENANCE FOR B. P. C. C. ELECTION "MALPRACTICES"

Mr. Abdur Rehman Mitha in a statement published below announces his decision to fast for 11 days as

"Penance for the unhappy happenings in the city, but more for allowing myself to remain a part of a body for four years, which by its malpractices is lowering the prestige of the Congress in the eyes of both friends and foes."

He makes grave allegatio ns of intrigue in connection with the Congress elections.

TEXT OF STATEMENT.

The following is Mr. A. R. Mitha's statement:—

As I stated in my communication to the press on the eve of the B. P. C. C. Election, I was anxiously watching the happenings on Sunday, the 12th.

Before beginning his fast of penance, Mahatmaji had appealed to Congress leaders of different Provinces to follow "Clean Methods" in Congress Elections.

If this in itself was not adequate to bring things to a normal and healthy state, the leaders of Bombay ought to have remembered their sad experiences of the 1931 Elections, profited by them, and kept to the path of truth, honesty and purity, which are all three such essential qualities in a Satyagrahi.

Evidently neither the appeal of Mahatmaji nor their bitter experiences meant anything to them, and to-day we find almost every paper in the city, Nationalist or otherwise, bringing forward every day some criticism or complaint in connection with the happenings of Sunday last.

It is not my intention to go into the unhappy and reprehensible details and wash dirty linen in public; but I feel I must in all truth and fairness voice a protest, feeble though it may be, against the state of affairs that is allowed to exist in an organisation which by its glamour of truth and purity had the power to draw me out from my surroundings four years ago and make me join the ranks with thousands of my brothers under the flag of Mahatma Gandhi's Satyagrahi Army.

For four years I have waited and looked in vain, alas, for that ideal to become visible. I thought it was my fault and redoubled my efforts in the path of humility.

More than once, being desperate and utterly disappointed with the existing state of affairs, I have taken advantage of Mahatmaji's kindness, gone and laid my troubles at his feet and returned with renewed and revived spirit.

To-day, however, what do I see? Immediately after Mahatmaji's appeal and even during the period of his fast what has happened in Bombay?

The local leaders know it very well. Much better than I who have watched things in an absolutely disinterested spirit. In almost every ward there have been cases of high handedness, intrigue and I am ashamed to say it, dishonesty.

All this, in a body which is part of an organisation that has at its head one of the greatest spiritual leaders that the world has ever produced and which under his guidance stands for the highest form of truth and purity.

I have thought matters over very seirously and dispassionately, and I have come to the conclusion that as an humble Satyagrahi, who is still groping in the dark I must do some Penance.

Penance for the unhappy happenings in our city, but more for my allowing myself to remain a part of a body for four years which by its malpractices is lowering the prestige of the Congress in the eyes of both friends and foes.

The penance will take the form of a fast for eleven days starting from to-morrow after Juma prayers.

May Almighty God lead my brothers to the path of honesty, justice and purity.

SUNDAY'S ELECTIONS

S. H. Jabhvala's Impression

Mr. S. H. Jhabvala writes:—

In connection with the last B.P.C.C. elections Mr. Jhabwalla who stood from "F" Ward writes to the press as follows:—

Thinking that Congress elections rested only upon principles of selection on merit and that Mr. Gandhi's word for clean methods would be implicitly obeyed by the members of the Congress, I ventured to give my name for candidature to an enthusiast who said to me that he would do everything in his power to get me in the B.P.C.C.

A staunch Congressite and habitual wearer of khaddar with labour learnings he would, I thought, do his best. Later it appeared he himself stood for a seat.

I believe the Congress elections would scrupulously eschew all imperialistic methods and we would go down to some cleanly ones so as to make the Congress truly effective. I was asked to enlist members and persuade those men to carry me through. My conscience refused to stoop to this bad way of securing support. Membership should be voluntary and support of votes should be spontaneous.

I engaged no cars, scattered no hand-bills and employed no agents. I am a constant wearer of khaddar. I scrupulously adhered to Mr. Gandhi's dictates which, I feel sure, were the correctest ones.

But on my arrival at the polling booth I found the same disgraceful sight for a scramble for votes, handbills, agents, cars, placards, voters being pulled here and there, volunteers fighting, men in charge shouting and fighting which is so common under the present order of Government. In short, not one corrupt way that is common during other elections was left unpractised during the time I remained on the booth. I left it in the middle.

I chanced to ask some of the very important candidates what programme of work they desired to carry before the B.P.C.C. The reply was but a wide mouth agape reminding one of ignorance. I asked some of the voters why they were voting. They merely said that somebody paid for their enrolment and brought them there for voting. I sat but mute.

My conclusions are that the old committee of the B.P.C.C. miscalculated and blundered. They allowed the pursuit of all imperialistic and capitalistic methods without keeping any safeguards that the Government and the Municipality are careful enough to do. They rushed through the elections. They left no time between the final date of enrolment and holding of Poll. They published no electoral rolls. Their rolls when typed were deficient. Their organisation was sorely inefficient. Their volunteers though enthusiastic, knew but little of their duty. They instituted no correct and truely Congress methods of elections, to be brief.

There should have simply been city-wide propaganda awakening the people to go to the booths to vote and the voters should have been left to themselves to vote on their own with lists of candidates before them. Cars, agents, workers, handbills and such other vote-catching conveniences should have been eschewed. Congress must be something unique. It should not repeat the Government if it wants to replace it.

Dr. Ma Saw Ba, a municipal councillor and Rangoon delegate to the Joint Select Committee and her brother-in-law, were injured in a motor collision on the Prome road and removed to hospital.

Edited by SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI and Printed and Published for the "Bombay Chronicle" Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.